New Oxford Item.

H. L. SMITH, EDITOR — AN INDEPENDENT LOCAL JOURNAL. — ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM.

Volume 10. New Oxford, Pa., Friday, April 5, 1889. Number 38.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, New Oxford, has removed to Cor. E. ...gh and Hanover streets, where he will attend to professional cal s night or day

DR. I. M. BUSH,

Veterinary Surgeon; Graduate of the Chicago Veterinary College, will visit New Oxford every other Thursday, and will treat domestic animals of all kinds. Calls promptly attended to. Orders left with G. Klingel, next door to ITEM office will receive prompt attention.

J. L. BUTT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa Office with J. A. Kitzmiller, on second floor of Spangler building on Baltimore street. Prompt attention given to settlement of estates of decedents, minors, &c.; also, to conveyancing, liens and collections. 22mar8=

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S. MC. SWOPE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the court house. 17 2-82

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HOTELS, &C.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

HANOVER, PA. D. C. FLEMING, PROPRIETOR, (formerly of the City Hotel, York.) Free 'bus; steam heat; good stable accommodations. 23mar

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NEAR COURT HOUSE, GETTYSBURG, PA. LEVI GROSS, Proprietor.—The hotel property has been put in good condition, and the house is well furnished; the table has the best the market affords, and the bar is well stocked with choice liquors; stabling ample.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

AT THE RAILROAD, LITTLESTOWN, PA. J. H. WIEST, Agent.—Good accommodations at moderate charges. Bar stocked with choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A large and well fitted sample room. First-class Billiard and Pool Tables. Extensive stabling and shedding attached.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

YORK STREET, HANOVER, PA. J. W. HARPEL, Proprietor.—This hotel has been thoroughly repaired, refitted and refurnished from garret to cellar. The proprietor fully understands the hotel business, and will guarantee satisfaction to all his patrons The table will be supplied with best the market affords, served in the best style, while the Bar is stocked with choicest liquors and wines. Large and commodious yards and stables connected with hotel.

NOTICE.

ROOFING, SPOUTNG AND RODING

of houses and barns; Repairing and all kinds of work attended to at shortest notice and work warranted.

A new way of putting up shouting, no straps, and no pulling out of nails. Come and see for yourselves.

All goods of the best material, and always a good selected stock on hand.

STRICTLY ONE-PRICE!

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GEORGE H. HEPLER, Tin-smith,

Carlisle St., New Oxford, Pa.

NEW TYPE

makes us better prepared to do

JOB WORK!!

DRUG —AND— JEWELRY STORE!

N. E. Cor. Diamond, New Oxford.

-J. W. DICKS-

—DEALER IN—

Pure Drugs,
Medicines,
Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles,
Choice Perfumery,
Fancy Goods,
Fine Stationery,
Notions, &c.,
Cigars & Tobacco.
Choice Wines and Liquors,
for medical use only.

Careful Preparation of Prescriptions our specialty.

Also, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., for Sale Repairing done, and work guaranteed. All goods in either department warranted as represented.

"Used Up,"

"Tired Out." "No Energy," and similar expressions, whenever heard, indicate a lack of vital force, which, if not remedied in time, may lead to complete physical and nervous prostration. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine to vitalize the blood, build up the system, and make the weak strong.

"For nearly three months I was confined to the house. One of the most celebrated physicians of Philadelphia failed to discover the cause of my trouble or afford relief. I continued in a bad way until about a month ago when I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It acted like a charm. I have gained flesh and strength and feel ever so much better. Shall continue using the Sarsaparilla until completely cured." —John V. Craven, Salem, N. J.

"I find Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be an admirable remedy for the cure of blood diseases. I prescribe it, and it does the work every time."—E. L. Pater, M. D., Manhattan, Kansas.

Be sure and ask for

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

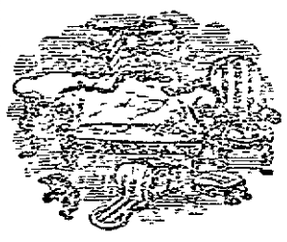
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

JOB WORK

of every description

NEAT, QUICK, CHEAP.

Great Bargains In FURNITURE!



Are now being offered at

P. FEISER'S CHEAP FURNITURE ROOMS,

Phila. St., New Oxford.

My stock of Furniture is very large and complete, embracing all the various styles of

Chamber & Parlor Suits,

Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Lounges, Sofas, Centre, Extension, Dining and Breakfast Tables, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, Cribs, Cradles, Mattresses, Bed Springs, Etc. Also, a large stock o

Sideboards, Bedsteads,

Corner and Kitchen Cupboards, Sinks &c., of my Own Manufacture Call and be convinced that I sell better goods for less money, than any house in the county. UNDERTAKING a specialty in all its various branches.

16feb89 PETER FEISER.

FALL & WINTER MILLINERY!!

from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fashionable Millinery Goods.
Fashionable Hats and Bonnets.
Novelties in New Shapes and Shades.
Novelties in Ribbons, Lace-Net and Guazes.
Fine line of Notions and Stamped Goods.
Full line of Ladies' and Children's Underwear.
Infants' Cloaks.
Latest Styles and Lowest Prices
Largest Stock and most Elegant Assortment.
Weekly Arrivals of Latest Novelties.
The Ladies are invited to call and see display of Handsome Goods. No trouble to show good

MISS A. L. WARNER,
HANOVER ST., NEW OXFORD, PA.

War Ships Wrecked.

Dispatches from Samoa state that the American men-of-war Trenton, Vandalia and Nipsic and the German men-of-war Adler, Olga and Eder were driven on a reef during a violent storm on March 15 and totally wrecked.

Later particulars says that of the United States men-of-war the Trenton and Vandalia were totally wrecked, while the Nipsic escaped complete destruction by being run on a sand bank. The Vandalia lost four officers and forty men, the Nipsic lost seven men, but all on board the Trenton escaped. The German Olga was beached and may be saved from destruction. The Eber and Adler were totally wrecked and ninety-six of their officers and crew perished.

Foreign Divorces Invalid.

A case just decided by Judge Ermentrout at Reading again calls public attention to the fact that a divorce obtained in another State is invalid in Pennsylvania in case the defendant is a resident of this State. Andrew Denschelman, whose first wife lived in that city, obtained a divorce from her in Wisconsin after a residence there of more than a year. He subsequently married Mrs. Catharine Koomig of Reading, and in a criminal prosecution for bigamy he was found guilty of the charge, Judge Ermentrout instructing "that neither husband nor wife can live in another State and obtain a legal divorce there."

This is said, by prominent lawyers in that city, to be the undoubted conformity with repeated decisions of the Supreme Court and even its constitutionality has been upheld in spite of its seeming refusal to recognize the doctrine of State comity.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of rheumatism of 10 years' standing.' Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, O., affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the liver, kidneys or blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Dicks' drug store.

A mystery surrounds the case of a man run over on the railroad track near Indianapolis, Ind. In his pockets were found an insurance policy and letters of Harry D. Bateman, Fostoria, Ill., and the body was dressed in Bateman's clothing, but the relatives declare the body is not that of Bateman. It is supposed the attempting to defraud the insurance company. Bateman now claims to have given the coat to the man and that the garment must have contained his insurance papers. His story is not believed and he will be arrested.

Saturday night George Bupp, a dissolute young man of York, while intoxicated attempted to enter King's Hotel. He climbed up a grape-arbor to the second story and when endeavoring to enter a window on the roof of the annex to the hotel fell to the ground below, a distance of twenty or more feet, breaking his collar bone and a rib. He was arrested and committed to jail. He has served a term several years in the Eastern Penitentiary.

The next important National Centennial will be that celebrating the inauguration of our government, which took place on the 30th of April, 1789. It will be held in New York, and a vast number of persons will visit it. It is intended to make it one of the greatest events of the kind ever held in this country.

If your cough keeps you awake and restless by night, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and obtain immediate relief. This remedy allays inflamation, heals the pulmonary organs, induces sleep, and restores health. The sooner you begin the better.

Vivid Writing.

A little descriptive piece, entitled "Over the Guns," from the Detroit Free Press, of which we give a paragraph, reminds us that great advertisers, like H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of Warner's celebrated Safe Cure, might get a hint from it.

Here is the paragraph:

"Shoot to the right or left, over the guns or under them. Strike where you will, but strike to destroy. Now the hell surges down, even to the windows of the old farm-house—now back under the apple trees and beyond them. Dead men are under the ponderous wheels of the guns, mad devils are slashing and shooting across the barrels. No one seems to know friend from foe. Shoot, slash, kill and—

"But the hell is dissolved. The smoke is lifting, shrieks and screams grow fainter, and twenty or thirty living men men pull the dead bodies away from the guns. Three hundred dead and wounded on the single acre. They tell of war and glory. Look over this hell's acre and find the latter." And in just as deadly a strife, though noiseless, are men falling at our right and left to-day. Is it war? Yes, war of the blood. Blood loaded with poison through imperfect kidney action. And is there no power to stop this awful slaughter? Yes, Warner's Safe Cure, a tried specific, a panacea that has brought life and hope to hundreds of thousands of dying men and women.

Be enlist therefore, in the great army of living men and women who have been rescued from disease and premature death, and be eternally grateful that the means of life can so easily be yours.

The centennial celebration of the inauguration of General Washington as the first President of these United States, which will be held in New York on Tuesday, April 30, will be only second in importance to the centennial of the birth of our nation, which attracted persons from all parts of the world to Philadelphia in 1876. Every arrangement has been made to make this event one of the greatest that has ever occurred in New York, and there is no doubt but it will attract as many people to the metropolis as the recent inauguration of President Harrison did to the Capital. These centennials remind us our government is no longer an experiment, and that as it has stood and grown and prospered during the past hundred years, it will continue to stand a "government of the people, by the people and for the people" forever.

The assignment of the Reading Iron Works to the Reading Trust Company Friday, it is believed, will result in the early resumption of the works, and the re-employment of the 2500 men thrown out by the suspension. If the iron works resume, half a dozen other establishments will also be able to resume.

The Ostend passenger steamer Comtesse Flanders was run into Friday afternoon off Dunkirk, Eng., by the Belgian Steamer Princess Henriette. The Captain, first lieutenant of the crew and three passengers of the Comtesse were drowned. The Flanders was cut in halves and soon sank.

Deputy United States Marshal Russel Wireman and party of revenue officers were fired on by moonshiners from ambush in Knott county, Ky., last Tuesday and Wireman was instantly killed. The revenue officers returned the fire and retreated, but claim to have killed at least one mountaineer.

When you are trouble with dizziness, your appetite all gone, and you feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and you will be surprised at the improvement in your feelings. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. For sale by J. W. Barnitz.

At the funeral of Dr. R. C. Young, of Norwich, Conn., a little country girl came crying to the grave and begged to see his face. She had been a cripple and he had cured her.

A jealous wife plastered her husband and a fair rival with flour and eggs on the street in Philadelphia.

Hungarian White Caps.

A little romance in Hungarian life was brought to light last Thursday, by the arrest of Powell and Stephen Yanchig, brothers, living at West Pittston, Pa., on a charge of assault with intent to kill, made by John Heneran. The latter, it appears, had been paying attention to Katie, the charming sister of the Yanchig boys. He was deeply in love with her and she reciprocated his affections. They expected to get married, and preparations for the event were already under way.

Powell and Stephen, however, objected to the contemplated union, and in every possible way sought to poison the girl's mind against him. Failing in this, they sent him a White Cap notice, informing him that he must leave town. He paid no attention to the matter, and Tuesday night two men called at his house, dragged him out of his bed, and tying a rope firmly about his body, just under the arms, dragged him through the street for more than a block, leaving him bruised, bleeding and almost naked on the highway.

They announced their intention of hanging him, and might have carried out their threat but for the interference of neighbors.

"The deaths of women from Bright's Disease during the child bearing years of life (from twenty to forty-five) is as high as 80 women to 100 men. After the age of 45 the proportion of deaths from Bright's Disease sank to 59 women for every 100 men. There seems no other conclusion to be drawn from this than pregnancy is a frequent cause of Bright's Disease." So writes Wm. Roberts, M. D., F. R. C. P., London, Physician to the Manchester, Eng., Royal Infirmary, Professor of Medicine in the Owen's College, Manchester. All women, during pregnancy and the "getting up" period, should use Warner's Safe Cure, and prevent disease of the kidneys.

While workmen at Union, Monroe county, W. Va., were excavating for the foundation of a new church building an entire human skeleton was discovered about three feet beneath the surface. Later thirteen other human skulls were unearthed. The spot is probably the site of an old Indian burying ground, as a number of spears and arrow heads were also found.

M. A. Williams and his brother Tom while trapping in Dakota a few days ago were attacked by a crowd of fifteen Indians. At the first fire Tom was killed and his brother, who is an old Indian fighter, peppered away at the redskins with a couple of Colt's until ten of the Indians lay dead on the ground. The other five started to run away and Williams picked up a double barreled gun and fired a charge of buckshot into the party, killing another. He then buried his brother and went to Fort Stevenson.

Jay Gould's money is doing its own work—earning something like fifteen dollars a minute day and night for that needy individual. It never strikes for short hours or raises a howl for a reduced rate on a long haul. The quantity of money that yields this income Mr. Gould did not make in the newspaper business.

Said a noted man of 60 years, "My mother gave me Downs' Elixir for coughs and colds when I was a boy."
For sale by J. W. Barnitz.

Mrs. Mary Short, a white woman, found lying dead in her bedroom in Chicago with her throat cut from ear to ear. Her colored husband is suspected of murdering her and has been arrested.

A man in Huntington, Ind., raises skunks, which he sells to zoological gardens for $10 a pair. He is making a profitable living out of his adventure.

Rheumatism is quickly cured by using Arnica & Oil Liniment.
For sale by J. W. Barnitz

James Hubbard celebrated his 104th birthday in Mapleton, a suburb of Indianapolis, Ind., last week. He has living 100 great grand-children and 12 great-great-grand-children.

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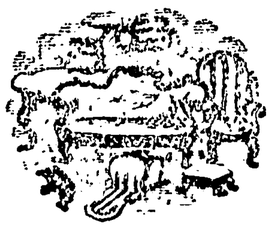

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If your cough keeps you awake and restless by night, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and obtain immediate relief. This remedy allays inflamation, heals the pulmonary organs, induces sleep, and restores health. The sooner you begin the better.

Vivid Writing.

A little descriptive piece entitled "Over the Guns," from the Detroit Free Press, of which we give a paragraph, reminds us that great advertisers, like H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of Warner's celebrated Safe Cure, might get a hint from it.

Here is the paragraph:

"Shoot to the right or left, over the guns or under them. Strike where you will, but strike to destroy. Now the hell surges down, even to the windows of the old farm-house—now back under the apple trees and beyond them. Dead men are under the ponderous wheels of the guns, mad devils are slashing and shooting across the barrels. No one seems to know friend from foe. Shoot, slash, kill and—

"But the hell is dissolved. The smoke is lifting, shrieks and screams grow fainter, and twenty or thirty living men men pull the dead bodies away from the guns. Three hundred dead and wounded on the single acre. They tell of war and glory. Look over this hell's acre and find the latter." And in just as deadly a strife, though noiseless, are men falling at our right and left to-day. Is it war? Yes, war of the blood. Blood loaded with poison through imperfect kidney action. And is there no power to stop this awful slaughter? Yes, Warner's Safe Cure, a tried specific, a panacea that has brought life and hope to hundreds of thousands of dying men and women.

Be enlist therefore, in the great army of living men and women who have been rescued from disease and premature death, and be eternally grateful that the means of life can so easily be yours.

The centennial celebration of the inauguration of General Washington as the first President of these United States, which will be held in New York on Tuesday, April 30, will be only second in importance to the centennial of the birth of our nation, which attracted persons from all parts of the world to Philadelphia in 1876. Every arrangement has been made to make this event one of the greatesr that has ever occurred in New York, and there is no doubt but it will attract as many people to the metropolis as the recent inauguration of President Harrison did to the Capital. These centennials remind us our government is no longer an experiment, and that as it has stood and grown and prospered during the past hundred years, it will continue to stand a "government of the people, by the people and for the people" forever.

The assignment of the Reading Iron Works to the Reading Trust Company Friday, it is believed, will result in the early resumption of the works, and the re-employment of the 2500 men thrown out by the suspension. If the iron works resume, half a dozen other establishments will also be able to resume.

The Ostend passenger steamer Comtesse Flanders was run into Friday afternoon off Dunkirk, Eng., by the Belgian Steamer Princess Henriette. The Captain, first lieutenant of the crew and three passengers of the Comtesse were drowned. The Flanders was cut in halves and soon sank.

Deputy United States Marshal Russel Wireman and party of revenue officers were fired on by moonshiners from ambush in Knott county, Ky., last Tuesday and Wireman was instantly killed. The revenue officers returned the fire and retreated, but claim to have killed at least one mountaineer.

When you are trouble with dizziness, your appetite all gone, and you feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and you will be surprised at the improvement in your feelings. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. For sale by J. W. Barnitz.

At the funeral of Dr. R. C. Young, of Norwich, Conn., a little country girl came crying to the grave and begged to see his face. She had been a cripple and he had cured her.

A jealous wife plastered her husband and a fair rival with flour and eggs on the street in Philadelphia.

Hungarian White Cap.

A little romance in Hungarian life was brought to light last Thursday, by the arrest of Powell and Stephen Yanchig, brothers, living at West Pittston, Pa., on a charge of assault with intent to kill, made by John Heneran. The latter, it appears, had been paying attention to Katie, the charming sister of the Yanchig boys. He was deeply in love with her and she reciprocated his affections. They expected to get married, and preparations for the event were already under way.

Powell and Stephen, however, objected to the contemplated union, and in every possible way sought to poison the girl's mind against him. Failing in this, they sent him a White Cap notice, informing him that he must leave town. He paid no attention to the matter, and Tuesday night two men called at his house, dragged him out of his bed, and tying a rope firmly about his body, just under the arms, dragged him through the street for more than a block, leaving him bruised, bleeding and almost naked on the highway.

They announced their intention of hanging him, and might have carried out their threat but for the interference of neighbors.

"The deaths of women from Bright's Disease during the child bearing years of life (from twenty to forty-five) is as high as 80 women to 100 men. After the age of 45 the proportion of deaths from Bright's Disease sank to 59 women for every 100 men. There seems no other conclusion to be drawn from this than pregnancy is a frequent cause of Bright's Disease." So writes Wm. Roberts, M. D., F. R. C. P., London, Physician to the Manchester, Eng., Royal Infirmary, Professor of Medicine in the Owen's College, Manchester. All women, during pregnancy and the "getting up" period, should use Warner's Safe Cure, and prevent disease of the kidneys.

While workmen at Uhion, Monroe county, W. Va., were excavating for the foundation of a new church building an entire human skeleton was discovered about three feet beneath the surface. Later thirteen other human skulls were unearthed. The spot is probably the site of an old Indian burying ground, as a number of spears and arrow heads were also found.

M. A. Williams and his brother Tom while trapping in Dakota a few days ago were attacked by a crowd of fifteen Indians. At the first fire Tom was killed and his brother, who is an old Indian fighter, peppered away at the redskins with a couple of Colt's until ten of the Indians lay dead on the ground. The other five started to run away and Williams picked up a double barreled gun and fired a charge of buckshot into the party, killing another. He then buried his brother and went to Fort Stevenson.

Jay Gould's money is doing its own work—earning something like fifteen dollars a minute day and night for that needy individual. It never strikes for short hours or raises a howl for a reduced rate on a long haul. The quantity of money that yields this income Mr. Gould did not make in the newspaper business.

Said a noted man of 60 years, "My mother gave me Downs' Elixir for coughs and colds when I was a boy."
For sale by J. W. Barnitz.

Mrs. Mary Short, a white woman, found lying dead in her bedroom in Chicago with her throat cut from ear to ear. Her colored husband is suspected of murdering her and has been arrested.

A man in Huntington, Ind., raises skunks, which he sells to zoological gardens for $10 a pair. He is making a profitable living out of his adventure.

Rheumatism is quickly cured by using Arnica & Oil Liniment.
For sale by J. W. Barnitz

James Hubbard celebrated his 104th birthday in Mapleton, a suburb of Indianapolis, Ind., last week. He has living 100 great grand-children and 12 great-great-grand children.

BEAUTIFUL TO ME.

I drew it across my hand,
Her beautiful, shining hair.
And smoothed it over her temples,
While she lay sleeping there.
'Twas not of midnight blackness
That enchanted the bards of old;
It was neither auburn, nor yellow-pale,
Nor brown, nor burnished gold;
But it was fine and silvery white,
As soft as soft could be,
A crown from life's pure laurels,
The most beautiful hair to me.

I held the white hands folded
So quietly on her breast:
They looked almost as if the Lord
Had given the promised rest.
They were not round and shapely,
As a sculptor might wish to see;
They were not fair and snowy,
As some beautiful hands may be;
But they were drawn and bent with pain,
Yet beautiful hands to me.

I kissed her face, her dear, sweet face,
By patience and love made fair;
The roses and lillies that Beauty loves
Were missing—they were not there.
But instead were wrinkles woven deep
Where the dimples used to be;
Of all the faces in all the world
The most beautiful face to me.

—*Cecil St. Claire.*

THE COLONEL'S SON.

A STATION-AGENT'S STORY.

It was a hot afternoon—some of you may know how hot it can be on the prairie when there is no wind.

I was sitting in the little ticket-office of the railroad station at which I was agent. From the window I could see the hot air rising from the sun-burned buffalo grass, giving to the lonely ranch buildings scattered here and there in the distance an unstable, wavering appearance, as though they might at any moment blow away.

Presently out of the silence there came the footfalls of a horse's hoofs, stopping at the platform, and followed by a queer "pegging" sound over the planks and into the waiting-room. I looked up and saw a boy of about fourteen standing in the doorway. His right leg was amputated above the knee, and he supported himself on a pair of light crutches, which had sling-straps like an army carbine.

He handed me an express order for a package to Colonel Reed, a prominent cattleman, whose ranch buildings were about a mile south of the track.

"Are you the Colonel's son?" I asked, as I handed out the package.

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "Charles Reed is my name."

Then he turned and looked curiously in at the telegraph instruments. He had such a bright, healthy and wide-awake air, that I invited him to walk in and examine them, if he wished.

His eyes brightened immediately.

"I'd like to, if you don't mind. The other agent was cross, and I was afraid to ask him."

Seeing that he was interested in them, I explained briefly the working of the key and sounder, and tried to give him some idea how a message was sent and received. He listened attentively, and seemed to comprehend pretty well.

"Yes," he said, as I concluded, "I know something about it, though only through what I have read. Would you mind writing out the alphabet for me?"

I wrote out the characters on a slip of paper, which he tucked carefully away in his pocket-book: and then, finding I was a stranger to that part of the West, he volunteered some information about the country, including a remarkably accurate description of the game birds and their habits, which, as a sportsman, I found very interesting. Before he left he told me that he had lost his leg during an Indian raid about four years ago, before the railroad was built. His father's ranch had been attacked without warning. He was only ten years old at the time, and being out of doors, he had slipped away unobserved and hidden in the corral, and while there was hit by a stray rifle ball in the knee.

I accompanied him to the door when he was ready to go, and was surprised to see how thoroughly at home he was on his pony. With his crutches slung behind him, he swung nimbly into the saddle, and started off toward home on a brisk gallop.

One afternoon, about a week later, he dropped in again, having meanwhile learned the telegraphic alphabet so that he could repeat all the characters easily, and next day the Colonel himself stopped in on his way to town. He was a brisk, genial man, who had a habit of shaking hands with every one. He was a typical frontier ranchman.

"See here, Mr. Agent," he said, "that boy of mine has a hankering to learn your business. He's kind of lonesome, you see—he can't play with the other boys on account of his leg—and now if you don't mind havin' him around, and will teach him what you can—he's pretty bright, and can learn most anything—why, I'll make it worth your while. What's your charge?"

"Why, Colonel," I replied, laughing at his business-like manner, "I shall be glad to have him around—I am lonesome here—so we won't draw up any contract."

Charley was an apt pupil. In about month he could send and receive a message, though of course not very rapidly. His father was so delighted with his progress that he made me a present of a riding pony; and shortly after, when Charley got it into his head that it would be a fine thing to have a private line from the ranch to the station, the Colonel had me order two instruments and a coil of wire from Chicago.

Under my direction the cowboys put it up, and though it wasn't stretched very tight, and the poles were only fence-posts spliced together, it worked as well as the main line. The instrument on my end of the line I did not care to have in the office, for fear that officious gentleman, the lineman, would object, and so I set it up on one side of the big, empty freight room.

The autumn was now well advanced, and I found that my duties, instead of increasing, grew lighter. There were but few freight trains every other day, and the daily mail and express, East and West, went through between the hours of one and four in the morning, so that I had a great deal of time on my hands. I spent much of it shooting chickens with Charley—he was an excellent shot from the saddle, though he told me he had a time of it training his pony to stand fire—and the rest of the time I either read or rode out over the trails in the delicious Indian summer weather.

One night, about the middle of October, we had a terrific thunder and wind storm, with a blinding fall of rain and hail. It came up after the the west-bound train had left, and about an hour before the eastern train was due. I was awakened by the noise, and got up to look out. The rain was falling in torrents, and the wind shook the building, while the lighting flashed inressantly.

I was still looking out, watching the furious storm, when an unusually bright flash revealed for an instant the figures of a group of horsemen loping across the prairie toward the station. I stood still to catch another glimpse of them, if possible, but without success; they had probably turned off to the left.

Shortly afterward I heard them at the other end of the building, where they stopped, I supposed, to seek shelter from the storm; or possibly they were going to take the train. It was not unusual for passengers to come around an hour before train-time, so I thought little of it at the time.

However, before I left the window I heard them tramping around the platform to the door, and drawing back to one side, I waited to see them pass. Between trains I always kept a lamp burning, but turned down low, and it shone out now through the window; and as the men stepped into the faint bar of light, I got quite a distinct view of them.

They were all heavily built. Each one wore a yellow "slicker" coat, and had his slouch hat pulled down close to keep off the rain, and around each one's face, just below the eyes, was tied a red "harvester's" handkerchief. This struck me as unusual, and I was puzzled for a moment, until it occurred to me that perhaps they were worn as a protection against the hail.

A moment later they were pounding at the door for admittance. Now, as a rule, I did not like to admit any one so long before train time. I sometimes had express money packages on hand, with no safe to put them in. I once carried a package of three thousand dollars in my pocket three days before the owner called for it. I was somewhat apprehensive at times for my safety.

"That night, however, I had only a few dollars of my own and an almost empty mail pouch, but before opening the door, I sang out: "Who's there, and what do you want?"

"Passengers for the train," came the answer. "We're all wet, an' wanter get in out o' the rain."

I unlocked the door, and they crowded into the room. In the brighter light indoors the handkerchiefs that concealed their faces looked so much like an attempt at disguise—and a pretty good one at that—that for a moment I was startled, and made a hasty step toward the ticket-office. Before I could take another, however, one of the men struck me with his fist, and though the blow was not a hard one, it was so unexpected that it knocked me completely off my feet. Then two of them seized me while I was down, turned me on my face and held me while the others bound my hands firmly behind me. They next bound my feet, and then rolled me over again on my back.

"Now, my chicken," said one, who appeared to be the leader, "we ain't got nothin' agin you, an' won't hurt you as long as you keep quiet; but sure as you yell or make a noise, there'll be some shootin'."

They seemed to be familiar with the office and its surroundings, and probably had been there before. Two of them picked me up and carried me toward the freight room, while another went ahead with the lamp and opened the door. Here they looked around for a moment, then laid me down against the side of the building with an old coat under my head for a pillow, and bidding me keep "mum," returned to the waiting-room.

Thus left alone in the dark I began to think and pretty fast, too, for I was thoroughly excited.

Their scheme was evident enough—to waylay the train there and rob the express and mail cars. The express messenger always had money in his safe on the east run, and not infrequently gold bullion from the mines further west, so in case they were successful they would secure a large sum. There had been several like attempts throughout the country lately, and I felt sure that this was their object.

By taking the trainmen by surprise they might overpower them, then separating the mail and express cars from the rest of the train, run them a mile or two further east with the engine and plunder them at their leisure. This plan had been successfully carried out on another road a short time before, and there was no reason why it should not be again successful—unless, in some manner, I could prevent it.

I tried to loosen my hands, but they were tied too securely—so tightly that the cords almost cut the flesh. Then I reflected that even if I were loose, I should be unable to get out and flag the train, for both freight-doors were padlocked and the key was in the ticket-office drawer.

About this time the door leading to the waiting-room was opened and one of the roughs looked in.

"Say, young feller, are you alive yet?" he asked.

"Yes," I responded.

"Well, we wanter know if there's anything you've got to do this here telegraph machine so they won't suspect nothin'—any report to make?"

This was pretty cool, and for a moment I thought I might still have an opportunity to warn the despatcher, and was on the point of saying "Yes" when another voice cut me short.

"You let him get his claws on that machine an' he'll have 'em stop the train. Don't be a fool; come out an' shut the door."

The door slammed and once more I was left in the dark.

I was now beginning to suffer from my constrained position and the cutting of the cords, so I began to cast about me for relief; and then suddenly I remembered a reaper-blade that had been left at the station a few days ago by the express. It was loose from the board and I had placed it in a corner so that no one could be hurt by it accidentally. Accordingly I rolled over and over until my feet touched the opposite wall, and then sitting up with my back toward the corner, I felt for the blade with my hands.

To my great satisfaction I found it, got the cord across one of the teeth, and carefully sawed it back and forth.

In a moment my hands were free, and then I loosened my feet. I then took off my shoes. This done I was able to move about without making any noise.

Still I was unable to accomplish anything for it was impossible to get out, and I was on the point of composing myself in my old position, to avoid another knock-down, should the roughs look in, when a slight "spiz-z-z," followed by a bright sparkle, attracted my attention to the south side of the room. It was the instrument on the private line, affected by the lightning—a common occurrence in all offices during thunder-storms.

I stepped up to it quickly and tried the circuit. It was all right, though the rain made such a noise on the roof that I could hardly hear the sounder. It was not probable that I could get an answer from Charley at that time of night, but as my only resource it was worth trying. So I started in, making his call, "Ch."

"C-h—c-h— c-h" I rattled: and presently, to my surprise, the circuit opened and the response came:

"I-i—c-h."

Then I "talked" to him,—in my excitement a great deal faster than he could take, and he interrupted me with "slower."

"I-i," I said, 'call your father."

"Not home," came the answer; "all hands gone out to round up a bunch of cattle stampeded by the storm."

"I-i—i-i—i-i," I answered, stopping to reflect. Then I went ahead again:

"Can you ride over to the west cut and signal the train to stop?"

"Yes; what for?"

"Get a lantern and put a piece of thin red flannel around it if you can. Swing it across the track when you see the headlight and keep it up till they stop. Tell conductor there are eight men here waiting to rob his train. Be quick about it."

"O. K. By George!" This last by way of expressing his surprise, I suppose, and then the ticking stopped.

I now began to feel that the roughs would be foiled, though of course it all depended on Charley. But it was something that just suited his nature. I could imagine him on his pony, lantern in hand, tearing across the prairie as though a band of Comanches was after him.

Meanwhile, I thought it best to take my old position against the wall, to avoid any suspicion, should the robbers grow, inquisitive. So I lay there and waited and waited—the time seemed fairly to drag along—until I felt certain that the train was due. But it did not come, though the movements of the roughs convinced me that I had guessed aright—it was probably a little overdue by this time and they were getting restless. Presently one of them opened the door and looked in.

"Say, operator, is that train on time?" he asked.

"Yes," I replied, "they were on time the last I heard them reported—about two o'clock."

He retired again, and for about ten minutes all was still. Then above the noise of the storm a far-away whistle sounded faintly. Next there was a hurried movement in the outer room—the roughs were crowding out upon the platform.

I sprang to my feet and stood against the side of the building next the track, and by putting my ear against the boards I could hear the distant rumble of the train, now fast nearing the station. I tried to imagine where the roughs had placed themselves. Probably around the corner of the building, ready to rush out, revolvers in hand.

The train was now quite near, and presently it drew up to the station with a rumble and roar and hissing of air brakes. Almost instantly I heard the shouted command, "Hands up!" followed by the reports of four of five revolvers and the sound of scuffling on the planks, which, however, was soon ended, and then a veritable babel of voices and the noise of many feet on the platform.

I dashed out through the waiting room to see how things had gone and soon found the conductor.

"Hallo, Leith, is that you? We have prevented that robbery, this time, thanks to your warning. I borrowed half a dozen revolvers from the passengers and called for volunteers, so when we pulled in there were twelve men on the platforms ready for business. We've got the robbers in the baggage car—come along and see 'em."

They were a hard looking set of men. Two of them lay on the floor wounded, though not seriously.

About this time Charley made his appearance on his crutches, clad only in a pair of trousers and a red flannel shirt, one sleeve of which he had torn off to draw over the lantern. He was wet through, his hat was gone, and altogether he looked so forlorn, that the passengers, who were profuse in their sympathy and praise, began to make up a purse for him.

After the train had left I found him in the waiting room, and here we discussed the affair, and tried to think how much we should charge the express company for the use of our private line. A few days later, more as a joke than anything else, we sent in a bill for fifty dollars, which was paid promptly, with many thanks for what they called our "prompt action."—*Youth's Companion.*

SELECT SIFTINGS.

In 1812 wool sold at $2.50 a pound.

The weight of the heart is from eight to twelve ounces.

Oatmeal explodes at one stage and poisons people at another.

It costs $25 fine or thirty days in jail to sell boys cigarettes in Ohio.

A Trenton, (N. J.) thief got five years for stealing a seventy-five cent knife.

One police patrol wagon in Boston made fifty-eight trips during a Saturday night recently.

Brunswick, Ga., claims the youngest bank cashier in the world. He got his place at nineteen.

At Hawkinsville, Ga., a spread has just been finished in which 16,577 yards of thread were used.

The man in Indiana who is running a skunk farm is said to be more than gratified with the success of his venture.

The type-writer had its origin in a machine sent to the Paris Exposition in 1855 by M. Foucault, for use by the blind.

An enterprising California farmer took out his traction engine and plowed and seeded seventy acres in twenty-four hours at his ranch.

The skeleton of a mastodon has been unearthed in California. It is thirty feet long, and has tusks between six and seven feet in length.

There is a young man in Carrollton, Ga., over twenty-one years old, who never ate a bit of butter or drank any buttermilk in his life.

The Custer monument in Montana has been so greatly defaced by Indians shooting at it that it has been found necessary to recut the names on it.

A German experimentalist has proved that a single hair will suspend four ounces without breaking, stretching under the process and contracting again.

Watertown, Minn., boasts of a little girl, seven years old, who drove a team and did a full share of work in cutting, stacking and threshing 500 acres of grain.

W. R. Thurston, of Gloucester County, Va., has a curiosity in the shape of a cast-off oysterman's shoe to which fifty-six living oysters have attached themselves.

Captain Frink, of South Windham, Me., who has been almost totally deaf for nearly two years, during a violent sneezing attack a few days ago, regained his hearing.

John Hill, an old citizen of Fletcher, Ohio, who died a few days ago, immortalized himself during the campaign of 1868 by driving a team of forty-eight horses to a meeting at Piqua, Ohio.

Jake Boner, a New Orleans stonecutter, was informed by messenger the other day that a son had been born to him. He began to dance on the scaffold, and the result was a fall and a broken neck.

Benjamin Franklin's watch is owned by a Lancaster (Penn.) gentleman, who still carries it and says that it keeps good time. It is of silver, shaped like a biscuit, and has engraved on its back: "Ben Franklin, 1776, Philadelphia."

A young woman in Bridgeport, Conn., recently complained to the police that she was being systematically robbed of her jewelry by an unknown thief. It was subsequently found that the owner of the missing articles had taken the trinkets herself while asleep and hidden them between the mattresses of her bed.

The Shamrock.

The emblem of Ireland is not known by its flower, but by its leaves. The tradition runs that St. Patrick, when preaching in Ireland, gathered the leaves of this plant, which contains three lobes, or leaves, and thus illustrates the Holy Trinity. Bentham, in his British Flora, says that oxalis acetocella or wood sorrel, is the original shamrock, having pale pink, or nearly white flowers. This is quite plentiful in the woods, and in a climate like Ireland, easy enough to obtain on the seventeenth of March, the day that all Irishmen like to have a few sprigs for their button-hole, or on the cap or bonnet. Others contented that the original plant is a clover, and the common white or Dutch clover is the plant that at present, at least, is the commonly-accepted plant, called shamrock. There are varieties of this plant that have larger leaves than the common clover; one with dark-brown, the other with purplish leaves, with a zone in each leaf. This appears the kind most acceptable for the purpose.—*Prairie Farmer.*

A Charitable Chinese Lady.

Recently there was a large crowd at the iron bridge, close to the Viceroy's yamen, at Tientsin, China, and, on inquiring the cause, a correspondent learned that the wife of the Viceroy Li Hung-chang, pitying the numberless vagrants without proper food or clothes in the bitter weather, was distributing alms, 1000 cash to each grown person, and 600 to each under age, to enable them to return to their native homes instead of dying in a ditch; truly a good and charitable lady.

Three Events in the Life of a Forgetful Man.

His Wife—"Edward, isn't it about time you stopped going downtown half dressed?"

NOON, AT HIS RESTAURANT.

Chorus of Guests and Employes—"Hi, there, you've got my hat! Hold on, you haven't paid your check! Here's your umbrella, Mister!"

AT HIS OFFICE.

Trying to remember "what in the dickens" he called that messenger boy for!—*Puck.*

Carnot as a Carpenter.

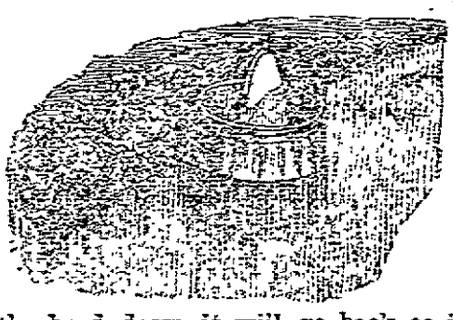
The President of France is a first-class carpenter, and can handle the saw and plane as well as any mechanic. It was at Chabanais, in the Charente, where his father possessed a chateau, that he learned the trade. Carnot, senior, insisted that all his children should learn some occupation; "there is no telling," he used to say: "you may want it some day, for we live in strange times." So Carnot, junior, was put to the bench, and, according to his professor, one M. Delarge, who is still living, acquitted himself most honorably. In memory of this event in his career, M. Sardin, who was an apprentice at that time, but is now a master cabinet maker in the Faubourg St. Antoine, demanded an audience of the chief of the State, and received a reply to the effect that the President will be happy to meet his old fellow-workman and talk shop with him a little.—*Chicago Journal.*

How College Men Turn Out.

The "ten-year book" of Cornell University shows that during the last twenty years the total number of degrees conferred is 1,437 and the total number of graduates is 1,952. Of this number 45 are engaged in agriculture, 51 in architecture and building, 5 in art, 23 in banking, 11 in chemistry and assaying, 150 in civil engineering, 246 in education, 30 in electrical engineering, 61 in newspaper work, 235 in law, 39 in manufacturing, 43 in mechanical engineering, 65 in medicine and surgery, 115 in mercantile pursuits, 30 in the ministry, 5 in publishing, 12 in scientific investigation, 65 in study. One hundred and twenty-one are without occupation or are unreported.—*New York Tribune.*

Trapping Musk-Rats.

Joseph Steele writes as follows in *Farm and Fireside:* Boys, if you would like to make a little money, get an old barrel and make a musk-rat trap out of it. Knock out the bottom and the head, and then nail the head together with cleats, as shown in the illustration. Run a stiff piece of wire through the head and through holes in the side of the barrel, so that the head will revolve freely. Then fasten a piece of iron to one side, so that after the musk-rat tips



the head down it will go back to its position. Sink the barrel in the water about half way, near the musk-rat holes. I have caught more than a dozen in one night this way. They are sure to jump upon a piece of board or such like.

In skinning musk-rats, begin at the legs and cut on the inside from one to the other, and then pull the skin over the head. The skins are worth twenty-five to thirty-five cents, and find ready sale at a fur store.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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BEAUTIFUL TO ME.

I drew it across my hand,
Her beautiful, shining hair,
And smoothed it over her temples,
While she lay sleeping there.
'Twas not of midnight blackness
That enchanted the bards of old;
It was neither auburn, nor yellow-pale,
Nor brown, nor burnished gold;
But it was fine and silvery white,
As soft as soft could be,
A crown from life's pure laurels,
The most beautiful hair to me.

I held the white hands folded
So quietly on her breast:
They looked almost as if the Lord
Had given the promised rest.
They were not round and shapely,
As a sculptor might wish to see;
They were not fair and snowy,
As some beautiful hands may be;
But they were drawn and bent with pain,
Yet beautiful hands to me.

I kissed her face, her dear, sweet face,
By patience and love made fair;
The roses and lillies that Beauty loves
Were missing—they were not there.
But instead were wrinkles woven deep
Where the dimples used to be;
Of all the faces in all the world
The most beautiful face to me.

—*Cecil St. Claire.*

THE COLONEL'S SON.

A STATION-AGENT'S STORY.

It was a hot afternoon—some of you may know how hot it can be on the prairie when there is no wind.

I was sitting in the little ticket-office of the railroad station at which I was agent. From the window I could see the hot air rising from the sun-burned buffalo grass, giving to the lonely ranch buildings scattered here and there in the distance an unstable, wavering appearance, as though they might at any moment blow away.

Presently out of the silence there came the footfalls of a horse's hoofs, stopping at the platform, and followed by a queer "pegging" sound over the planks and into the waiting-room. I looked up and saw a boy of about fourteen standing in the doorway. His right leg was amputated above the knee, and he supported himself on a pair of light crutches, which had sling-straps like an army carbine.

He handed me an express order for a package to Colonel Reed, a prominent cattleman, whose ranch buildings were about a mile south of the track.

"Are you the Colonel's son?" I asked, as I handed out the package.

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "Charles Reed is my name."

Then he turned and looked curiously in at the telegraph instruments. He had such a bright, healthy and wide-awake air, that I invited him to walk in and examine them, if he wished.

His eyes brightened immediately.

"I'd like to, if you don't mind. The other agent was cross, and I was afraid to ask him."

Seeing that he was interested in them, I explained briefly the working of the key and sounder, and tried to give him some idea how a message was sent and received. He listened attentively, and seemed to comprehend pretty well.

"Yes," he said, as I concluded, "I know something about it, though only through what I have read. Would you mind writing out the alphabet for me?"

I wrote out the characters on a slip of paper, which he tucked carefully away in his pocket-book; and then, finding I was a stranger to that part of the West, he volunteered some information about the country, including a remarkably accurate description of the game birds and their habits, which, as a sportsman, I found very interesting. Before he left he told me that he had lost his leg during an Indian raid about four years ago, before the railroad was built. His father's ranch had been attacked without warning. He was only ten years old at the time, and being out of doors, he had slipped away unobserved and hidden in the corral, and while there was hit by a stray rifle ball in the knee.

I accompanied him to the door when he was ready to go, and was surprised to see how thoroughly at home he was on his pony. With his crutches slung behind him, he swung nimbly into the saddle, and started off toward home on a brisk gallop.

One afternoon, about a week later, he dropped in again, having meanwhile learned the telegraphic alphabet so that he could repeat all the characters easily, and next day the Colonel himself stopped in on his way to town. He was a brisk, genial man, who had a habit of shaking hands with every one. He was a typical frontier ranchman.

"See here, Mr. Agent," he said, "that boy of mine has a hankering to learn your business. He's kind of lonesome, you see—he can't play with the other boys on account of his leg—and now if you don't mind havin' him around, and will teach him what you can—he's pretty bright, and can learn most anything—why, I'll make it worth your while. What's your charge?"

"Why, Colonel," I replied, laughing at his business-like manner, "I shall be glad to have him around—I am lonesome here—so we won't draw up any contract."

Charley was an apt pupil. In about month he could send and receive a message, though of course not very rapidly. His father was so delighted with his progress that he made me a present of a riding pony; and shortly after, when Charley got it into his head that it would be a fine thing to have a private line from the ranch to the station, the Colonel had me order two instruments and a coil of wire from Chicago.

Under my direction the cowboys put it up, and though it wasn't stretched very tight, and the poles were only fence-posts spliced together, it worked as well as the main line. The instrument on my end of the line I did not care to have in the office, for fear that officious gentleman, the lineman, would object, and so I set it up on one side of the big, empty freight room.

The autumn was now well advanced, and I found that my duties, instead of increasing, grew lighter. There were but few freight trains every other day, and the daily mail and express, East and West, went through between the hours of one and four in the morning, so that I had a great deal of time on my hands. I spent much of it shooting chickens with Charley—he was an excellent shot from the saddle, though he told me he had a time of it training his pony to stand fire—and the rest of the time I either read or rode out over the trails in the delicious Indian summer weather.

One night, about the middle of October, we had a terrific thunder and wind storm, with a blinding fall of rain and hail. It came up after the the west-bound train had left, and about an hour before the eastern train was due. I was awakened by the noise, and got up to look out. The rain was falling in torrents, and the wind shook the building, while the lighting flashed inressantly.

I was still looking out, watching the furious storm, when an unusually bright flash revealed for an instant the figures of a group of horsemen loping across the prairie toward the station. I stood still to catch another glimpse of them, if possible, but without success; they had probably turned off to the left.

Shortly afterward I heard them at the other end of the building, where they stopped, I supposed, to seek shelter from the storm; or possibly they were going to take the train. It was not unusual for passengers to come around an hour before train-time, so I thought little of it at the time.

However, before I left the window I heard them tramping around the platform to the door, and drawing back to one side, I waited to see them pass. Between trains I always kept a lamp burning, but turned down low, and it shone out now through the window; and as the men stepped into the faint bar of light, I got quite a distinct view of them.

They were all heavily built. Each one wore a yellow "slicker" coat, and had his slouch hat pulled down close to keep off the rain, and around each one's face, just below the eyes, was tied a red "harvester's" handkerchief. This struck me as unusual, and I was puzzled for a moment, until it occurred to me that perhaps they were worn as a protection against the hail.

A moment later they were pounding at the door for admittance. Now, as a rule, I did not like to admit any one so long before train time. I sometimes had express money packages on hand, with no safe to put them in. I once carried a package of three thousand dollars in my pocket three days before the owner called for it. I was somewhat apprehensive at times for my safety.

"That night, however, I had only a few dollars of my own and an almost empty mail pouch, but before opening the door, I sang out: "Who's there, and what do you want?"

"Passengers for the train," came the answer. "We're all wet, an' wanter get in out o' the rain."

I unlocked the door, and they crowded into the room. In the brighter light indoors the handkerchiefs that concealed their faces looked so much like an attempt at disguise—and a pretty good one at that—that for a moment I was startled, and made a hasty step toward the ticket-office. Before I could take another, however, one of the men struck me with his fist, and though the blow was not a hard one, it was so unexpected that it knocked me completely off my feet. Then two of them seized me while I was down, turned me on my face and held me while the others bound my hands firmly behind me. They next bound my feet, and then rolled me over again on my back.

"Now, my chicken," said one, who appeared to be the leader, "we ain't got nothin' agin you, an' won't hurt you as long as you keep quiet; but sure as you yell or make a noise, there'll be some shootin'."

They seemed to be familiar with the office and its surroundings, and probably had been there before. Two of them picked me up and carried me toward the freight room, while another went ahead with the lamp and opened the door. Here they looked around for a moment, then laid me down against the side of the building with an old coat under my head for a pillow, and bidding me keep "mum," returned to the waiting-room.

Thus left alone in the dark I began to think and pretty fast, too, for I was thoroughly excited.

Their scheme was evident enough—to waylay the train there and rob the express and mail cars. The express messenger always had money in his safe on the east run, and not infrequently gold bullion from the mines further west, so in case they were successful they would secure a large sum. There had been several like attempts throughout the country lately, and I felt sure that this was their object.

By taking the trainmen by surprise they might overpower them, then separating the mail and express cars from the rest of the train, run them a mile or two further east with the engine and plunder them at their leisure. This plan had been successfully carried out on another road a short time before, and there was no reason why it should not be again successful—unless, in some manner, I could prevent it.

I tried to loosen my hands, but they were tied too securely—so tightly that the cords almost cut the flesh. Then I reflected that even if I were loose, I should be unable to get out and flag the train, for both freight-doors were padlocked and the key was in the ticket-office drawer.

About this time the door leading to the waiting-room was opened and one of the roughs looked in.

"Say, young feller, are you alive yet?" he asked.

"Yes," I responded.

"Well, we wanter know if there's anything you've got to do this here telegraph machine so they won't suspect nothin'—any report to make?"

This was pretty cool, and for a moment I thought I might still have an opportunity to warn the despatcher, and was on the point of saying "Yes" when another voice cut me short.

"You let him get his claws on that machine an' he'll have 'em stop the train. Don't be a fool; come out an' shut the door."

The door slammed and once more I was left in the dark.

I was now beginning to suffer from my constrained position and the cutting of the cords, so I began to cast about me for relief; and then suddenly I remembered a reaper-blade that had been left at the station a few days ago by the express. It was loose from the board and I had placed it in a corner so that no one could be hurt by it accidentally. Accordingly I rolled over and over until my feet touched the opposite wall, and then sitting up with my back toward the corner, I felt for the blade with my hands.

To my great satisfaction I found it, got the cord across one of the teeth, and carefully sawed it back and forth.

In a moment my hands were free, and then I loosened my feet. I then took off my shoes. This done I was able to move about without making any noise.

Still I was unable to accomplish anything for it was impossible to get out, and I was on the point of composing myself in my old position, to avoid another knock-down, should the roughs look in, when a slight "spiz-z-z," followed by a bright sparkle, attracted my attention to the south side of the room. It was the instrument on the private line, affected by the lightning—a common occurrence in all offices during thunder-storms.

I stepped up to it quickly and tried the circuit. It was all right, though the rain made such a noise on the roof that I could hardly hear the sounder. It was not probable that I could get an answer from Charley at that time of night, but as my only resource it was worth trying. So I started in, making his call, "Ch."

"C-h—c-h— c-h" I rattled; and presently, to my surprise, the circuit opened and the response came:

"I-i—c-h."

Then I "talked" to him,—in my excitement a great deal faster than he could take, and he interrupted me with "slower."

"I-i," I said, 'call your father."

"Not home," came the answer; "all hands gone out to round up a bunch of cattle stampeded by the storm."

"I-i—i-i—i-i," I answered, stopping to reflect. Then I went ahead again:

"Can you ride over to the west cut and signal the train to stop?"

"Yes; what for?"

"Get a lantern and put a piece of thin red flannel around it if you can. Swing it across the track when you see the headlight and keep it up till they stop. Tell conductor there are eight men here waiting to rob his train. Be quick about it."

"O. K. By George!" This last by way of expressing his surprise, I suppose, and then the ticking stopped.

I now began to feel that the roughs would be foiled, though of course it all depended on Charley. But it was something that just suited his nature. I could imagine him on his pony, lantern in hand, tearing across the prairie as though a band of Comanches was after him.

Meanwhile, I thought it best to take my old position against the wall, to avoid any suspicion, should the robbers grow, inquisitive. So I lay there and waited and waited—the time seemed fairly to drag along—until I felt certain that the train was due. But it did not come, though the movements of the roughs convinced me that I had guessed aright—it was probably a little overdue by this time and they were getting restless. Presently one of them opened the door and looked in.

"Say, operator, is that train on time?" he asked.

"Yes," I replied, "they were on time the last I heard them reported—about two o'clock."

He retired again, and for about ten minutes all was still. Then above the noise of the storm a far-away whistle sounded faintly. Next there was a hurried movement in the outer room—the roughs were crowding out upon the platform.

I sprang to my feet and stood against the side of the building next the track, and by putting my ear against the boards I could hear the distant rumble of the train, now fast nearing the station. I tried to imagine where the roughs had placed themselves. Probably around the corner of the building, ready to rush out, revolvers in hand.

The train was now quite near, and presently it drew up to the station with a rumble and roar and hissing of air brakes. Almost instantly I heard the shouted command, "Hands up!" followed by the reports of four of five revolvers and the sound of scuffling on the planks, which, however, was soon ended, and then a veritable babel of voices and the noise of many feet on the platform.

I dashed out through the waiting room to see how things had gone and soon found the conductor.

"Hallo, Leith, is that you? We have prevented that robbery, this time, thanks to your warning. I borrowed half a dozen revolvers from the passengers and called for volunteers, so when we pulled in there were twelve men on the platforms ready for business. We've got the robbers in the baggage car—come along and see 'em."

They were a hard looking set of men. Two of them lay on the floor wounded, though not seriously.

About this time Charley made his appearance on his crutches, clad only in a pair of trousers and a red flannel shirt, one sleeve of which he had torn off to draw over the lantern. He was wet through, his hat was gone, and altogether he looked so forlorn, that the passengers, who were profuse in their sympathy and praise, began to make up a purse for him.

After the train had left I found him in the waiting room, and here we discussed the affair, and tried to think how much we should charge the express company for the use of our private line. A few days later, more as a joke than anything else, we sent in a bill for fifty dollars, which was paid promptly, with many thanks for what they called our "prompt action."—*Youth's Companion.*

SELECT SIFTINGS.

In 1812 wool sold at $2.50 a pound.

The weight of the heart is from eight to twelve ounces.

Oatmeal explodes at one stage and poisons people at another.

It costs $25 fine or thirty days in jail to sell boys cigarettes in Ohio.

A Trenton, (N. J.) thief got five years for stealing a seventy-five cent knife.

One police patrol wagon in Boston made fifty-eight trips during a Saturday night recently.

Brunswick, Ga., claims the youngest bank cashier in the world. He got his place at nineteen.

At Hawkinsville, Ga., a spread has just been finished in which 16,577 yards of thread were used.

The man in Indiana who is running a skunk farm is said to be more than gratified with the success of his venture.

The type-writer had its origin in a machine sent to the Paris Exposition in 1855 by M. Foucault, for use by the blind.

An enterprising California farmer took out his traction engine and plowed and seeded seventy acres in twenty-four hours at his ranch.

The skeleton of a mastodon has been unearthed in California. It is thirty feet long, and has tusks between six and seven feet in length.

There is a young man in Carrollton, Ga., over twenty-one years old, who never ate a bit of butter or drank any buttermilk in his life.

The Custer monument in Montana has been so greatly defaced by Indians shooting at it that it has been found necessary to recut the names on it.

A German experimentalist has proved that a single hair will suspend four ounces without breaking, stretching under the process and contracting again.

Watertown, Minn., boasts of a little girl, seven years old, who drove a team and did a full share of work in cutting, stacking and threshing 500 acres of grain.

W. R. Thurston, of Gloucester County, Va., has a curiosity in the shape of a cast-off oysterman's shoe to which fifty-six living oysters have attached themselves.

Captain Frink, of South Windham, Me., who has been almost totally deaf for nearly two years, during a violent sneezing attack a few days ago, regained his hearing.

John Hill, an old citizen of Fletcher, Ohio, who died a few days ago, immortalized himself during the campaign of 1868 by driving a team of forty-eight horses to a meeting at Piqua, Ohio.

Jake Boner, a New Orleans stonecutter, was informed by messenger the other day that a son had been born to him. He began to dance on the scaffold, and the result was a fall and a broken neck.

Benjamin Franklin's watch is owned by a Lancaster (Penn.) gentleman, who still carries it and says that it keeps good time. It is of silver, shaped like a biscuit, and has engraved on its back: "Ben Franklin, 1776, Philadelphia."

A young woman in Bridgeport, Conn., recently complained to the police that she was being systematically robbed of her jewelry by an unknown thief. It was subsequently found that the owner of the missing articles had taken the trinkets herself while asleep and hidden them between the mattresses of her bed.

The Shamrock.

The emblem of Ireland is not known by its flower, but by its leaves. The tradition runs that St. Patrick, when preaching in Ireland, gathered the leaves of this plant, which contains three lobes, or leaves, and thus illustrates the Holy Trinity. Bentham, in his British Flora, says that oxalis acetocella or wood sorrel, is the original shamrock, having pale pink, or nearly white flowers. This is quite plentiful in the woods, and in a climate like Ireland, easy enough to obtain on the seventeenth of March, the day that all Irishmen like to have a few sprigs for their button-hole, or on the cap or bonnet. Others contented that the original plant is a clover, and the common white or Dutch clover is the plant that at present, at least, is the commonly-accepted plant, called shamrock. There are varieties of this plant that have larger leaves than the common clover; one with dark-brown, the other with purplish leaves, with a zone in each leaf. This appears the kind most acceptable for the purpose.—*Prairie Farmer.*

A Charitable Chinese Lady.

Recently there was a large crowd at the iron bridge, close to the Viceroy's yamen, at Tientsin, China, and, on inquiring the cause, a correspondent learned that the wife of the Viceroy Li Hung-chang, pitying the numberless vagrants without proper food or clothes in the bitter weather, was distributing alms, 1000 cash to each grown person, and 600 to each under age, to enable them to return to their native homes instead of dying in a ditch; truly a good and charitable lady.

Three Events in the Life of a Forgetful Man.

His Wife—"Edward, isn't it about time you stopped going downtown half dressed?"

NOON, AT HIS RESTAURANT.

Chorus of Guests and Employes—"Hi, there, you've got my hat! Hold on, you haven't paid your check! Here's your umbrella, Mister!"

AT HIS OFFICE.

Trying to remember "what in the dickens" he called that messenger boy for!—*Puck.*

Carnot as a Carpenter.

The President of France is a first-class carpenter, and can handle the saw and plane as well as any mechanic. It was at Chabanais, in the Charente, where his father possessed a chateau, that he learned the trade. Carnot, senior, insisted that all his children should learn some occupation; "there is no telling," he used to say; "you may want it some day, for we live in strange times." So Carnot, junior, was put to the bench, and, according to his professor, one M. Delarge, who is still living, acquitted himself most honorably. In memory of this event in his career, M. Sardin, who was an apprentice at that time, but is now a master cabinet maker in the Faubourg St. Antoine, demanded an audience of the chief of the State, and received a reply to the effect that the President will be happy to meet his old fellow-workman and talk shop with him a little.—*Chicago Journal.*

How College Men Turn Out.

The "ten-year book" of Cornell University shows that during the last twenty years the total number of degrees conferred is 1,437 and the total number of graduates is 1,952. Of this number 45 are engaged in agriculture, 51 in architecture and building, 5 in art, 23 in banking, 11 in chemistry and assaying, 150 in civil engineering, 246 in education, 30 in electrical engineering, 61 in newspaper work, 235 in law, 39 in manufacturing, 43 in mechanical engineering, 65 in medicine and surgery, 115 in mercantile pursuits, 30 in the ministry, 5 in publishing, 12 in scientific investigation, 65 in study. One hundred and twenty-one are without occupation or are unreported.—*New York Tribune.*

Trapping Musk-Rats.

Joseph Steele writes as follows in *Farm and Fireside:* Boys, if you would like to make a little money, get an old barrel and make a musk-rat trap out of it. Knock out the bottom and the head, and then nail the head together with cleats, as shown in the illustration. Run a stiff piece of wire through the head and through holes in the side of the barrel, so that the head will revolve freely. Then fasten a piece of iron to one side, so that after the musk-rat tips

the head down it will go back to its position. Sink the barrel in the water about half way, near the musk-rat holes. I have caught more than a dozen in one night this way. They are sure to jump upon a piece of board or such like.

In skinning musk-rats, begin at the legs and cut on the inside from one to the other, and then pull the skin over the head. The skins are worth twenty-five to thirty-five cents, and find ready sale at a fur store.

SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

An electric cigar lighter is about being generally introduced.

A new asteroid has been discovered at the Nice Observatory.

An electric tree-felling machine is being introduced in Europe.

Nitro-glycerine is now an important remedy in heart troubles.

Water gas is used in place of coal to drive the machinery of the forge works, at Leeds, England.

In Munich an apparatus has been invented which greatly facilitates directing the course of balloons.

An electric mining hoist is being successfully used at the Aspen Mining and Smelting Company's works.

Two European surgeons have found helleborine superior to cocaine as a local anæsthetic in eye operations.

America still depends upon foreign makers for a supply of commercial electrical measuring instruments.

Electricity during a storm, according to Sohncke's theory, results from the friction of drops of ice and water.

The lighting of the Hoosac Tunnel by electricity makes the track visible when there is no fog a mile ahead of the train.

Alex. Bell has been able, without the use of wires and with but few cells of a battery, to signal between two boats a mile apart.

Snowflakes are said to be the result of low-lying air currents whose temperatures were much lower than those of the earth's surface.

Ore stamping by electricity is considered the only sufficiently economical system to permit of lower class ores being treated at a profit.

Microscopic examination of emmensite, the new explosive, tends to confirm the fact that it is a chemical compound and not a mere mixture.

A French scientist holds that the human race has greatly diminished in size since the creation of man, and gives the height of Adam as 123 feet and Eve as 118.

Lead stoppers to soda water siphons, ginger beer bottles, etc., are condemned by medical authorities. Block tin only should be used in contact with carbonated waters.

"Sperrylite," a new discovery, is said to be the first mineral yet found containing platinum as an important constituent other than the natural alloys with various metals of the platinum group.

Railroad authorities are getting more than ever in favor of heavier rail sections. The Michigan Central takes to an eighty-pound section, the Reading to a ninety, while on the lines of the Plant system a seventy-pound section replaces a sixty-pound rail.

Among the heaviest locomotives ever built are those recently put on its mountain division by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. Their actual weight in working order is 153,040 pounds, and 138,340 pounds is on the drivers. They have a tractive force of 271 pounds per pound average pressure to the cylinder. Their cylinders are 22 inches in diameter by 28 inches stroke; driving wheels, 50 inches diameter; boiler, 6 feet in diameter and 13 feet 6 inches long over tube sheets. The tubes are 270 in number, and 2¼ inches in diameter. The fire box is over 11 feet long inside by 42 inches wide, and is placed above the frames, but not above the wheels. The heating surface in the fire box is 185 square feet, and the total heating surface 2345 square feet. The engine is designed to burn anthracite, but not like the Wootten engines, buckwheat or refuse coal.

The Biggest Postoffice in the Union.

The employes of the postoffice of New York city do not have a vast amount of leisure time. Last year there were 128,131,755 letters, 32,310,025 postal cards and 35,943,203 miscellaneous packages delivered during the year by carriers, and 52,094,536 letters, 8,515,869 postal cards and 30,094,086 miscellaneous packages through boxes, making a total of 287,994,464 pieces in all. In the registered letter department there were 1,317,168 pieces delivered, and 1,049,029 pieces of domestic and 453,850 of foreign origin recorded and distributed to other offices. At the general postoffice, 1,095,915 money orders were issued and paid, amounting to $10,230,895.50 and 783,872 postal notes, amounting to $1,263,378.79. At the sixteen branches the number of orders issued and paid was 220,144, amounting to $3,250,961.10, and the number of postal notes, 88,311, amounting to $174,476.66. The aggregate business of the money order department for the year amounted to $87,299,158.95, giving an increase in the business over the previous year of $4,788,347.21. The total receipts of the office were $5,162,968.81, and the total expenditures, $1,891,982.48 (including $802,017.91 expended for free delivery service), giving a net revenue of $3,270,986.33. There were sold during the year 178,218,226 postage stamps, equal in weight to thirteen tons net; 35,302,500 Government stamped envelopes and 46,437,150 postal cards. The total weight of mails received and dispatched daily during 1888 was 248 tons.

Checks of Seven Figures.

The Marquis of Aylesbury has just sold to Sir Edward Guinness an estate valued at $3,500,000. In this connection stories have been brought up of similar large transactions in England, the most important of which undoubtedly is the payment made at the time of settling for the Manchester Canal. On the 3d of August the directors of the Canal Navigation Company paid over to its constructors a check drawn on Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co. for $8,550,000.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Painting Brick Houses.

Farmers who build with brick learn after a time that to keep the house well painted not only makes it look better, but adds to its durability. It is fully as necessary as the painting of wood. Brick is very porous, and in our alternating winter weather, rainy one day and freezing the next, the brick fills with water, and scales off as fast as frost expands it. The painted house is also much warmer, the paint excluding air from the surface. Paint on a wooden house saves much of its cost in the lessened expense for fuel to keep it warm. —*Boston Cultivator.*

Profit in Carrots.

Few root crops are more profitable than carrots. They are an excellent food for horses and colts; they stimulate the flow of milk in cows, and give a delightful flavor and color to the butter. Although there is usually not much sale for them in rural communities, in large cities great quantities can be readily disposed of. The price does not often go below fifty cents per bushel, and we have known them to sell for more than double that price. On ordinary land, and with rather less than ordinary cultivation, we have grown at the rate of about 500 bushels per acre.—*American Agriculturist.*

Cause of Milk Fever.

The cause of milk fever is usually plethora and costiveness at the time of parturition. It is a malady of the improved and heavy milking breeds of cattle, and most fatal among cows in full flesh. Prevention must be sought in a spare diet for a few weeks before and after calving, and the giving of purgatives as soon after the calf is born as possible. A pound of Epsom salts is the purgative most usually recommended, following with warm bran mashes. Should the fever be developed, repeat the dose of Epsom salts, and apply cold water to the head round the base of the horns, and give one half drachm of nux vomica every three or four hours until the fever subsides. The milk should be drawn at frequent intervals, and if the udder is at all feverish bathe it in cold water for a half hour, then rub dry with soft cloths.—*New York Sun.*

How to Graft.

L. H. Bailey, in his book on apple culture, gives these directions for grafting: In May, just as the leaves are pushing out vigorously, saw off the limb to be grafted where it is an inch or less in diameter. Trim the stub edges smooth and split horizontally to depth of about four inches, not more. When the scion is prepared ready for setting it should comprise three buds. The lower edge is cut wedge-shape, to fit into the split, and on one part should be left one of the three buds. When the scion is set this bud will be deep down in the cleft and covered with wax, but, being nearer the scource of nourishment than any others, it will be most likely of all to flourish, and will readily push through the wax. The scion is set in the cleft by exercising care that the inner surface of its bark matches the inner surface of the bark on the stub. Wax the whole over carefully and thoroughly, leaving no crack exposed. Two rounds of resin melted with one of beeswax and one-half of tallow make an excellent wax. As soon as melted, pour it into cold water, and when it cools work it with the hand until nearly white. Whenever the wax is handled the hands should be greased with tallow.—*Wisconsin Agriculturist.*

Sheep for Mutton.

The Southdown form has been carefully obtained for mutton purposes. It pleases the butcher and it pleases the consumer. It cuts up well on the block, and it is marbled evenly—a streak of fat and a streak of lean. The excellent qualities of mutton need to be carefully studied by farmers. The excellent feeding qualities of sheep resemble those of cattle. Cattle feeders are experts in selecting good feeders, and why should not sheep feeders become experts also?

Some breeds of sheep produce excellent mutton as lambs, but are too fat and strong when matured. Notably of these are the Cotswolds and the broad-tails much used in some sections where lamb raising is practiced.

Some breeds, as the Merinos, are especially desirable for lamb raising, since they fatten so readily after the lambs are sold, but their forms are not so desirable for cutting up economically as they should be. Crossing with the Southdown adds to their value. Some of the families of the Merino are well-nigh models, however, of the famous Southdowns, and while growing as much and as high quality of mutton, grow large fleeces of elegant wool, more desirable, if put in same condition, than the Australian wools.

Healthfulness of breeds fit them for different regions, and thus affect the profits of sheep raising, if prudently regarded.

Many of the hindrances are not beyond our control, if we set about to find a remedy.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Rennet for Making Cheese.

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An American Sends Victoria Apples.

A man in New York State sent a barrel of the finest apples the State could produce to Queen Victoria. There were seven kinds of apples in the barrel. Showing the advance in knowledge that New York men have made since the time of Charles Dickens, it may be mentioned that this New York man sent the apples to Windsor Castle and not to the Tower of London, where the New York politician of "Martin Chuzzlewit" was certain the Queen lived. In due time the New York man was made happy by receiving a note from the master of the Queen's household, saying that the apples had arrived. Next he got a letter from the "Board of Green Cloth," Buckingham Palace, saying that the apples were being used, and, that while everybody was very glad to get a chance at them, yet it was not customary there to receive presents, and that a check for $3 would be sent to him. In due time the paymaster of the household, located at St. James Palace, sent on the check and the New York man receipted it to the Lord Steward's Department. Thus the happy man raked in three palaces with one barrel of apples. —*Detroit Free Press.*

Sterilized Air in Surgery.

Mr. T. S. Tinsley, a prominent architect and inventor of Kansas City, is reported to have discovered a method of producing sterilized air. The value of the discovery is stated to be that all surgical operations can be performed by its use without danger of subsequent inflammation. Mr. Tinsley claims that the sterilized air will destroy all germs and microbes which exist in the atmosphere. His idea is that the inflammation in wounds is due to the action of the microbes, and that if they are eliminated the wounds will heal rapidly at the first intention without suppuration.

Dr. Halley, a well-known surgeon of Kansas City, has become deeply interested in the discovery, and is having constructed an operating room adjoining his residence, and prominent physicians there express the belief that the discovery will revolutionize the present way of treating wounds. The first experiment, to which leading surgeons of the country and members of the press will be invited, will take place in a short time.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Guns That Shoot Thirteen Miles.

Two monster Russian guns have been sent to Sebastopol for the purpose of being placed in the new ironclad Sinope, and although some of the details must be inaccurate, the official description is too interesting to be ignored. They are twelve-inch pieces, weighing fifty tons, and throwing projectiles of nearly half a ton. The powder-charge is 270 pounds, and the initial velocity 3000 metres, while the distance of the cannon's ranges is said to be twenty versts, or over thirteen miles. As a consequence the fire of the guns can only be directed by the map, the object fired at being out of sight. Two men, however, suffice for each gun, as they are worked by hydraulic machinery.

Great Britain has the largest navy, although Italy has the greatest ships.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

Delicious Mode of Roasting.

Roasting is a very delicious mode of cooking meats, but it is almost unknown in these days, unless an open fire-place is convenient; for such the following rules may be given: Keep the meat at a moderate distance from the fire. See that it is kept continually turned and well basted with butter or meat drippings, as much of the richness of flavor depends upon this matter. When nearly done, put the roast close to the fire to render the outside brown and crisp; and add salt and pepper to the gravy.—*Housewife.*

Recipe for Corned Beef.

Directions for making corned beef: First cover the meat for twenty-four hours with brine just strong enough to float an egg. Take it out and wash it in cold water so as to take out all the blood; throw the bloody brine away, and for 100 pounds of beef, or in the same proportions for other quantities, make a new pickle by thoroughly dissolving six pounds of salt, two pounds of brown sugar and two ounces of saltpetre in water sufficient to cover the meat; skim it well before pouring it on, and if scum rises on it afterward before the meat is used up, scald it, skim it and pour it back when cold. Keep the meat always covered with the brine and in a cool and well ventilated place. For summer keeping or for the Southern States a little more salt should be used. —*New York World.*

Blanquette of Veal.

Cut three pounds of the breast of veal in pieces two inches square, put them in enough cold water to cover them, with one saltspoonful of white pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, a bunch of sweet herbs, half a carrot scraped, a turnip peeled, and an onion stuck with three cloves; bring slowly to a boil, skim carefully till no more scum rises, and cook gently for thirty or forty minutes until the veal is tender; then drain it, returning the broth to the fire. Meantime make a white sauce by stirring together over the fire one ounce of butter and one ounce of flour until they are smooth, then adding 1½ pints of the broth gradually; season with a little more salt and pepper and a quarter of a saltspoonful of grated nutmeg; when the sauce has boiled up well stir into it with an egg; whip the yelks of two raw eggs, put in the meat and cook for five minutes, stirring occasionally.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Lime-Water.

An experienced housekeeper gave me a valuable piece of information a short time ago. She said: "Lime-water, when one understands how to use it, is very useful in housekeeping. Prepare it for use by putting a stone of fresh lime about the size of a half-peck measure into a large stone jar, and pour over it slowly a tea-kettleful of hot water, and stir it thoroughly. Let it settle, then stir again thoroughly, repeating this three or four times during the day. Bottle carefully all of it that can be poured off in a clear state." It is useful in cleansing bottles or milk vessels. A cupful mixed in the sponge of bread or cakes over night will prevent souring. A little put into milk or cream, after a hot night, will prevent its turning when put into tea or coffee. A little put into milk, that might curdle when heated, will prevent curdling, and the milk can be used for puddings or pies.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Household Hints.

The best of tea makes but an indifferent concoction unless the water is fresh.

Paint made with turpentine is a better protector for iron work than when mixed with linseed oil.

Egg shells crushed and shaken in a glass bottle half filled with water will clean it quickly.

Kerosene is unexcelled in starch to give polish; also to polish glass; it will make your windows shine like silver.

When ivory handled knives become yellow they can be cleansed by rubbing them briskly with emery or sand paper.

To clean ornaments of alabaster dissolve borax in boiling water and apply with a cloth or soft brush; rinse carefully and dry in the sun.

A small piece of salt pork boiled with fricasseed chicken will impart a richness to the gravy and the flavor will be bitter than if nothing but butter is used.

Horseradish cut in thin strips lengthwise and a dozen or more of these strips placed on the top of each keg of pickles will keep them from becoming stale or moldy.

Pneumonia, says Dr. Seibert, is a house disease, originating, with diphtheria and inflammatory rheumatism, in damp, dirty, or unventilated rooms and cellars.

Pigeons are good when the breasts are plump and red looking. The flesh of an old one is dark, and the breast is not so plump. Squabs are plump, soft skinned, with almost pink flesh.

The housekeeper's test of a good broom, the green color of the corn, is no longer trustworthy; old, brittle, and yellow corn is now dipped in a green solution and made to look exactly like the superior article.

Now that it is customary to have fruits, flowers, the vinegar cruets, or salt and pepper bottles, placed in the centre of the table in lieu of a large castor, pretty devices are made of linen to lay upon the cloth. Some of these are elaborately embroidered.

Here is a use for old paper which may be new to some of the ladies. Fold old, soft newspapers in several thicknesses, place in a pan of water until thoroughly wet, then wring out, tear in small bits, pick up fine and throw over your carpet instead of wet tea leaves, and see if you do not like it better.

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SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

An electric cigar lighter is about being generally introduced.

A new asteroid has been discovered at the Nice Observatory.

An electric tree-felling machine is being introduced in Europe.

Nitro-glycerine is now an important remedy in heart troubles.

Water gas is used in place of coal to drive the machinery of the forge works, at Leeds, England.

In Munich an apparatus has been invented which greatly facilitates directing the course of balloons.

An electric mining hoist is being successfully used at the Aspen Mining and Smelting Company's works.

Two European surgeons have found helleborine superior to cocaine as a local anæsthetic in eye operations.

America still depends upon foreign makers for a supply of commercial electrical measuring instruments.

Electricity during a storm, according to Sohncke's theory, results from the friction of drops of ice and water.

The lighting of the Hoosac Tunnel by electricity makes the track visible when there is no fog a mile ahead of the train.

Alex. Bell has been able, without the use of wires and with but few cells of a battery, to signal between two boats a mile apart.

Snowflakes are said to be the result of low-lying air currents whose temperatures were much lower than those of the earth's surface.

Ore stamping by electricity is considered the only sufficiently economical system to permit of lower class ores being treated at a profit.

Microscopic examination of emmensite, the new explosive, tends to confirm the fact that it is a chemical compound and not a mere mixture.

A French scientist holds that the human race has greatly diminished in size since the creation of man, and gives the height of Adam as 123 feet and Eve as 118.

Lead stoppers to soda water siphons, ginger beer bottles, etc., are condemned by medical authorities. Block tin only should be used in contact with carbonated waters.

"Sperrylite," a new discovery, is said to be the first mineral yet found containing platinum as an important constituent other than the natural alloys with various metals of the platinum group.

Railroad authorities are getting more than ever in favor of heavier rail sections. The Michigan Central takes to an eighty-pound section, the Reading to a ninety, while on the lines of the Plant system a seventy-pound section replaces a sixty-pound rail.

Among the heaviest locomotives ever built are those recently put on its mountain division by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. Their actual weight in working order is 153,040 pounds, and 138,340 pounds is on the drivers. They have a tractive force of 271 pounds per pound average pressure to the cylinder. Their cylinders are 22 inches in diameter by 28 inches stroke; driving wheels, 50 inches diameter; boiler, 6 feet in diameter and 13 feet 6 inches long over tube sheets. The tubes are 270 in number, and 2¼ inches in diameter. The fire box is over 11 feet long inside by 42 inches wide, and is placed above the frames, but not above the wheels. The heating surface in the fire box is 185 square feet, and the total heating surface 2345 square feet. The engine is designed to burn anthracite, but not like the Wootten engines, buckwheat or refuse coal.

The Biggest Postoffice in the Union.

The employes of the postoffice of New York city do not have a vast amount of leisure time. Last year there were 128,131,755 letters, 32,310,025 postal cards and 85,943,203 miscellaneous packages delivered during the year by carriers, and 52,094,536 letters, 8,515,869 postal cards and 30,094,086 miscellaneous packages through boxes, making a total of 287,994,464 pieces in all. In the registered letter department there were 1,317,168 pieces delivered, and 1,049,029 pieces of domestic and 453,850 of foreign origin recorded and distributed to other offices. At the general postoffice, 1,095,915 money orders were issued and paid, amounting to $10,230,895.50 and 788,872 postal notes, amounting to $1,263,378.79. At the sixteen branches the number of orders issued and paid was 220,144, amounting to $3,250,961.10, and the number of postal notes, 88,311, amounting to $174,476.66. The aggregate business of the money order department for the year amounted to $87,299,158.95, giving an increase in the business over the previous year of $4,788,347.21. The total receipts of the office were $5,162,968.81, and the total expenditures, $1,891,982.48 (including $802,017.91 expended for free delivery service), giving a net revenue of $3,270,986.33. There were sold during the year 178,218,226 postage stamps, equal in weight to thirteen tons net; 35,302,500 Government stamped envelopes and 46,437,150 postal cards. The total weight of mails received and dispatched daily during 1888 was 248 tons.

Checks of Seven Figures.

The Marquis of Aylesbury has just sold to Sir Edward Guinness an estate valued at $3,500,000. In this connection stories have been brought up of similar large transactions in England, the most important of which undoubtedly is the payment made at the time of settling for the Manchester Canal. On the 3d of August the directors of the Canal Navigation Company paid over to its constructors a check drawn on Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co. for $8,550,000.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Painting Brick Houses.

Farmers who build with brick learn after a time that to keep the house well painted not only makes it look better, but adds to its durability. It is fully as necessary as the painting of wood. Brick is very porous, and in our alternating winter weather, rainy one day and freezing the next, the brick fills with water, and scales off as fast as frost expands it. The painted house is also much warmer, the paint excluding air from the surface. Paint on a wooden house saves much of its cost in the lessened expense for fuel to keep it warm. —*Boston Cultivator.*

Profit in Carrots.

Few root crops are more profitable than carrots. They are an excellent food for horses and colts; they stimulate the flow of milk in cows, and give a delightful flavor and color to the butter. Although there is usually not much sale for them in rural communities, in large cities great quantities can be readily disposed of. The price does not often go below fifty cents per bushel, and we have known them to sell for more than double that price. On ordinary land, and with rather less than ordinary cultivation, we have grown at the rate of about 500 bushels per acre.—*American Agriculturist.*

Cause of Milk Fever.

The cause of milk fever is usually plethora and costiveness at the time of parturition. It is a malady of the improved and heavy milking breeds of cattle, and most fatal among cows in full flesh. Prevention must be sought in a spare diet for a few weeks before and after calving, and the giving of purgatives as soon after the calf is born as possible. A pound of Epsom salts is the purgative most usually recommended, following with warm bran mashes. Should the fever be developed, repeat the dose of Epsom salts, and apply cold water to the head round the base of the horns, and give one half drachm of nux vomica every three or four hours until the fever subsides. The milk should be drawn at frequent intervals, and if the udder is at all feverish bathe it in cold water for a half hour, then rub dry with soft cloths.—*New York Sun.*

How to Graft.

L. H. Bailey, in his book on apple culture, gives these directions for grafting: In May, just as the leaves are pushing out vigorously, saw off the limb to be grafted where it is an inch or less in diameter. Trim the stub edges smooth and split horizontally to depth of about four inches, not more. When the scion is prepared ready for setting it should comprise three buds. The lower edge is cut wedge-shape, to fit into the split, and on one part should be left one of the three buds. When the scion is set this bud will be deep down in the cleft and covered with wax, but, being nearer the scource of nourishment than any others, it will be most likely of all to flourish, and will readily push through the wax. The scion is set in the cleft by exercising care that the inner surface of its bark matches the inner surface of the bark on the stub. Wax the whole over carefully and thoroughly, leaving no crack exposed. Two rounds of resin melted with one of beeswax and one-half of tallow make an excellent wax. As soon as melted, pour it into cold water, and when it cools work it with the hand until nearly white. Whenever the wax is handled the hands should be greased with tallow.—*Wisconsin Agriculturist.*

Sheep for Mutton.

The Southdown form has been carefully obtained for mutton purposes. It pleases the butcher and it pleases the consumer. It cuts up well on the block, and it is marbled evenly—a streak of fat and a streak of lean. The excellent qualities of mutton need to be carefully studied by farmers. The excellent feeding qualities of sheep resemble those of cattle. Cattle feeders are experts in selecting good feeders, and why should not sheep feeders become experts also?

Some breeds of sheep produce excellent mutton as lambs, but are too fat and strong when matured. Notably of these are the Cotswolds and the broadtails much used in some sections where lamb raising is practiced.

Some breeds, as the Merinos, are especially desirable for lamb raising, since they fatten so readily after the lambs are sold, but their forms are not so desirable for cutting up economically as they should be. Crossing with the Southdown adds to their value. Some of the families of the Merino are well-nigh models, however, of the famous Southdowns, and while growing as much and as high quality of mutton, grow large fleeces of elegant wool, more desirable, if put in same condition, than the Australian wools.

Healthfulness of breeds fit them for different regions, and thus affect the profits of sheep raising, if prudently regarded.

Many of the hindrances are not beyond our control, if we set about to find a remedy.—*Farm and Fireside.*

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I chanced to see Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, recently, in the United States Supreme Court room at the Capitol. In that court room men are generally at their best, for the air of dignity and decorum always prevailing there affects everyone. I have seen General Butler at intervals of years in various positions. I saw him something like a year ago in very nearly the same place I saw him a few days ago. A year ago he appeared like a decrepit old man, who walked with difficulty and appeared at the bar with all the evidences of feeble old age. If I recollect rightly he had then a servant in attendance who assisted him through the corridors of the Capitol and down the stairs. As I saw him recently he seemed to have renewed his lease on life. He was far more active, and he spoke with much more vigor when he stood at the bar to make a motion. The view I had of him from the visitors' lobby and while he sat in a group of lawyers and when he arose to address the court, instantly struck me as making a strong contrast with the enfeebled condition that caught my attention near a year ago.—*Louisville Courier-Journal*

An American Sends Victoria Apples.

A man in New York State sent a barrel of the finest apples the State could produce to Queen Victoria. There were seven kinds of apples in the barrel. Showing the advance in knowledge that New York men have made since the time of Charles Dickens, it may be mentioned that this New York man sent the apples to Windsor Castle and not to the Tower of London, where the New York politician of "Martin Chuzzlewit" was certain the Queen lived. In due time the New York man was made happy by receiving a note from the master of the Queen's household, saying that the apples had arrived. Next he got a letter from the "Board of Green Cloth," Buckingham Palace, saying that the apples were being used, and, that while everybody was very glad to get a chance at them, yet it was not customary there to receive presents, and that a check for £3 would be sent to him. In due time the paymaster of the household, located at St. James Palace, sent on the check and the New York man receipted it to the Lord Steward's Department. Thus the happy man raked in three palaces with one barrel of apples. —*Detroit Free Press.*

Sterilized Air in Surgery.

Mr. T. S. Tinsley, a prominent architect and inventor of Kansas City, is reported to have discovered a method of producing sterilized air. The value of the discovery is stated to be that all surgical operations can be performed by its use without danger of subsequent inflammation. Mr. Tinsley claims that the sterilized air will destroy all germs and microbes which exist in the atmosphere. His idea is that the inflammation in wounds is due to the action of the microbes, and that if they are eliminated the wounds will heal rapidly at the first intention without suppuration.

Dr. Halley, a well-known surgeon of Kansas City, has become deeply interested in the discovery, and is having constructed an operating room adjoining his residence, and prominent physicians there express the belief that the discovery will revolutionize the present way of treating wounds. The first experiment, to which leading surgeons of the country and members of the press will be invited, will take place in a short time.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Guns That Shoot Thirteen Miles.

Two monster Russian guns have been sent to Sebastopol for the purpose of being placed in the new ironclad Sinope, and although some of the details must be inaccurate, the official description is too interesting to be ignored. They are twelve-inch pieces, weighing fifty tons, and throwing projectiles of nearly half a ton. The powder-charge is 270 pounds, and the initial velocity 3000 metres, while the distance of the cannon's ranges is said to be twenty versts, or over thirteen miles. As a consequence the fire of the guns can only be directed by the map, the object fired at being out of sight. Two men, however, suffice for each gun, as they are worked by hydraulic machinery.

Great Britain has the largest navy, although Italy has the greatest ships.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

Delicious Mode of Roasting.

Roasting is a very delicious mode of cooking meats, but it is almost unknown in these days, unless an open fire-place is convenient; for such the following rules may be given: Keep the meat at a moderate distance from the fire. See that it is kept continually turned and well basted with butter or meat drippings, as much of the richness of flavor depends upon this matter. When nearly done, put the roast close to the fire to render the outside brown and crisp; and add salt and pepper to the gravy.—*Housewife.*

Recipe for Corned Beef.

Directions for making corned beef: First cover the meat for twenty-four hours with brine just strong enough to float an egg. Take it out and wash it in cold water so as to take out all the blood; throw the bloody brine away, and for 100 pounds of beef, or in the same proportions for other quantities, make a new pickle by thoroughly dissolving six pounds of salt, two pounds of brown sugar and two ounces of saltpetre in water sufficient to cover the meat; skim it well before pouring it on, and if scum rises on it afterward before the meat is used up, scald it, skim it and pour it back when cold. Keep the meat always covered with the brine and in a cool and well ventilated place. For summer keeping or for the Southern States a little more salt should be used. —*New York World.*

Blanquette of Veal.

Cut three pounds of the breast of veal in pieces two inches square, put them in enough cold water to cover them, with one saltspoonful of white pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, a bunch of sweet herbs, half a carrot scraped, a turnip peeled, and an onion stuck with three cloves; bring slowly to a boil, skim carefully till no more scum rises, and cook gently for thirty or forty minutes until the veal is tender; then drain it, returning the broth to the fire. Meantime make a white sauce by stirring together over the fire one ounce of butter and one ounce of flour until they are smooth, then adding 1½ pints of the broth gradually; season with a little more salt and pepper and a quarter of a saltspoonful of grated nutmeg; when the sauce has boiled up well stir into it with an egg; whip the yolks of two raw eggs, put in the meat and cook for five minutes, stirring occasionally.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Lime-Water.

An experienced housekeeper gave me a valuable piece of information a short time ago. She said: "Lime-water, when one understands how to use it, is very useful in housekeeping. Prepare it for use by putting a stone of fresh lime about the size of a half-peck measure into a large stone jar, and pour over it slowly a tea-kettleful of hot water, and stir it thoroughly. Let it settle, then stir again thoroughly, repeating this three or four times during the day. Bottle carefully all of it that can be poured off in a clear state." It is useful in cleansing bottles or milk vessels. A cupful mixed in the sponge of bread or cakes over night will prevent souring. A little put into milk or cream, after a hot night, will prevent its turning when put into tea or coffee. A little put into milk, that might curdle when heated, will prevent curdling, and the milk can be used for puddings or pies.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Household Hints.

The best of tea makes but an indifferent concoction unless the water is fresh.

Paint made with turpentine is a better protector for iron work than when mixed with linseed oil.

Egg shells crushed and shaken in a glass bottle half filled with water will clean it quickly.

Kerosene is unexcelled in starch to give polish; also to polish glass; it will make your windows shine like silver.

When ivory handled knives become yellow they can be cleansed by rubbing them briskly with emery or sand paper.

To clean ornaments of alabaster dissolve borax in boiling water and apply with a cloth or soft brush; rinse carefully and dry in the sun.

A small piece of salt pork boiled with fricasseed chicken will impart a richness to the gravy and the flavor will be bitter than if nothing but butter is used.

Horseradish cut in thin strips lengthwise and a dozen or more of these strips placed on the top of each keg of pickles will keep them from becoming stale or moldy.

Pneumonia, says Dr. Seibert, is a house disease, originating, with diphtheria and inflammatory rheumatism, in damp, dirty, or unventilated rooms and cellars.

Pigeons are good when the breasts are plump and red looking. The flesh of an old one is dark, and the breast is not so plump. Squabs are plump, soft skinned, with almost pink flesh.

The housekeeper's test of a good broom, the green color of the corn, is no longer trustworthy; old, brittle, and yellow corn is now dipped in a green solution and made to look exactly like the superior article.

Now that it is customary to have fruits, flowers, the vinegar cruets, or salt and pepper bottles, placed in the centre of the table in lieu of a large castor, pretty devices are made of linen to lay upon the cloth. Some of these are elaborately embroidered.

Here is a use for old paper which may be new to some of the ladies. Fold old, soft newspapers in several thicknesses, place in a pan of water until thoroughly wet, then wring out, tear in small bits, pick up fine and throw over your carpet instead of wet tea leaves, and see if you do not like it better.

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1889.

Destructive Prairie Fires.

A terrible prairie fire swept over the country south of Scotland, Dakota, Tuesday afternoon and its path is marked by the smouldering emblems of burned homes. The wind blew at the rate of 60 miles an hour and with the high grass as dry as tinder, the terrific fire was beyond description. At 3 o'clock the alarm was spread through the town that the prairie was afire north of Westtown and immediately a hundred men started towards the approaching fire, armed with brooms and sacks. Arriving at Alfred Brown's, two miles north, all his barns, dairies, and sheds were one blazing mass, and all efforts of the crowd directed to saving his residence and beating the fire out that would in a short time have swept down upon the town. Brown's residence was saved, but all his household goods that had been carried out by the family were burned. A mile north of Brown's the house of Henry Heagelfry was burned, and he barely escaped with his family. Several outhouses, etc., were also swept away. By 7 o'clock in the evening the fire west had been extinguished, but the fire still raged in the southeast. The town of Olivet, the county seat of Hutchinson county, is reported to be half burned up. Railroad bridges west of the town were burned. The losses will be fully $50,000.

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One of the most entirely satisfied men in the country lives at Columbus Junction, Iowa. He has drawn $90 per month all winter for superintending a snow plow that hasn't been out of the round house.

A fiendish attempt was made to wreck the Pennsylvania limited vestibule passenger train at Louisville, near Canton, Ohio, about 12 o'clock Tuesday night. Eight pieces of iron, such as are used to fasten "T" rails together, were tightly wedged into the switch near the little town. An eastern-bound passenger train passed safely over the obstruction, but an unusual jolting caused the train men to be alarmed and they reported the matter to the operator. He investigated the cause and stopped the limited before it reached the switch. The switch is only sixty feet from a bridge, and the momentum would have thrown the whole train into the creek and the consequence would have been terrible.

A 3000 pound, thirteen-feet long whale lies on an elevated platform at the foot of South Carolina avenue at Atlantic City. It was captured Thursday night after a lively tussle by the crew of the lower life-saving station. It had stranded on the bar opposite Dry Inlet. William Loder, one of the station men, was the first to sight the monster and, followed by several other members of the life-saving crew, determined to capture. Armed with long knives they waded to the bar and after a plucky struggle succeeded in severing his wind-pipe. It was carted up to its present position and has been viewed by hundreds of hotel guests. It has an immense mouth in the middle of its face and an exceptionally long nose. As the monster was captured by government employees, it will probably be sent to Washington in a few days.

A TREMENDOUS SENSATION.—The burning of a Mississippi River Steamboat causes considerable excitement in New Orleans, just think of the astonishment which Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator has caused by curing dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion and constipation, don't fail to try it. Trial bottes free.

When people suffer pain they want to be cured and quickly too, nothing equals Red Flag Oil for all pain. Price 25 cents. At Barnitz's drug store.

A tremendous slide of earth and rock occurred on Second Avenue, near Tenth street, Pittsburg, Tuesday morning. The slip carried away a large part Bluff street at the top of the hill, rendering it impassable, damaging some of the property along that thoroughfare. The B. & O. railroad tracks and Second avenue, three hundred feet below, were covered to the depth of several feet, reaching for many rods along the railroad and street car track. The telegraph wires were broken and travel was stopped. There is great danger of another and much more extensive slide.

The old excitement among old river land settlers in Iowa has been revived by the resumption of evictions. Early Monday morning a large number of river land settlers fully equipped with machinery and seeds, started to plant a crop in the farms from which the settlers had been evicted last fall. This action is in keeping with the threat made at that time to the effect they would repossess themselves of lands from which they were then evicted. Information was filed against several of the settlers Monday and warrants issued for their arrest. Inasmuch as the settlers have declared they will resist all interference there is great fear of serious trouble and much excitement.

A dispatch from St. Louis says a flood of applications for immigrant rates to Oklahoma is pouring into the St. Louis railroad offices. There is only room for ten thousand homesteads, and applications over thirty thoasand persons seeking low rates of transportation from St. Louis have been received. The roads refuse to give a cut rate. Much suffering is anticipated this coming summer and fall among the shut out pilgrims, who will undoubtedly "Move On" to Texas.

Sunday was the annual "Show Yee" or memorial day among the Chinese. Pilgrimages were made to the various cemeteries by the devout Chinamen, who carried delicacies, including roast pig, boiled chicken, rice and other refreshments, to the deceased friends. The refreshments were laid upon the graves, Joss paper burnt and some ceremonies of a memorial nature performed. Then the food was taken home again and subsequently eaten by the mourners.

The hurricane that made such devastation at Samoa did great damage on the island of Tahiti, one of the Society group. Many persons were killed. On the island of Tonga thirty persons perished and the storm did much damage.

Louis Napoleon, a convict of Sing Sing, escaped from that institution on on Tuesday night. He had already served nineteen years of a twenty years' sentence. A reward of $50 is offered for his capture.

A PLAIN FACT

Have you pain in the small of the back or hips, sharp pain up the back, at times pain in the head, dizziness, glimmering before the eyes, at times difficult to urinate, at times too free, too clear? If so, remember these are symptoms of Bright's Disease, which can be cured in its first stages, but do not wait until then. Go to J. W. Barnitz's drug store and ask for a free sample bottle of Dr. Burdick's Kidney Cure, which will convince you, Large size, 75c. One bottle lasts two weeks. This is a positive cure for all Kidney or Liver trouble, with a guaranteed sale.

For coughs, colds, sore or weak throats, ask for a free sample of Jackson's Magnum Bonum Cough Syrup, the great throat healer. Large size, 25 cents. Sold by J. W. Barnitz, New Oxford. Sample free.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by H. J. Myers

Choice Wheat, longberry	90 @	93
No. 2, " "	83 @	85
Fultz "	90 @	93
No. 2, "	83 @	85
Rakel "	80 @	83
Rye, ...	48 @	50
Corn, ...	35 @	28
Oats, ...	25 @	28
Clover Seed, ...	4 00 @	4 50
Timothy Seed, ...	1 25 @	2 75
Timothy Hay, ...	11 00 @	12 00
Rye Straw, ...	9 00 @	9 50
Pork, ...	5 50 @	6 00

MARRIED.

March 24, by Rev. F. S. Lindaman, Mr. Harry Caler, of Germany twp., to Miss Mary E. Ernst, of Union twp.

March 21, by Rev. Dr. Swartz, Mr. Benjamin Eichelberger, of York Springs to Miss Sallie E. Foulk, of Huntington twp.

March 24, by Rev. W. C. Wire, Mr. Jacob Rodkey, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss Lizzie R. Formwalt, of this co.

DIED.

Deaths free—verses, tributes, &c., 5 cents a line

March 29, in Mountjoy twp., Mr. Charles H. Reck, aged 28 years, 10 months and 14 days.

March 25, in Abbottstown, Mr. Anthony H. Thoman, aged 82 years.

March 25, in Dayton, Ohio, Mr. Henry Hersh, formerly of this county, (brother of Commissioner Noah Hersh,) aged about 41 years.

March 22, in Franklin twp., Mrs. Hannah Linn, aged 60 years and 14 days.

March 28, at Baltimore, Carl Elmer, son of Elmer and Julia Haar, aged 1 year and 17 days.

Little Carl was our darling,
Pride of all our hearts at home,
But an angel came and whispered—
Darling Carl do come home.

Lonely the home and sad the hours,
Since our dear Carl is gone,
But oh! a brighter home than ours,
In Heaven is now his own.

Farewell my parents and grandmother dear,
I know you'd love to keep me here,
God loved me too and thought it best
To take me home with him to rest.

By his Aunt I. V. K.

25 to 75 Per Cent. in Your Pocket.

New goods are coming in faster than we are able to put them away, so we are compelled to put out a great many goods in a short time. This we know we can not do in the ordinary run of trade. We have therefore decided to cut way below regular regular prices, and try to bring an extraordinary run in order to clear out the Winter's accumulation of goods. Read over this carefully:

Ladies' genuine Dongola button shoes, reduced to $1.35; regular price $2.25. This is a job lot and an astonising bargain.

Ladies genuine kid button all solid	$1 50
Lot of ladies pebble button solid	1 25
" ladies pat. tip fancy hook lace shoes	1 25
" misses kid shoes, all solid	1 00
" men's shoes, all solid	1 00
" men's fine shoes, all solid	1 00
" boy's shoes all solid	50
" children's shoes	25
" men's calf shoes	1 00

Also a lot of Ladies shoes that have been lying here for several years, which is really a benefit to the wearing qualities of the goods. Some of them cost $1, some $1.25, others $1.50, and a few as much as $2; all must go. Come and take your choice for 50 cents. You say, how can we do this? why, let me tell you. These goods are slightly out of style, you will not pay us the regular price, but you will pay one-fourth of the value for everyday wear. What is the use for us to ask more for an unsalable shoe than you are willing to pay? If we do, we will keep them another year. So we have come down to what you are willing to pay. That means that you will buy them. Come to see our immense new Spring Stock; prices low; assortment big; styles the latest, and all warranted.

H. Long & Son,

Bucher's Block, next door to A. N. Michael's Hardware Store, Hanover.

25,000 CARPENTERS now use our SAW FILER to file all kinds of saws so that they will cut better than ever. Price, $2.50 Circulars and prices to agents. Address,
E. ROTH & BRO., New Oxford, Pa.
14apr82ly.

We do job work of all kinds cheap and at the shortest notice.

THE REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD BUY

Opaque Felt Window Shades!

1st, It is strong and perfectly opaque. 2nd, Its texture is rubber-like. 3d, It is soft and pliable. 4th, It will not crack, crease or break. 5th, It will not ravel at the edges. 6th, It is noiseless in operation. 7th, It will not wrinkle or curl. 8th, It can be sewed the same as cloth. 9th, Its appearance, when contrasted with the best cloth curtains, is always in its favor. 10th, It is cheaper and more durable.

Parties needing curtain goods, should not fail to examine these goods before purchasing. We carry a full line and shall be pleased to sample them at any time. ☞The only place in town to get them is at

SHEELY & BRO.,

CENTRE SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

WHEN WILL IT BE? EVERYBODY IS ANXIOUS TO KNOW!

On or after April 5th, we will open for the inspection of the people, the largest and finest stock of

Spring and Summer Clothing,

Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods for Men, Boys and Children that was ever brought to Hanover. This big stock has been selected with great care from among the products of the best manufacturers in the country, and we have not the least doubt that we can PLEASE THE EYE as well as SUIT THE POCKET BOOK of all who favor us with their patronage. The great cry of "Hard Times" has been counteracted by the low prices at which we are selling our goods. Seeing is believing, so give us a call and you will be convinced at once. ☞In order that your surprise at our Marvelous Bargains may not be too great, we will give you below a few prices:

MEN'S DEPARTMENT—Working suits for men, of good strong material, $2.50; a Better suit for evening wear, all colors, $4; A fine all-wool Cassimere and Cheviot suit, $5; a fine Dress suit, Sack and Frock, $6; Black and Blue Worsted suits Sack and Frock at $7 50; A fine imported Worsted and Diagonal suit, from $10 to $15.

NOW FOR BOYS—We never had such a big assortment in Boys' Clothing from the lowest price to the highest. All sold at Rock Bottom Prices. ☞Our line of Childrens's Suits from 4 years up to 13 is complete. We sell them from $1 up. Our line of young men's pants is unsurpassed. We can suit the most fastidious. Working pants from 75c. up. A Complete Line of Spring Styles of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

D. MYERS, The Reliable CLOTHIER.

Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, next to Shirk's Hardware, HANOVER, PA.

New Goods! Big Bargains!

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

MERCHANT - TAILORING!

Gents' Furnishing goods! Dry goods!
Notions, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Carpet-chain,
Feathers, Looking Glasses, &c., &c.
All at the very lowest prices.

CARVER & LITTLE,

Cor. Broadway and Fountain Sq., HANOVER, PA.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

We wish to say a word about our new stock of **Wool Dress Fabrics** for this spring. We cannot even hint at the different weaves or colors, suffice it to say that we have the most desirable things obtainable, and we give you **twice** the choice of any store in this county, and in many instances we can save you big money on the price.

In addition to our guaranteed Gros Grain Silks we have added this season a superb quality FAILLE FRANCAISE which we will sell at $1 and ask you to compare it with $1.20 goods.

TRIMMINGS—you cannot ask for much that is new in Braids, Persian bands, Gimps, Silk Stripes, Plushes, Ribbons, Buttons, &c., to match that we do not have, which is a convenience not found in any store in this county.

SATINES AND GINGHAMS—think of it, 100 styles of Dress Ginghams, 8 cents for a good one, and the celebrated Foille du Nord at 12½c., absolutely fast color, beautiful styles, Breton Zephyr 12½c. up, to French at 20c. 65 styles of Satines at from 10c. up to Best French made. The choice styles are selling fast.

Our store has never been in such a good condition for buying from us at present. If you cannot come yourself write for samples. G. W. WEAVER & SON.

Administrator's Notice.

Joanna Felix's Estate.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joanna Felix, late of New Oxford Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in Oxford township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. F. SMITH,
Administrator.

Mar. 1, '89, 6t.

2.....AND.....1

Dr. Rife's

2 AND 1

Is a specific for Toothache, Neuralgia of the Face and Head and Babies Teething. It removes all Tartar, prevents Premature Decay, Beautifies the Teeth, Invigorates the Gums, and keeps the Mouth in a healthy condition and perfumes the Breath.

J. W. BARNITZ,
Sole Agent for New Oxford and Vicinity.

Neat and Quick Work. Low Prices.
At this office.

J. M. MARTIN,

Irishtown, Pa., dealer in

All kinds of Groceries,
Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Syrups,
Spices.

Canned Goods: corn, peas, tomatoes, peaches, oysters.

Dried Fruit: apples, peaches, prunes, blackberries, corn, currants, raisins, figs, dates, etc., etc.

Oranges, apples, rice, hominy, beans, corn starch, buckwheat flour, oat and corn meal, feed, etc.

cheese. soaps.

A comic paper called Crack Shots given with every 10-cent plug of tobacco.

A full line of notions, queens and glassware, etc., for sale.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1889.

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The new ram shortly to be constructed by the government for harbor defense is to be 205 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth. In appearance it will resemble a cigar. A novel feature of the ram is the pilot house, which, being the only exposed point likely to be injured by shot, is rendered impregnable by being built up of concentric rings of crucible steel twenty inches in thickness. When completed, the boat will cost $400,000 and have a crew of four officers and sixteen men.

One of the most entirely satisfied men in the country lives at Columbus Junction, Iowa. He has drawn $90 per month all winter for superintending a snow plow that hasn't been out of the round house.

A fiendish attempt was made to wreck the Pennsylvania limited vestibule passenger train at Louisville, near Canton, Ohio, about 12 o'clock Tuesday night. Eight pieces of iron, such as are used to fasten "T" rails together, were tightly wedged into the switch near the little town. An eastern-bound passenger train passed safely over the obstruction, but an unusual jolting caused the train men to be alarmed and they reported the matter to the operator. He investigated the cause and stopped the limited before it reached the switch. The switch is only sixty feet from a bridge, and the momentum would have thrown the whole train into the creek and the consequence would have been terrible.

A 3000 pound, thirteen-feet long whale lies on an elevated platform at the foot of South Carolina avenue at Atlantic City. It was captured Thursday night after a lively tussle by the crew of the lower life-saving station. It had stranded on the bar opposite Dry Inlet. William Loder, one of the station men, was the first to sight the monster and, followed by several other members of the life-saving crew, determined to capture. Armed with long knives they waded to the bar and after a plucky struggle succeeded in severing his wind-pipe. It was carted up to its present position and has been viewed by hundreds of hotel guests. It has an immense mouth in the middle of its face and an exceptionally long nose. As the monster was captured by government employees, it will probably be sent to Washington in a few days.

A TREMENDOUS SENSATION.—The burning of a Mississippi River Steamboat causes considerable excitement in New Orleans, just think of the astonishment which Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator has caused by curing dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion and constipation, don't fail to try it. Trial bottes free.

When people suffer pain they want to be cured and quickly too, nothing equals Red Flag Oil for all pain. Price 25 cents. At Barnitz's drug store.

A tremendous slide of earth and rock occurred on Second Avenue, near Tenth street, Pittsburg, Tuesday morning. The slip carried away a large part Bluff street at the top of the hill, rendering it impassable, damaging some of the property along that thoroughfare. The B. & O. railroad tracks and Second avenue, three hundred feet below, were covered to the depth of several feet, reaching for many rods along the railroad and street car track. The telegraph wires were broken and travel was stopped. There is great danger of another and much more extensive slide.

The old excitement among old river land settlers in Iowa has been revived by the resumption of evictions. Early Monday morning a large number of river land settlers fully equipped with machinery and seeds, started to plant a crop in the farms from which the settlers had been evicted last fall. This action is in keeping with the threat made at that time to the effect they would repossess themselves of lands from which they were then evicted. Information was filed against several of the settlers Monday and warrants issued for their arrest. Inasmuch as the settlers have declared they will resist all interference there is great fear of serious trouble and much excitement.

A dispatch from St. Louis says a flood of applications for immigrant rates to Oklahoma is pouring into the St. Louis railroad offices. There is only room for ten thousand homesteads, and applications over thirty thoasand persons seeking low rates of transportation from St. Louis have been received. The roads refuse to give a cut rate. Much suffering is anticipated this coming summer and fall among the shut out pilgrims, who will undoubtedly "Move On" to Texas.

Sunday was the annual "Show Yee" or memorial day among the Chinese. Pilgrimages were made to the various cemeteries by the devout Chinamen, who carried delicacies, including roast pig, boiled chicken, rice and other refreshments, to the deceased friends. The refreshments were laid upon the graves, Joss paper burnt and some ceremonies of a memorial nature performed. Then the food was taken home again and subsequently eaten by the mourners.

The hurricane that made such devastation at Samoa did great damage on the island of Tahiti, one of the Society group. Many persons were killed. On the island of Tonga thirty persons perished and the storm did much damage.

Louis Napoleon, a convict of Sing Sing, escaped from that institution on on Tuesday night. He had already served nineteen years of a twenty years' sentence. A reward of $50 is offered for his capture.

A PLAIN FACT

Have you pain in the small of the back or hips, sharp pain up the back, at times pain in the head, dizziness, glimmering before the eyes, at times difficult to urinate, at times too free, too clear? If so, remember these are symptoms of Bright's Disease, which can be cured in its first stages, but do not wait until then. Go to J. W. Barnitz's drug store and ask for a free sample bottle of Dr. Burdick's Kidney Cure, which will convince you, Large size, 75c. One bottle lasts two weeks. This is a positive cure for all Kidney or Liver trouble, with a guaranteed sale.

For coughs, colds, sore or weak throats, ask for a free sample of Jackson's Magnum Bonum Cough Syrup, the great throat healer. Large size, 25 cents. Sold by J. W. Barnitz, New Oxford. Sample free.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by H. J. Myers

Choice Wheat, longberry	90 @	93
No. 2, " "	83 @	85
Fultz "	90 @	93
No. 2, "	83 @	85
Raked "	80 @	83
Rye, ...	48 @	50
Corn, ...	35 @	38
Oats, ...	25 @	28
Clover Seed, ...	4 00 @	4 50
Timothy Seed, ...	1 25 @	2 75
Timothy Hay, ...	11 00 @	12 00
Rye Straw, ...	9 00 @	9 50
Pork, ...	5 50 @	6 00

MARRIED.

March 24, by Rev. F. S. Lindaman, Mr. Harry Caler, of Germany twp., to Miss Mary E. Ernst, of Union twp.

March 21, by Rev. Dr. Swartz, Mr. Benjamin Eichelberger, of York Springs to Miss Sallie E. Foulk, of Huntington twp.

March 24, by Rev. W. C. Wire, Mr. Jacob Rodkey, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss Lizzie R. Formwalt, of this co.

DIED.

Deaths free—verses, tributes, &c., 5 cents a line

March 29, in Mountjoy twp., Mr. Charles H. Reck, aged 28 years, 10 months and 14 days.

March 25, in Abbottstown, Mr. Anthony H. Thoman, aged 82 years.

March 25, in Dayton, Ohio, Mr. Henry Hersh, formerly of this county, (brother of Commissioner Noah Hersh,) aged about 41 years.

March 22, in Franklin twp., Mrs. Hannah Linn, aged 60 years and 14 days.

March 28, at Baltimore, Carl Elmer, son of Elmer and Julia Haar, aged 1 year and 17 days.

Little Carl was our darling,
Pride of all our hearts at home,
But an angel came and whispered—
Darling Carl do come home.

Lonely the home and sad the hours,
Since our dear Carl is gone,
But oh! a brighter home than ours,
In Heaven is now his own.

Farewell my parents and grandmother dear,
I know you'd love to keep me here,
God loved me too and thought it best
To take me home with him to rest.

By his Aunt I. V. K.

25 to 75 Per Cent. in Your Pocket.

New goods are coming in faster than we are able to put them away, so we are compelled to put out a great many goods in a short time. This we know we can not do in the ordinary run of trade. We have therefore decided to cut way below regular regular prices, and try to bring an extraordinary run in order to clear out the Winter's accumulation of goods. Read over this carefully:

Ladies' genuine Dongola button shoes, reduced to $1.35; regular price $2.25. This is a job lot and an astonising bargain.

Ladies genuine kid button all solid	$1 50
Lot of ladies pebble button solid	1 25
" ladies pat. tip fancy hook lace shoes	1 25
" misses kid shoes, all solid	1 00
" men's shoes, all solid	1 00
" men's fine shoes, all solid	1 00
" boy's shoes all solid	50
" children's shoes	25
" men's calf shoes	1 00

Also a lot of Ladies shoes that have been lying here for several years, which is really a benefit to the wearing qualities of the goods. Some of them cost $1, some $1.25, others $1.50, and a few as much as $2; all must go. Come and take your choice for 50 cents. You say, how can we do this? why, let me tell you. These goods are slightly out of style, you will not pay us the regular price, but you will pay one-fourth of the value for everyday wear. What is the use for us to ask more for an unsalable shoe than you are willing to pay? If we do, we will keep them another year. So we have come down to what you are willing to pay. That means that you will buy them. Come to see our immense new Spring Stock; prices low; assortment big; styles the latest, and all warranted.

H. Long & Son,

Bucher's Block, next door to A. N. Michael's Hardware Store, Hanover.

25,000 CARPENTERS now use our SAW FILER to file all kinds of saws so that they will cut better than ever. Price, $2.50 Circulars and prices to agents. Address,
E. ROTH & BRO., New Oxford, Pa.
14apr82 1y.

We do job work of all kinds cheap and at the shortest notice.

THE REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD BUY

Opaque Felt Window Shades!

1st, It is strong and perfectly opaque. 2nd, Its texture is rubber-like. 3d, It is soft and pliable. 4th, It will not crack, crease or break. 5th, It will not ravel at the edges. 6th, It is noiseless in operation. 7th, It will not wrinkle or curl. 8th, It can be sewed the same as cloth. 9th, Its appearance, when contrasted with the best cloth curtains, is always in its favor. 10th, It is cheaper and more durable.

Parties needing curtain goods, should not fail to examine these goods before purchasing. We carry a full line and shall be pleased to sample them at any time. ☞The only place in town to get them is at

SHEELY & BRO.,

CENTRE SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

WHEN WILL IT BE? EVERYBODY IS ANXIOUS TO KNOW!

On or after April 5th, we will open for the inspection of the people, the largest and finest stock of

Spring and Summer Clothing,

Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods for Med, Boys and Children that was ever brought to Hanover. This big stock has been selected with great care from among the products of the best manufacturers in the country, and we have not the least doubt that we can PLEASE THE EYE as well as SUIT THE POCKET BOOK of all who favor us with their patronage. The great cry of "Hard Times" has been counteracted by the low prices at which we are selling our goods. Seeing is believing, so give us a call and you will be convinced at once. ☞In order that your surprise at our Marvelous Bargains may not be too great, we will give you below a few prices:

MEN'S DEPARTMENT—Working suits for men, of good strong material, $2.50; a Better suit for evening wear, all colors, $4; A fine all-wool Cassimere and Cheviot suit, $5; a fine Dress suit, Sack and Front, $6; Black and Blue Worsted suits Sack and Frock at $7 50; A fine imported Worsted and Diagonal suit, from $10 to $15.

NOW FOR BOYS—We never had such a big assortment in Boys' Clothing from the lowest price to the highest. All sold at Rock Bottom Prices. ☞Our line of Childrens's Suits from 4 years up to 13 is complete. We sell them from $1 up. Our line of young men's pants is unsurpassed. We can suit the most fastidious. Working pants from 75c. up. A Complete Line of Spring Styles of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

D. MYERS, The Reliable CLOTHIER.

Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, next to Shirk's Hardware, HANOVER, PA.

New Goods! Big Bargains!

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

MERCHANT - TAILORING!

Gents' Furnishing goods! Dry goods!
Notions, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Carpet-chain,
Feathers, Looking Glasses, &c., &c.
All at the very lowest prices.

CARVER & LITTLE,

Cor. Broadway and Fountain Sq., HANOVER, PA.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

We wish to say a word about our new stock of **Wool Dress Fabrics** for this spring. We cannot even hint at the different weaves or colors, suffice it to say that we have the most desirable things obtainable, and we give you **twice** the choice of any store in this county, and in many instances we can save you big money on the price.

In addition to our guaranteed Gros Grain Silks we have added this season a superb quality FAILLE FRANCAISE which we will sell at $1 and ask you to compare it with $1.20 goods.

TRIMMINGS—you cannot ask for much that is new in Braids, Persian bands, Gimps, Silk Stripes, Plushes, Ribbons, Buttons, &c., to match that we do not have, which is a convenience not found in any store in this county.

SATINES AND GINGHAMS—think of it, 100 styles of Dress Ginghams, 8 cents for a good one, and the celebrated Foille du Nord at 12½c., absolutely fast color, beautiful styles, Breton Zephyr 12½c. up, to French at 20c. 65 styles of Satines at from 10c. up to Best French made. The choice styles are selling fast.

Our store has never been in such a good condition for buying from us at present. If you cannot come yourself write for samples.

G. W. WEAVER & SON.

Administrator's Notice.

Joanna Felix's Estate.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joanna Felix, late of New Oxford Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in Oxford township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G F SMITH,
Administrator.

Mar. 1, '89, 6t.

2.....AND.....1

Dr. Rife's

2 AND 1

Is a specific for Toothache, Neuralgia of the Face and Head and Babies Teething. It removes all Tartar, prevents Premature Decay, beautifies the Teeth, Invigorates the Gums, and keeps the Mouth in a healthy condition and perfumes the Breath.

J. W. BARNITZ,
Sole Agent for New Oxford and Vicinity.

Neat and Quick Work. Low Prices.

At this office.

J. M. MARTIN,

Irishtown, Pa., dealer in

All kinds of Groceries,
Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Syrups,
Spices.

Canned Goods: corn, peas, tomatoes, peaches, oysters.

Dried Fruit: apples, peaches, prunes, blackberries, corn, currants, raisins, figs, dates, etc., etc.

Oranges, apples, rice, hominy, beans, corn starch, buckwheat flour, oat and corn meal, feed, etc.

cheese. soaps.

A comic paper called Crack Shots given with every 10-cent plug of tobacco.

A full line of notions, queens and glassware, etc., for sale.

The New Oxford Item.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS.—ONE DOLLAR per annum in advance.—ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—large reductions to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest lable or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1889.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Barnum's show at York on Wednesday, May 8th.

April Court begins next Monday, to continue one week.

There are only two applicants for the Bendersville post-office.

Daniel Crouse, of Littlestown, lost a fine horse a few days ago.

Rev. J. Wilson Bixler, of Hanover, will spend a year in Germany.

The Gettysburg Hosiery Company made a sale of 2,500 dozen stockings the other day.

There are 397 boys and 221 girls, a total of 618 pupils, in the Indian school at Carlisle.

A valuable driving mare belonging to Davis Garber, of Hanover, died on last Tuesday night.

An earthquake shock was felt in Frederick county, along the Monocacy, about 9 o'clock Thursday night.

BIG BARGAINS IN IRISHTOWN!
Finest Dried Corn 7 pounds for 25cts,
at J. M. MARTIN'S.

The Legislature has decided to allow the legal weight of a ton of anthracite coal to remain at 2,240 lbs.

Lightning rod agents have been traveling through Franklin county have swindled a great many farmers.

Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, Arnica Oil Liniment and Downs' Elixior for sale at Dicks' drug store.

C. E. Meyers, Ed. Criswell and H. B. Pearson, of York Springs, captured about 300 catfish one day last week.

$1,695,389, is the total valuation of real and personal property in Hanover, as assessed for borough purposes

Rev. Mr. Zimmerman, of Carlisle, will preach in the M. E. church, on Sunday next, April 7th, morning and evening.

Thousands of tramps are said to be swarming along the line dividing Maryland and Pennsylvania, en route for regions in the North.

J. Wm. Brown, Esq., youngest son of the late Dr. J. A. Brown, of Gettysburg, has been admitted to the Lancaster county bar.

Slagle & Menough, of York, have the contract for building the new union depot at Hanover at $12,000; work to begin soon.

Nevin Dicks, of Reading township, recently caught two pike in Himes' dam which measured 14½ and 15½ inches, respectively.

Ex-Commissioner Sol. Schwartz, of Conowago twp., has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, to his brother Samuel Schwartz.

A little child of Amos Stoner, of Fairfield, was badly scalded one day last week by falling in some hot starch.

Patrick McNulty, charged with stealing liquor from Mr. Shively's cellar, was discharged Monday on a writ of habeas corpus.

On Wednesday Sheriff Taughenbaugh sold W. B. Metcalf's interest in a lot of ground in York Springs to J. B. Metcalfe for $20.

A fire broke out on the farm of David Harman near York Springs on Sunday a week and about 12 acres of land were burned over. A large lot of rails were burned.

Clarence J. Reddig, of Shippensburg, has been elected secretary of the Prohibitory State Central Committee, and is on duty at the office in Philadelphia.

On Sunday Dr. W. H. O'Neil, of Gettysburg, removed from the ear of a child of William Rhine a grain of corn which for two years had lain close to the ear drum.

Mrs. Sophia Leidigh, an aged woman, who resided 2 miles west of Mechanicsburg, was found dead in bed at her home on last Thursday evening.

Do you suffer with sick headache, dizziness, constipation or pain in the side, if so afflicted use Red Cloud Liver Beans. Trial package free at all druggists. 25 doses 25 cents.

Dr. C L. Myers, a successful phycian of Shepherdstown, Cumberland county, will locate at York Springs to practice his profession.

Don't stop your buggy, carriage or wagon on the street crossings.—Crossings were made for the accommodation of pedestrians, not vehicles.

The Penn'a R. R. Co. are about to erect a modern hospital at Columbia, to contain about 50 beds, where their employees who may become sick or disabled will be treated.

The seventieth anniversary of the birth of American Odd Fellowship will occur on Friday, April 29th.

Mr. John Ward, of Mt. Holly, will deliver the memorial address at New Chester and Hampton, on May 29th. Peter Miller Post, G. A. R., of York Springs, will have charge of the ceremonies.

Joe Rahn, of York, who some time ago had his skull cracked and a foot mashed by the cars, died last week from his injuries. He was only 13 years old.

Most men, otherwise strong in body and mind, will become unhappy and break down when afflicted with rheumatism. If they would only try Salvation Oil they would find relief at once. Price 25c.

All the keys of Windsor Castle were recently stolen, but even this does not interfere with the rapid sale of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Mr. Lewis Tschop, East Berlin, cut himself in the knee with a hand ax whilst hewing wagon hounds and is confined to bed. Mr. George Gochenour cut himself severely in the foot with an ax.

Twelve million is the number of printed ballots "for" and "against" that will be supplied to the voters of the State to enable them to reach a conclusion on the 18th of June.

An attempt was made to wreck the afternoon train which passes through Mechanicsburg on Sunday at 2:38 o'clock, in the neighborhoon of Camp Hill. The engineer noticed the obstruction on the road, and succeeded in stopping the train in time to prevent an accident.

Jacob S. Wetzel, of Carlisle, while assisting his brother to move, slipped and fell under the wheel of a large wagon, which passed over his right arm. The arm was broken in two places.

Last Saturday night, Andrew, son of Mr. Frederick Shanebrook, of near Hanover, was loading a revolver, when one chamber was accidentally discharged, the ball passing through his hand.

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING.—To show every one what Red Cloud Liver Beans will do for dyspepsia, torpid liver, biliousness, sick or nervous headache, any druggist will give you a trial package free. Try it.

Mr. Harry Miller, of Hanover, a brakeman on the Western Maryland Railroad, had his foot crushed, caused by slipping on the rail while coupling cars at Glenville station on the B. & H. Division, last Saturday.

We desire to return thanks to the numerous friends who called and settled their accouts this week. We truly appreciate it. There are many, however, very many, who have not called, that we will be just as glad to welcome.

Two car loads of machinery arrived in this place on Wednesday for the Eichelberger mill, recently burned, near town. The mill when completed will be one of the best equipped in the county.

Last Thursday the pastors of Hanover, Conewago, Littlestown, Bonneauville and Gettysburg, met in conference at the residence of Father O'Reilly of St. Patrick's church, York, Father Emig, of Hanover, presiding. Several subjects of importance were discussed during the meeting.

It seems the new postal card, a description of which has been widely circulated by the newspapers, is a myth. The Post Office Department does not contemplate issuing a new card, and is at a loss to know how such a report gained currency.

On Friday evening as Miss Emma Warren, of Gettysburg, was attempting to get out of a buggy to escape injury from a viciously kicking horse, she fell on the street and cut a severe gash on the side of her face.

Last Monday night, the suit of Mr. Arthur Favorite, the contractor who built the Hanover and Littlestown turnpike, against that corporation for 15 per cent. retained by the directors for alleged non-fulfillment of contract on the contractor's part, was compromised by the payment to Mr. Favorite, of $2500. The sum retained, with interest to date, amounted to something over $3000.

A good horse belonging to Mr. Z. H. Cashman, of Hanover street, in some way got one of its hind feet over the halter chain Tuesday night and when discovered the next morning it was almost dead from exhaustion It is thought to be hurt internally, and may yet die from its injuries.

Theo. Pfeiffer Camp 60 S. of V., of this place, was inspected by Past Captain Meals, of the Gettysburg Camp, on Tuesday evening. Mr. A. E. Buckminster, P, C. of Camp 60 inspected the Gettysburg Camp on Thursday evening.

The 42d New York regiment, known as the Tammany regiment, have adopted a unique design for their monument which is to stand near the spot where Gen. Hancock was wounded on the Gettysburg battlefield. On a large granite base will be placed a wigwam with an Indian chief standing in front of it, all in bronze, to cost about $10,000.

Wm. L. Castle, while hauling stone in a field near Frederick, on Thursday, observed one of his horses sinking and in a short time the other also went down until they reached a depth of 15 feet. Neighbors were summoned and after considerable difficulty they were rescued.

A little daughter of Mr. Joseph Shutt, of Huntington twp., aged about 15 months, managed to get hold of a box of concentrated lye, one day last week, put some in its mouth, the inside of which together with its lips and tongue, were painfully burned. Fortunately none passed down its throat, else certain death would have been the result.—Comet.

The Baltimore American says: Jno. P. Johns, of McSherrystown, proprietor of the Eutaw Place Stables, sold thirty-seven horses Saturday week, some of them fine coachers, to the Union Car Line Company. They replace the wornout horses sold by the company. The prices paid are $140 and $150 each. Mr. Johns also sold to Wood Bros., liverymen of Washington, a large pair of coupe horses for $450.

Functional torpor of the liver should be promptly and heroically treated. If secretions of bile remain in the blood they become the pregnat source of many cutageous diseases. Laxador the "golden" remedy is the great liver regulator.

Children cry for it, but they stop crying at once, after they have taken a single dose, as Dr. Dull's Baby Syrup cures all the pains our little ones are subject to. Price 25 cents a bottle.

J. T. Metcalf, manufacturer of the Metcalf engines and boilers at Quincy, Franklin county, contemplates removing the plant to Shippensburg if the citizens raise $25,000 of the $35,000 of capital necessary to operate it. It is believed that this amount can be raised.

Rev. C T. Dunning was appointed by the M. E. Conference to succeed Rev. Mr. Hesser, as minister of the Hanover and New Oxford charges. Rev. J. R. Dunkerly goes to Gettysburg; Rev. M. J. Runyan, to Littlestown, and Rev. Edmund White to York Springs. Rev. Hesser goes to Mechanicsburg, Cumb. Co.

A smoke house in West Manchester township, on the Gettysburg pike, about five miles from York, took fire on Saturday last and was entirely consumed, with all its contents—a lot of hams, shoulders, beef, and sausage of two hogs belonging to William Senft, and the meat of one hog weighing 400 pounds belonging to Milton Boyer.

As a first-of-April joke a lot of rags were burned in a tin pan about four o'clock Monday morning at the foot of one of the stair-ways in Pennsylvania Hall, at Gettysburg College. A heavy volume of smoke arose through the building and created so great an excitement that a fire alarm was sounded at the engine-house in town, and the steam fire engine company started for the scene before the joke came out.

A YANKEE SHERIFF FRIGHTENED.—A well-known sheriff who lives in Maine, had been given up to die with what his physician called consumption, a friend advised the sheriff to try Puritan cough and consumption cure, recovery soon followed, much to the surprise of the doctor, who now prescribes it for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. At Barnitz's drug store.

William Baker, of Newburg, Cumberland county, sold a horse to a dealer a couple of weeks ago, and the horse jumped off the cars into a crowd of children in Philadelphia, and killed a little girl and injured others. Suit has been brought for $3,000 damages Rev. John M. Stouffer sold the horse to Baker. At one time he walked on his hind feet after the Rev. Stouffer in the street for half a square, cutting at him with his fore feet.

Very fine strawberries for the time of year are selling in Philadelphia at from 40 to 50 cents a quart. New tomatoes bring from 30 to 40 cents a quart; cucumbers, 25 cents each; string beans and green peas 40 cents a quarter peck; asparagus, from 75 cents to $1 a bunch; Bermuda potatoes, 50 cents a quarter peck, and cauliflower, 50 cents each.

Ill.

Mr. W. M. Swartz, of Philapelphia street, has been lying very ill for the past week, but his condition at this time is somewhat improved.

Mr. J. E. Myers, who had been confined to the house for the past four weeks with inflammatary rheumatism, we are pleased to say, is again able to be out and about.

Mr. J. J. Clapsaddle, is lying very critically ill at his residence on Hanover street

Mr. John Mowry is also lying very seriously ill at his residence near town.

Mr. Wm. D. Myers, of near town, who has been confined to the house for the past few weeks with pneumonia, is convalescing.

Mr. John Carbaugh has also been confined to the house for the past week by illness.

Personal.

Mr. George Sherman, of Westminster, spent several days with friends in town.

Mr. I. D. W. Stonesifer, of Manchester, Md., was among the visitors here on Monday.

Mr. Jacob Bowser has gone to Springfield, O., to seek employment.

Miss Nettie Swartz has returned from a few weeks visit among friends at Washington, Baltimore, and Wheel-W. Va.

Miss Bessie Gitt, of near town, is attending school at West Chester, Pa.

Mr. J. A. Sheely, who was at home on a few weeks vacation, returned to Millersville, Lancaster county, on Monday where he is attending college. His brother Edward accompanied him and will also attend school there.

Messrs. Daniel Geiselman, Abraham Hostetter and Samuel Kindig, of Union twp., are visiting Springfield, Ill.

Council Meeting.

NEW OXFORD, April 2.—The regular monthly meeting of the Council was held on Tuesday evening, April 2nd. Called to order and minutes of the last meeting approved, with the word appropriated instead of recived for lamplighting, as understood by some of the council. All the members present.

The regular order of business was then proceeded with, as follows: The various committees, no report—specially. The Burgess asked what is to be done with the ladders, &c., belonging to the Borough, at present unprotected from the weather. After some discussion and suggestions, a motion was made and agreed to that the council meet at the engine houss on Saturday morning and decide upon a plan for shelter, &c.

The matter of opening certain streets was discussed, when on motion, by request, the chair appointed Messrs. Steffy and Brown to see council's attorney in reference thereto, as well as other matters relating to the borough.

On motion, the Burgess and Secretary be requested to get the prices of hose suitable for engine. The Secretary to write Mr. Chas. F. Hennick, of the Baltimore Fire Department, in reference to hats for our company.

On motion, the Burgess be requested to take charge of the Circle, and have the walks put in good condition, and a general supervision of the same, and that no bicycles be allowed inside the enclosure, nor persons to walk on the grass.

Bills to the amount of $13.26, were presented, examined, and orders granted for the same.

On motion, adjourned to the first Tuesday evening of May.

Attest, JOS S. GITT, Sec'y.

Horrible Accident.

Near Frederick, Md., Friday week, a 12 year old son of Douglas H. Hargett met with an accident that resulted in his death the same night. Some of the employes on the farm of Mr. Hargett had been engaged in crushing corn in a steam crusher. The men had just finished their work, but before the cogs had ceased revolving young Hargett, who was standing on a level with the top of the crusher, observed several ears still in the mouth of the machine, and attempted to push them down with his foot. On doing so he slipped and his leg up to the hip was drawn between the rollers and shockingly crushed. Nearly two hours elapsed before the machine could be broken up and the unfortunate boy released from his terrible situation.

Committed.

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Borough Statement.

Annual Financial Statement of the Borough of New Oxford, for the financial year ending March 1st. 1889.

Abraham Sheely, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of New Oxford:

RECEIPTS.

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Amount of duplicate of 188.	610 86
" of Band wagon sold,	25 00
" from cart hire,	5 37
" from bricks sold,	20
	$767 76
Less exonerations,	17 31
	$750 44

EXPENDITURES.

J. A. Sadler, lamplighter & police,	$ 68 85
Sheely & Bro., oil, globes, &c.,	26 95
J. W. Dicks, freight on town clock,	5 94
M. J. Smith, Sec'y Fire Co. for janitor,	30 00
H. I. Smith, publishing statement,	7 00
H. J. Staub, supervisor and labor,	68 12
H. A. Sherman, boarding up clock,	7 22
Gilbert & Himes, hardware,	5 66
Fenx & Timmins, masonry,	10 10
Abraham Sheely, coal,	12 18
J. E. C. Miller, hardware,	16 41
T. D. Smith, lamps,	12 70
W. A. Himes, coal and sundries,	21 [illegible]
Geo. Emler, spalls and crushed stone,	47 78
H. A. Sherman, attending town clock,	12 00
Jos. S. Gitt, services as secretary,	20 00
Martin Heltzel, tax collector,	18 17
Jas. A. Staub, brick,	3 38
J. A. Kitzmiller, attorney's fees,	5 00
Leo J. Staub, smith work,	5 60
J. W. Diehl, clock weights, rent, &c.,	15 70
A. W. Staub, labor and horse hire,	11 50
James A. Robinson, stone,	1 15
Joseph Staub, labor,	10 00
E. G. Topper, labor,	1 15
Henry Myers, labor,	1 20
C. U. Slough, work,	50
Martin Heltzel, horse hire	1 1[illegible]
Wm. Wagner, Auditor and labor,	3 70
M. J. Smith, Auditor,	1 10
A. Byers, repairing cart,	50
A. K. Smith, labor,	2 25
Charles Slough, labor,	75
Christian Lawrence, labor,	85
W. J. Metzler, stationary,	70
Interest on bonds,	170 00
	$580 37
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	170 07
	$750 44

WE, the undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., hereby certify that we have examined the foregoing account of Abraham Sheely, Treasurer of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., having compared the same with the vouchers pertaining thereto and found the accounts correct as stated, and a balance in the hands of Treasurer of $170.07.

WM. A. WAGNER,
LEO J. STAUB,
Auditors.

New Oxford March 4th, 1889.

Attest, Jos. S. Gitt, Sec'y.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The New Oxford Item.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

BY H. I. SMITH.

TERMS.—ONE DOLLAR per annum in advance.—ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—large reductions to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest table or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, at the lowest rates.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1889.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Barnum's show at York on Wednesday, May 8th.

April Court begins next Monday, to continue one week.

There are only two applicants for the Bendersville post-office.

Daniel Crouse, of Littlestown, lost a fine horse a few days ago.

Rev. J. Wilson Bixler, of Hanover, will spend a year in Germany.

The Gettysburg Hosiery Company made a sale of 2,500 dozen stockings the other day.

There are 397 boys and 221 girls, a total of 618 pupils, in the Indian school at Carlisle.

A valuable driving mare belonging to Davis Garber, of Hanover, died on last Tuesday night.

An earthquake shock was felt in Frederick county, along the Monocacy, about 9 o'clock Thursday night.

BIG BARGAINS IN IRISHTOWN!
Finest Dried Corn 7 pounds for 25cts,
at J. M. MARTIN'S.

The Legislature has decided to allow the legal weight of a ton of anthracite coal to remain at 2,240 lbs.

Lightning rod agents have been traveling through Franklin county have swindled a great many farmers.

Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, Arnica Oil Liniment and Downs' Elixior for sale at Dicks' drug store.

C. E. Meyers, Ed. Criswell and H. B. Pearson, of York Springs, captured about 300 catfish one day last week.

$1,695,389, is the total valuation of real and personal property in Hanover, as assessed for borough purposes

Rev. Mr. Zimmerman, of Carlisle, will preach in the M. E. church, on Sunday next, April 7th, morning and evening.

Thousands of tramps are said to be swarming along the line dividing Maryland and Pennsylvania, en route for regions in the North.

J. Wm. Brown, Esq., youngest son of the late Dr. J. A. Brown, of Getrysburg, has been admitted to the Lancaster county bar.

Slagle & Menough, of York, have the contract for building the new union depot at Hanover at $12,000; work to begin soon.

Nevin Dicks, of Reading township, recently caught two pike in Himes' dam which measured 14½ and 15½ inches, respectively.

Ex-Commissioner Sol. Schwartz, of Conowago twp., has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, to his brother Samuel Schwartz.

A little child of Amos Stoner, of Fairfield, was badly scalded one day last week by falling in some hot starch.

Patrick McNulty, charged with stealing liquor from Mr. Shively's cellar, was discharged Monday on a writ of habeas corpus.

On Wednesday Sheriff Taughenbaugh sold W. B. Metcalf's interest in a lot of ground in York Springs to J. B. Metcalfe for $20.

A fire broke out on the farm of David Harman near York Springs on Sunday a week and about 12 acres of land were burned over. A large lot of rails were burned.

Clarence J. Reddig, of Shippensburg, has been elected secretary of the Prohibitory State Central Committee, and is on duty at the office in Philadelphia.

On Sunday Dr. W. H. O'Neil, of Gettysburg, removed from the ear of a child of William Rhine a grain of corn which for two years had lain close to the ear drum.

Mrs. Sophia Leidigh, an aged woman, who resided 2 miles west of Mechanicsburg, was found dead in bed at her home on last Thursday evening.

Do you suffer with sick headache, dizziness, constipation or pain in the side, if so afflicted use Red Cloud Liver Beans. Trial package free at all druggists. 25 doses 25 cents.

Dr. C L. Myers, a successful phycian of Shepherdstown, Cumberland county, will locate at York Springs to practice his profession.

Don't stop your buggy, carriage or wagon on the street crossings.—Crossings were made for the accommodation of pedestrians, not vehicles.

The Penn'a R. R. Co. are about to erect a modern hospital at Columbia, to contain about 50 beds, where their employees who may become sick or disabled will be treated.

The seventieth anniversary of the birth of American Odd Fellowship will occur on Friday, April 29th.

Mr. John Ward, of Mt. Holly, will deliver the memorial address at New Chester and Hampton, on May 29th. Peter Miller Post, G. A. R., of York Springs, will have charge of the ceremonies.

Joe Rahn, of York, who some time ago had his skull cracked and a foot mashed by the cars, died last week from his injuries. He was only 13 years old.

Most men, otherwise strong in body and mind, will become unhappy and break down when afflicted with rheumatism. If they would only try Salvation Oil they would find relief at once. Price 25c.

All the keys of Windsor Castle were recently stolen, but even this does not interfere with the rapid sale of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Mr. Lewis Tschop, East Berlin, cut himself in the knee with a hand ax whilst hewing wagon hounds and is confined to bed. Mr. George Gochenour cut himself severely in the foot with an ax.

Twelve million is the number of printed ballots "for" and "against" that will be supplied to the voters of the State to enable them to reach a conclusion on the 18th of June.

An attempt was made to wreck the afternoon train which passes through Mechanicsburg on Sunday at 2:38 o'clock, in the neighborhoon of Camp Hill. The engineer noticed the obstruction on the road, and succeeded in stopping the train in time to prevent an accident.

Jacob S. Wetzel, of Carlisle, while assisting his brother to move, slipped and fell under the wheel of a large wagon, which passed over his right arm. The arm was broken in two places.

Last Saturday night, Andrew, son of Mr. Frederick Shanebrook, of near Hanover, was loading a revolver, when one chamber was accidentally discharged, the ball passing through his hand.

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING.—To show every one what Red Cloud Liver Beans will do for dyspepsia, torpid liver, biliousness, sick or nervous headache, any druggist will give you a trial package free. Try it.

Mr. Harry Miller, of Hanover, a brakeman on the Western Maryland Railroad, had his foot crushed, caused by slipping on the rail while coupling cars at Glenville station on the B. & H. Division, last Saturday.

We desire to return thanks to the numerous friends who called and settled their accouts this week. We truly appreciate it. There are many, however, very many, who have not called, that we will be just as glad to welcome.

Two car loads of machinery arrived in this place on Wednesday for the Eichelberger mill, recently burned, near town. The mill when completed will be one of the best equipped in the county.

Last Thursday the pastors of Hanover, Conewago, Littlestown, Bonneauville and Gettysburg, met in conference at the residence of Father O'Reilly of St. Patrick's church, York, Father Emig, of Hanever, presiding. Several subjects of importance were discussed during the meeting.

It seems the new postal card, a description of which has been widely circulated by the newspapers, is a myth. The Post Office Department does not contemplate issuing a new card, and is at a loss to know how such a report gained currency.

On Friday evening as Miss Emma Warren, of Gettysburg, was attempting to get out of a buggy to escape injury from a viciously kicking horse, she fell on the street and cut a severe gash on the side of her face.

Last Monday night, the suit of Mr. Arthur Favorite, the contractor who built the Hanover and Littlestown turnpike, against that corporation for 15 per cent. retained by the directors for alleged non-fulfillment of contract on the contractor's part, was compromised by the payment to Mr. Favorite, of $2500. The sum retained, with interest to date, amounted to something over $3000.

A good horse belonging to Mr. Z. H. Cashman, of Hanover street, in some way got one of its hind feet over the halter chain Tuesday night and when discovered the next morning it was almost dead from exhaustion It is thought to be hurt internally, and may yet die from its injuries.

Theo. Pfeiffer Camp 60 S. of V., of this place, was inspected by Past Captain Meals, of the Gettysburg Camp, on Tuesday evening. Mr. A. E. Buckminster, P, C. of Camp 60 inspected the Gettysburg Camp on Thursday evening.

The 42d New York regiment, known as the Tammany regiment, have adopted a unique design for their monument which is to stand near the spot where Gen. Hancock was wounded on the Gettysburg battlefield. On a large granite base will be placed a wigwam with an Indian chief standing in front of it, all in bronze, to cost about $10,000.

Wm. L. Castle, while hauling stone in a field near Frederick, on Thursday, observed one of his horses sinking and in a short time the other also went down until they reached a depth of 15 feet. Neighbors were summoned and after considerable difficulty they were rescued.

A little daughter of Mr. Joseph Shutt, of Huntington twp., aged about 15 months, managed to get hold of a box of concentrated lye, one day last week, put some in its mouth, the inside of which together with its lips and tongue, were painfully burned. Fortunately none passed down its throat, else certain death would have been the result.—Comet.

The Baltimore American says: Jno. P. Johns, of McSherrystown, proprietor of the Eutaw Place Stables, sold thirty-seven horses Saturday week, some of them fine coachers, to the Union Car Line Company. They replace the wornout horses sold by the company. The prices paid are $140 and $150 each. Mr. Johns also sold to Wood Bros., liverymen of Washington, a large pair of coupe horses for $450.

Functional torpor of the liver should be promptly and heroically treated. If secretions of bile remain in the blood they become the pregnat source of many cutageous diseases. Laxador the "golden" remedy is the great liver regulator.

Children cry for it, but they stop crying at once, after they have taken a single dose, as Dr. Dull's Baby Syrup cures all the pains our little ones are subject to. Price 25 cents a bottle.

J. T. Metcalf, manufacturer of the Metcalf engines and boilers at Qnincy, Franklin county, contemplates removing the plant to Shippensburg if the citizens raise $25,000 of the $35,000 of capital necessary to operate it. It is believed that this amount can be raised.

Rev. C T. Dunning was appointed by the M. E. Conference to succeed Rev. Mr. Hesser, as minister of the Hanover and New Oxford charges. Rev. J. R. Dunkerly goes to Gettysburg; Rev. M. J. Runyan, to Littlestown, and Rev. Edmund White to York Springs. Rev. Hesser goes to Mechanicsburg, Cumb. Co.

A smoke house in West Manchester township, on the Gettysburg pike, about five miles from York, took fire on Saturday last and was entirely consumed, with all its contents—a lot of hams, shoulders, beef, and sausage of two hogs belonging to William Senft, and the meat of one hog weighing 400 pounds belonging to Milton Boyer.

As a first-of-April joke a lot of rags were burned in a tin pan about four o'clock Monday morning at the foot of one of the stair-ways in Pennsylvania Hall, at Gettysburg College. A heavy volume of smoke arose through the building and created so great an excitement that a fire alarm was sounded at the engine-house in town, and the steam fire engine company started for the scene before the joke came out.

A YANKEY SHERIFF FRIGHTENED.—A well-known sheriff who lives in Maine, had been given up to die with what his physician called consumption, a friend advised the sheriff to try Puritan cough and consumption cure, recovery soon followed, much to the surprise of the doctor, who now prescribes it for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. At Barnitz's drug store.

William Baker, of Newburg, Cumberland county, sold a horse to a dealer a couple of weeks ago, and the horse jumped off the cars into a crowd of children in Philadelphia, and killed a little girl and injured others. Suit has been brought for $3,000 damages Rev. John M. Stouffer sold the horse to Baker. At one time he walked on his hind feet after the Rev. Stouffer in the street for half a square, cutting at him with his fore feet.

Very fine strawberries for the time of year are selling in Philadelphia at from 40 to 50 cents a quart. New tomatoes bring from 30 to 40 cents a quart; cucumbers, 25 cents each; string beans and green peas 40 cents a quarter peck; asparagus, from 75 cents to $1 a bunch; Bermuda potatoes, 50 cents a quarter peck, and cauliflower, 50 cents each.

Ill.

Mr. W. M. Swartz, of Philapelphia street, has been lying very ill for the past week, but his condition at this time is somewhat improved.

Mr. J. E Myers, who had been confined to the house for the past four weeks with inflammatary rheumatism, we are pleased to say, is again able to be out and about.

Mr. J. J. Clapsaddle, is lying very critically ill at his residence on Hanover street.

Mr. John Mowry is also lying very seriously ill at his residence near town.

Mr. Wm. D. Myers, of near town, who has been confined to the house for the past few weeks with pneumonia, is convalescing.

Mr. John Carbaugh has also been confined to the house for the past week by illness.

Personal.

Mr. George Sherman, of Westminster, spent several days with friends in town.

Mr. I. D. W. Stonesifer, of Manchester, Md., was among the visitors here on Monday.

Mr. Jacob Bowser has gone to Springfield, O., to seek employment.

Miss Nettie Swartz has returned from a few weeks visit among friends at Washington, Baltimore, and Wheel-W. Va.

Miss Bessie Gitt, of near town, is attending school at West Chester, Pa.

Mr. J. A. Sheely, who was at home on a few weeks vacation, returned to Millersville, Lancaster county, on Monday where he is attending college. His brother Edward accompanied him and will also attend school there.

Messrs. Daniel Geiselman, Abraham Hostetter and Samuel Kindig, of Union twp., are visiting Springfield, Ill.

Council Meeting.

NEW OXFORD, April 2.—The regular monthly meeting of the Council was held on Tuesday evening, April 2nd. Called to order and minutes of the last meeting approved, with the word appropriated instead of recived for lamplighting, as understood by some of the council. All the members present.

The regular order of business was then proceeded with, as follows: The various committees, no report—specially. The Burgess asked what is to be done with the ladders, &c., belonging to the Borough, at present unprotected from the weather. After some discussion and suggestions, a motion was made and agreed to that the council meet at the engine houss on Saturday morning and decide upon a plan for shelter, &c.

The matter of opening certain streets was discussed, when on motion, by request, the chair appointed Messrs. Steffy and Brown to see council's attorney in reference thereto, as well as other matters relating to the borough.

On motion, the Burgess and Secretary be requested to get the prices of hose suitable for engine. The Secretary to write Mr. Chas F. Hennick, of the Baltimore Fire Department, in reference to hats for our company.

On motion, the Burgess be requested to take charge of the Circle, and have the walks put in good condition, and a general supervision of the same, and that no bicycles be allowed inside the enclosure, nor persons to walk on the grass.

Bills to the amount of $13.26, were presented, examined, and orders granted for the same.

On motion, adjourned to the first Tuesday evening of May.

Attest, JOS S. GITT, Sec'y.

Horrible Accident.

Near Frederick, Md., Friday week, a 12 year old son of Douglas H. Hargett met with an accident that resulted in his death the same night. Some of the employes on the farm of Mr. Hargett had been engaged in crushing corn in a steam crusher. The men had just finished their work, but before the cogs had ceased revolving young Hargett, who was standing on a level with the top of the crusher, observed several ears still in the mouth of the machine, and attempted to push them down with his foot. On doing so he slipped and his leg up to the hip was drawn between the rollers and shockingly crushed. Nearly two hours elapsed before the machine could be broken up and the unfortunate boy released from his terrible situation.

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Leo J. Staub, smith work,	[illegible] 60
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Henry Myers, labor,	1 20
C. C. Stough, work,	50
Martin Heltzel, horse hire	1 [illegible]
Wm Wagner, Auditor and labor.	[illegible] 00
M. J. Smith, Auditor,	1 00
A Byers, repairing cart,	[illegible]
A. K. Smith, labor,	2 25
Charles Stough, labor,	[illegible]
Christian Lawrence, labor.	[illegible]
W. J Metzler, stationary,	[illegible] 70
Interest on bonds.	[illegible]
	$ [illegible]
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	[illegible]
	$750 44

WE, the undersigned, Auditors of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., hereby certify that we have examined the foregoing account of Abraham Sheely, Treasurer of the Borough of New Oxford, Pa., having compared the same with the vouchers pertaining thereto and found the accounts correct as stated, and a balance in the hands of Treasurer of $70.[illegible]

WM. A WAGNER,
LEO J STAUB,
Auditors.

New Oxford March 4th, 1889
Attest, Jos. S. Gitt, Sec'y.

Electric lighting wires have killed over 200 persons during the past two years.

The fires in London last year averaged about five a day—a material decrease compared with 1887.

In Paris, France, a big company has a monopoly of the funerals. This company handles 50,000 bodies yearly.

General Boulanger seems, according to the Chicago *Herald*, to have won the greatest victory ever recorded in politics.

The United States, with over 60,000,000 population, has 5000 students of theology, while Germany, with 45,000,000, has 7000.

The United States Court at Montgomery, Ala., holds that cotton-future contracts are not gambling transactions, but valid trades.

The mild winter of 1888–9 has not proved an unalloyed blessing. Eight sleigh manufacturers in and about New York State have failed.

In some parts of the West they define a White Cap as an immoral and good-for-nothing man who takes upon himself the duty of punishing all other immoral and good-for-nothing men.

Last year fifteen Chinamen were married in Queensland—one to a native of the colony, one to a Victorian native, two to Scotch women, three to Irish women and eight to English women.

Says the New Orleans *Times-Democrat*: "In the present state of our coast defences a foreign force would find but little difficulty in entering any of our great ports or landing on any eligible part of our coast."

The Corean Kingdom bachelor is not spoken of as a man but a "person." He becomes a man only when he marries. Such a rule in the United States would promote marriage, declares the N York *Graphic*, failure or no failure.

Philadelphia *Inquirer* believes that if the plan of instructing pupils in the affairs of the day with the aid of the daily newspapers were more generally practiced, we should have fewer juvenile pedagogues and more bright scholars.

A correspondent of the London *Times* says that the word "teetotal" had its origin through a stuttering temperance orator, who urged on his hearers that nothing less than "te-te-te-total" abstinence would satisfy temperance reformers. Some one at once adopted "teeto tal" as a suitable word, and it sprang into general use.

A singular exhibition has just been held at Meningen, Germany. It consisted of 250 newspapers containing articles upon the death of the Emperor William I., representing no fewer than fifty-four languages, among which, of course, all the European, with their dialects, were represented; while Bengali, Hindi, Guzzurati, Chinese, Japanese and Hawaiian may also be found.

An old fellow in a Wisconsin town who has been running a private bank for some years was recently requested to publish some sort of a statement. So he posted the following on the door of his bank: "Notice—This 'ere bank has got $50,000 behind her. She don't owe nobody a red cent. Good paper discounted as heretofore, and nobody proposes to cut sticks for Mexico or Canada." There was no run on that bank.

According to the report of Adjutant-General Drum the organized militia force of the United States consists of 106,506 men, of whom 8397 are commissioned officers. But back of this force stand 8,104,628 available men subject to organization in case of war. This showing, the New York *World* thinks, ought to cause foreign nations to think twice before knocking the chip off our broad shoulder.

There will be an important congress of the Scotch-Irish race in Columbia, Tenn., on the 8th of next May. Distinguished orators and scholars of that race will read papers commemorating the deeds of the Scotch-Irish. Columbia was chosen as the place of meeting because it is central in location, and was the home of two famous Scotch-Irishmen, Andrew Jackson and James K. Polk. The date chosen is the most delightful season of the year in that latitude, and every effort will be made to insure the comfort and promote the pleasure of those who attend. The congress will be a revelation to many people, in that it will show how numerous and influential the Scotch-Irish in this country are.

THE DRUM.

Oh, the drum!
There is some
Intonation in thy grum
Monotony of utterance that strikes the spirit dumb,
As we hear
Through the clear
And unclouded atmosphere,
Thy palpitating syllables roll in upon the ear!

There's a part
Of the art
Of thy music-throbbing heart,
That thrills a something in us that awakens with a start,
And in rhyme
With the chime
And exactitude of time,
Goes marching on to glory of the melody sublime.

And the guest
Of the breast
That thy rolling robs of rest
Is a patriotic spirit as a Continental dressed;
And he looms
From the glooms
Of a century of tombs,
And the blood he spilled at Lexington in living beauty blooms.

And his eyes
Wear the guise
Of a purpose pure and wise;
As the love of them is lifted to a something in the skies,
That is bright
Red and white,
With a blur of starry light,
As it laughs in silken ripples to the breezes day and night.

There are deep
Hushes creep
O'er the pulses as they leap,
And the murmur, fainter growing, on the silence falls asleep,
While the prayer
Rising there
Wills the sea and earth and air
As a heritage to freedom's sons and daughters everywhere.

Then, with sound
As profound
As the thunderings resound,
Come thy wild reverberations in a throe that shakes the ground,
And a cry
Flung on high,
Like the flag it flutters by,
Wings rapturously upward till it nestles in the sky.

Oh, the drum!
There is some
Intonation in thy grum
Monotony of utterance that strikes the spirit dumb.
As we hear
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—*James Whitcomb Riley.*

CATCHING A GORILLA.

I have seen nearly every one of the gorillas on exhibition in the zoological gardens of the world, and in only one instance have I found an animal in any way up to the standard of the beast as found in the African jungles. That fellow I helped to capture while in the employ of the Hamburg house, and the Sultan of Turkey paid a fabulous price for him.

If Du Chaillu exaggerated at all in his stories of the gorilla country, it was in the number of animals he killed. No writer can exaggerate the temper and fierceness of the dangerous beast. Men who have encountered him in his wild and savage state have lived to tell of it more by good luck or accident than by nerve and judgment. This is so because the beast is never met with except by accident. You can hunt for lions, tigers, and elephants and find them, but the gorilla always finds the hunter.

We were about seventy miles inland from the coast, on the Lufigi River, where we had a permanent camp, when I received word that a full-grown specimen of the gorilla family was wanted, and was authorized to spend three months' time and employ a thousand natives, if necessary to secure one. We had been in camp ten weeks, capturing serpents and a variety of animals, and only once had signs of the presence of a gorilla been detected. Two miles to the north of us there was a heavy jungle, and if there were any gorillas in the neighborhood they were hidden away there. Ugly as he is, the beast hasn't the nerve to attack a camp or a large body of men. One had come down within half a mile of us, probably at night, and had stood beside a lone tree and had broken off branches and then broken the branches into fragments to show his temper and courage, but we neither saw nor heard him.

When I found what was wanted, I called some of the oldest and wisest natives to counsel, but none of them had ever heard of a full-grown gorilla being captured alive, and none could suggest what steps to take. Therefore, to make a beginning, I sent out several parties to scout, and on the second day one of these located three of the beasts, father, mother and a baby gorilla, in a thicket about five miles away. It was a piece of rocky ground covered with a dense growth, and from a hiding place the men had seen the gorillas enter the thicket by a path. The elephant and buffalo and the various species of deer are always on the move, and have no fixed place for even a day. Lions, tigers, serpents, gorillas, leopards, cougars, panthers and bears will make one particular spot at home until the presence of danger or the absence of water or food forces them away. The gorillas seen by the black scouts would not run away until disturbed, and I gave orders that no one should go in that direction without my permission. I could think of only one way to effect a capture: by setting one of our largest traps. We had them stout enough to hold a lion, or bear, and one of them had once held a buffalo all day long.

The strength of a full-grown male gorilla is something wonderful. One swipe of his open hand will knock an ox down. He can bend a gun barrel double with his hands alone. He has as much power in his jaws as a lion. I was, unfortunately an eyewitness to some feats of strength which lost me several valuable men. We were in no hurry after locating the animals. I sent out other men to watch, and after three or four days it was found that the thicket had several paths by which the gorrillas left and returned. It got sight of them myself, and I found the male to stand about five feet eight inches high when erect. He was terribly broad and heavy, had muscles like whip cords, and I saw that he had the strength of any four of us. In about a week we found that one path led to a spring where the beasts quenched their thirst, and another to several trees loaded with a peculiar sort of pea or bean enclosed in pods, of which the gorillas seemed very fond. It was while they were eating this fruit that I saw them, the little fellow was just learning to go alone, and the mother carried him much of the time. The old fellow maintained a pretty sharp watch, though he did not appear to be particularly suspicious, and now and then he unbended his dignity and played with the little one in a manner to make us laugh.

About twenty days from the time we located the gorillas we set our traps, one on each path. The one on the path leading to the spring was within thirty feet of the water and carefully concealed just below the surface. The beasts, as near as our scouts could determine, visited the spring only every other day, and it was on the off day we set that trap. There were seven of us, I being the only white man, and as we returned to camp we took a different route from the one we had come. It was a very hot day, and when half way back we stopped to rest. It was in a beautiful grove, pretty clear from underbrush, and most of the natives at once fell asleep, as is their custom when making a halt, even if only for ten minutes. Only one of them, so far as I saw, was awake when I rose up and walked away about a hundred feet to examine a curious excrescence on the side of a tree. From where I stood I thought I could distinguish the figures "58" standing out on the tree, but when I reached it I found only a wart or knot. This tree was to the right of the party, and as I started for it one of the natives sleepily cautioned me not to go too far alone. I was standing beside the tree, looking upward and around, when I heard a shout of alarm, followed almost instantly by a shriek of pain and terror. I saw the men spring up, each uttering a yell, and then came the sounds of blows and screams and the angry and defiant roar of a gorilla. It was all over in a minute, and before I had time to appreciate the situation two of the natives came running toward me, half dead with fright, and I heard another roar and saw a dark object moving swiftly away.

As well as could be ascertained a big gorilla had been passing through the grove, and he had stumbled upon the men just as the one who had spoken to me rose up. This action was sufficient to arouse the ire of the beast, and he had seized the native and flung him ten feet away. The second one received a blow which knocked him flat, and the gorilla then let himself out to kill. The other four men were dead when we approached. One had his neck broken, a second had half his face torn off and his breast crushed in, and the other two had their skulls crushed as if by blows from the hand. My rifle and the muskets of the natives had not been meddled with.

The two natives who escaped were little better than jabbering idiots for the next hour, and it was only after our return to camp that I learned all the particulars. It all happened in fifty or sixty seconds, and the attack had come so suddenly that no one thought of defence. The adventure so rattled the camp that I had great difficulty next day in persuading any one to accompany me to the trap. I got five men at last, by arguments and threats, but when we came to examine the path we found that the beasts had not traveled it. They had either decided to skip a day, not being thirsty, or else had suspected something and avoided the path. On the next day, however, the natives having meantime recovered their pluck to some extent, a party of ten of us set out, and when within a mile of the spring we had reasons to believe that one of them had put a foot in the trap. Yells, roars, and screams reached our ears, and at the distance of half a mile several small animals passed us in affright.

"We have got the big fellow!" whispered my head hunter to me as we pressed forward. "We must be careful now, for the sight of us will make him strong to break away, and he will want all our lives to pay for the insult."

The pow-wow grew louder as we neared the spot, and the cries and wails of the mother and offspring mingled with the snarls, growls, barks and roars of the father. When we finally crept forward to a spot whence we could obtain a view, we found the "old man" fast in the trap by the right hind leg. The trap was a toothless one, with the faces of the jaws covered with felt, but it was strong enough almost to hold an elephant. We had to bend down the springs with levers, and it was a good weight for two men to carry. The chain attached could not have been broken by a horse, and we had securely fastened it to a tree. It was well we had, and it was well that the beast had been caught by a hind leg.

I do not think he had been in the trap long when we first heard him, perhaps not over five minutes. He was, doubtless surprised and frightened for a time, but by the time we had reached a point where we could see him his terrible anger was fully aroused. His mate and offspring stood by, wailing and growling, and just as we got settled in our places the female lifted up the trap and wrenched at it with all her strength. Then both seized the chain and tugged and pulled and growled and roared, but it was no use. What I feared was that the old fellow might gnaw his leg off, as coons or muskrats or beavers will do when trapped, but he showed no intention of the sort. Indeed, it would have resulted in his death, and he doubtless so figured. For a long hour he refused to give in, biting, leaping and tugging, and another such picture of ferocity would be hard to find. He frothed at the mouth, exhibited his great fangs, and his eyes glittered like diamonds. I should have been willing for the mate and her little one to go, but as they refused to leave the spot, and as the natives said that the mother would not hesitate to attack us in her excitement, I pushed forward my rifle and gave her a bullet, which dropped her dead in her tracks. The young one immediately sprang to the father's shoulder, and was sitting there when we advanced.

The resemblance of the big gorilla to a native was so striking that I paused to wonder if a mistake had not been made. When he saw us he stood upright, arms hanging down by his sides, and he looked far more like a human being than some of the natives in my camp. He was so mad that he did not know what move to make first, and as he stood there clots of foam fell upon his breast and down to the earth. By and by he seized the young one and flung it away. Half a dozen of the men rushed to seize it, and as it scrambled back one of the natives pursued it too far. The gorilla uttered a terrible roar, made a savage spring, and the native was caught by the hair. I was not over twenty feet away, and I saw all that happened. He was flung down, and the gorilla stooped and gave him a blow on the chest which crushed it in. He then hit him right and left on the sides of the head, and the man was dead. This did not satisfy the monster. He lifted the body up and literally tore it to pieces, pulling off the arms as you would pull a stick of kindling wood out of a bundle. It then seized the young one by a hind leg, and slammed it on the earth and flung the body away, and then beat its breast and roared defiance at us.

By the advice of the natives I decided to let the old fellow alone for a while and allow hunger and thirst to work on his temper. We made a temporary camp half a mile away, and did not go near him again for two days. During the first day he roared at intervals, but on the afternoon of the second he was very quiet. One of the men went to take a look at him, and reported the captive as sitting down on the trap and crying with pain. Next forenoon we went out with nets, ropes, nooses, and chains, and, after a long, hard fight, tangled him up and secured him. When we sprang the trap off his leg we had his hind feet shackled together, his fore feet, or arms, secured with a chain, two ropes around his body, and a muzzle over his jaws. We then bound him to a litter and carried him to the main camp, where a cage had been made. His leg was badly swollen and he was pretty well beaten out, but three days after we got him into the cage he was all right and as mad as ever. I sent him down the river and around to Zanzibar, and after months he brought up in Constantinople, so ferocious and dangerous that the utmost precaution had to be taken by those who came near him. He was living during the Russo-Turkish war, and one who saw him informed me that there was no hope of sweetening his temper or subduing his ferocity.—*New York Sun.*

Test for the Purity of Water.

A simple and convenient test for water is as follows: Fill a perfectly clean quart bottle half full of water; cork and shake it, remove the cork and see if any odor can be detected at the mouth of the bottle. Cork the bottle and place it in a warm place for a few hours or set into a pan of hot water for an hour. Shake, uncork and again test by smell. If an unpleasant or faint or musty odor is perceptible, the water requires more minute investigation. The second simple test is, to evaporate a quart of water to dryness in a new tin pan or cup, and note the character of the residue and what happens when it is strongly heated in a metal spoon. If the sediment left after evaporation is small and on being burnt in a metal spoon gives rise only to such odor as comes from burning vegetable matter, the water is not greatly contaminated with sewage. But if the sediment is in considerable quantity and burns, giving off the peculiar odor of burning hair or other animal matter, then the water is foul. Either of these tests you can easily apply.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Living Cheerfully on Two Cents a Day.

Dr. T. R. Allison has been trying the experiment of living on meal and water for a month. His daily allowance was one pound of whole meal, made into a cake with distilled water. His account of his condition after a week is cheering. In the first few days he felt hungry, but about the fourth day this disappeared and he had no craving for other food. His brain was clear, his lung capacity had increased five inches, and both his sight and hearing had improved. He had lost seven pounds weight, but seems to regard this as rather an advantage. Altogether he feels thoroughly satisfied with his experiment. It is a very economical one, the wheat for seven days having cost only sixteen cents. This, he says, is living on almost two cents a day, and enjoying it.—*London Hospital.*

"What is a man-of-war?" said a teacher to his class. "A cruiser," was the prompt reply. "What makes it go?" "Its screw, sir." "Who go with it?" "Its crew, sir."—*Ocean.*

OMNIA VANITAS.

"What I write shall live forever," said the poet in his pride,
And he wrote with the blood of his bosom a song that straightway died.

"I will make my name immortal," said the artist with a sob.
With his soul for a brush he painted what the critics called a daub.

"My words shall startle nations" (the statesman's blood was stirred),
Then he from the rostrum thundered a speech that no one heard.

"The world shall wake with wonder at th conquests I shall make."
And the soldier led his army to a fatal, black mistake.

"I'll overwhelm the scholars when I show how Nature acts,"
And the scientific doctor rehashed up ancient facts.

In time each strong desire shall strike upon some reef,
In time each high ambition shall surely come to grief.

—*Susie M. Best.*

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Handy things—Gloves.

A disagreeable vice—Advice.

Whooping 'em up—The coopers.

Down in the mouth—The palate.

Keeps his spirit level—The carpenter.

A strong attachment—The constables.

Death's door is locked with a skeleton key.

A ghost of a show—The living skeleton.

Don't get "short" if you want to get along.

Paying the piper—Settling the plumber's bill.

Beyond the pale of civilization—The barbaric bucket.

Since life is but a span why should a man want a four-in-hand?

A criminal may not court death, but in New York state he sparks it.

Don't be an amateur physic an. Don't even doctor your accounts.—*New York Sun.*

The fellow who beats the weighing machine, like the Arab, silently steals a weigh.

"Papa, why do they call a beaver hat a high hat?" "Because, my son, it costs $8."—*Bazar.*

There's nothing like leather, excepting, of course, the upper crust of the young wife's first pie.

If the Beer Trust keeps on growing it will soon be at lagerheads with the public.—*New York News.*

We are told of a chiropodist so expert that he claims to have extracted corns from a mistletoe.—*Bazar.*

Judging from the almost daily defalcations announced in the papers, this is the shortage.—*Boston Times.*

The man who discovers a granite quarry on his vacant building site has reason to rejoice that his lot is a hard one.—*Time.*

The Bowery tramp remarked, at the Tombs recently, that he never felt so much put out as when he was taken in.—*New York News.*

"Be sunny, girls, be sunny," says Ella Wheeler Wilcox. We don't see how they can, but still they daughter be.—*Los Angeles Tribune.*

Soarandflop (grandiloquently)—"Yes; it pays to do right. Honesty is the best policy after all." Frankley—"Why don't you have it renewed."—*Time.*

At the water-color exhibition.—"Who is that fellow over there looking so intently at Hack Hankinson's picture?" "That's Hankinson."—*New York Sun.*

Lady—"I don't think these pictures do me justice." Artist—"Well, madam, if you insist upon their being absolutely correct, I can put back the wrinkles."

The ice that we've tasted
May sometime return;
But the coal when once wasted—
Say, how can it burn?
—*Goodall's Sun.*

She was a modest and timid girl,
Retiring, weak and shy;
But she knew how to talk till your hair would curl,
On the whenceness of the why.
—*Merchant Traveler.*

"Gracious me!" said an old lady, "they're discovering new explosives all the time. I see in the paper that an officer was killed yesterday while discharging his duty."—*Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

A Nihilistic speech.—"I wish it would stop raining," remarked a St. Petersburg gentleman the other day, after a week's storm, and a detective promptly arrested him for referring to the Czar as "it."—*Harper's Bazar.*

A gentleman was met by a stranger who politely asked: "Would you be so kind as to lend me $20?" "My dear sir, I have not the honor of knowing you." "That is why I request you to give me an opportunity to extend my reputation for honesty."—*Chicago Globe.*

A Perfect Model of African Beauty.

Paradoxical as it may seem, writes the veracious Joe Howard, the prettiest model in New York is a colored girl who lives in Yonkers. She is a perfect type of Africa's golden sand, with a low forehead, jet black eyes, extended nostrils, thick lips, white teeth, but for all that, the most attractive in appearance, with a figure that is statuesquely superb. She stands straight as an arrow, is twenty years old, weighs 135 pounds, and is as full of life and blood as it is possible for human nature to be. During the months of October, November and thence on to May, she readily makes from $5 to $10 a day five days in the week.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Electric lighting wires have killed over 200 persons during the past two years.

The fires in London last year averaged about five a day—a material decrease compared with 1887.

In Paris, France, a big company has a monopoly of the funerals. This company handles 50,000 bodies yearly.

General Boulanger seems, according to the Chicago *Herald*, to have won the greatest victory ever recorded in politics.

The United States, with over 60,000,000 population, has 5000 students of theology, while Germany, with 45,000,000, has 7000.

The United States Court at Mont gomery, Ala., holds that cotton-future contracts are not gambling transactions, but valid trades.

The mild winter of 1888-9 has not proved an unalloyed blessing. Eight sleigh manufacturers in and about New York State have failed.

In some parts of the West they define a White Cap as an immoral and good-for-nothing man who takes upon himself the duty of punishing all other immoral and good-for-nothing men.

Last year fifteen Chinamen were married in Queensland—one to a native of the colony, one to a Victorian native, two to Scotch womrn, three to Irish women and eight to English women.

Says the New Orleans *Times-Democrat*: "In the present state of our coast defences a foreign force would find but little difficulty in entering any of our great ports or landing on any eligible part of our coast."

The Corean Kingdom bachelor is not spoken of as a man but a "person." He becomes a man only when he marries. Such a rule in the United States would promote marriage, declares the N York *Graphic*, failure or no failure.

Philadelphia *Inquirer* believes that if the plan of instructing pupils in the affairs of the day with the aid of the daily newspapers were more generally practiced, we should have fewer juvenile pedagogues and more bright scholars.

A correspondent of the London *Times* says that the word "teetotal" had its origin through a stuttering temperance orator, who urged on his hearers that nothing less than "te-te-te-total" abstinence would satisfy temperance reformers. Some one at once adopted "teeto tal" as a suitable word, and it sprang into general use.

A singular exhibition has just been held at Meningen, Germany. It consisted of 250 newspapers containing articles upon the death of the Emperor William I., representing no fewer than fifty-four languages, among which, of course, all the European, with their dialects, were represented; while Bengali, Hindi, Guzzurati, Chinese, Japanese and Hawaiian may also be found.

An old fellow in a Wisconsin town who has been running a private bank for some years was recently requested to publish some sort of a statement. So he posted the following on the door of his bank: "Notice--This 'ere bank has got $50,000 behind her. She don't owe nobody a red cent. Good paper discounted as heretofore, and nobody proposes to cut sticks for Mexico or Canada." There was no run on that bank.

According to the report of Adjutant-General Drum the organized militia force of the United States consists of 106,506 men, of whom 8397 are commissioned officers. But back of this force stand 8,104,628 available men subject to organization in case of war. This showing, the New York *World* thinks, ought to cause foreign nations to think twice before knocking the chip off our broad shoulder.

There will be an important congress of the Scotch-Irish race in Columbia, Tenn., on the 8th of next May. Distinguished orators and scholars of that race will read papers commemorating the deeds of the Scotch-Irish. Columbia was chosen as the place of meeting because it is central in location, and was the home of two famous Scotch-Irishmen, Andrew Jackson and James K. Polk. The date chosen is the most delightful season of the year in that latitude, and every effort will be made to insure the comfort and promote the pleasure of those who attend. The congress will be a revelation to many people, in that it will show how numerous and influential the Scotch-Irish in this country are.

THE DRUM.

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Through the clear
And unclouded atmosphere,
Thy palpitating syllables roll in upon the ear!

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As well as could be ascertained a big gorilla had been passing through the grove, and he had stumbled upon the men just as the one who had spoken to me rose up. This action was sufficient to arouse the ire of the beast, and he had seized the native and flung him ten feet away. The second one received a blow which knocked him flat, and the gorilla then let himself out to kill. The other four men were dead when we approached. One had his neck broken, a second had half his face torn off and his breast crushed in, and the other two had their skulls crushed as if by blows from the hand. My rifle and the muskets of the natives had not been meddled with.

The two natives who escaped were little better than jabbering idiots for the next hour, and it was only after our return to camp that I learned all the particulars. It all happened in fifty or sixty seconds, and the attack had come so suddenly that no one thought of defence. The adventure so rattled the camp that I had great difficulty next day in persuading any one to accompany me to the trap. I got five men at last, by arguments and threats, but when we came to examine the path we found that the beasts had not traveled it. They had either decided to skip a day, not being thirsty, or else had suspected something and avoided the path. On the next day, however, the natives having meantime recovered their pluck to some extent, a party of ten of us set out, and when within a mile of the spring we had reasons to believe that one of them had put a foot in the trap. Yells, roars, and screams reached our ears, and at the distance of half a mile several small animals passed us in affright.

"We have got the big fellow!" whispered my head hunter to me as we pressed forward. "We must be careful now, for the sight of us will make him strong to break away, and he will want all our lives to pay for the insult."

The pow-wow grew louder as we neared the spot, and the cries and wails of the mother and offspring mingled with the snarls, growls, barks and roars of the father. When we finally crept forward to a spot whence we could obtain a view, we found the "old man" fast in the trap by the right hind leg. The trap was a toothless one, with the faces of the jaws covered with felt, but it was strong enough almost to hold an elephant. We had to bend down the springs with levers, and it was a good weight for two men to carry. The chain attached could not have been broken by a horse, and we had securely fastened it to a tree. It was well we had, and it was well that the beast had been caught by a hind leg.

I do not think he had been in the trap long when we first heard him, perhaps not over five minutes. He was, doubtless surprised and frightened for a time, but by the time we had reached a point where we could see him his terrible anger was fully aroused. His mate and offspring stood by, wailing and growling, and just as we got settled in our places the female lifted up the trap and wrenched at it with all her strength. Then both seized the chain and tugged and pulled and growled and roared, but it was no use. What I feared was that the old fellow might gnaw his leg off, as coons or muskrats or beavers will do when trapped, but he showed no intention of the sort. Indeed, it would have resulted in his death, and he doubtless so figured. For a long hour he refused to give in, biting, leaping and tugging, and another such picture of ferocity would be hard to find. He frothed at the mouth, exhibited his great fangs, and his eyes glittered like diamonds. I should have been willing for the mate and her little one to go, but as they refused to leave the spot, and as the natives said that the mother would not hesitate to attack us in her excitement, I pushed forward my rifle and gave her a bullet, which dropped her dead in her tracks. The young one immediately sprang to the father's shoulder, and was sitting there when we advanced.

The resemblance of the big gorilla to a native was so striking that I paused to wonder if a mistake had not been made. When he saw us he stood upright, arms hanging down by his sides, and he looked far more like a human being than some of the natives in my camp. He was so mad that he did not know what move to make first, and as he stood there clots of foam fell upon his breast and down to the earth. By and by he seized the young one and flung it away. Half a dozen of the men rushed to seize it, and as it scrambled back one of the natives pursued it too far. The gorilla uttered a terrible roar, made a savage spring, and the native was caught by the hair. I was not over twenty feet away, and I saw all that happened. He was flung down, and the gorilla stooped and gave him a blow on the chest which crushed it in. He then hit him right and left on the sides of the head, and the man was dead. This did not satisfy the monster. He lifted the body up and literally tore it to pieces, pulling off the arms as you would pull a stick of kindling wood out of a bundle. It then seized the young one by a hind leg, and slammed it on the earth and flung the body away, and then beat its breast and roared defiance at us.

By the advice of the natives I decided to let the old fellow alone for a while and allow hunger and thirst to work on his temper. We made a temporary camp half a mile away, and did not go near him again for two days. During the first day he roared at intervals, but on the afternoon of the second he was very quiet. One of the men went to take a look at him, and reported the captive as sitting down on the trap and crying with pain. Next forenoon we went out with nets, ropes, nooses, and chains, and, after a long, hard fight, tangled him up and secured him. When we sprang the trap off his leg we had his hind feet shackled together, his fore feet, or arms, secured with a chain, two ropes around his body, and a muzzle over his jaws. We then bound him to a litter and carried him to the main camp, where a cage had been made. His leg was badly swollen and he was pretty well beaten out, but three days after we got him into the cage he was all right and as mad as ever. I sent him down the river and around to Zanzibar, and after months he brought up in Constantinople, so ferocious and dangerous that the utmost precaution had to be taken by those who came near him. He was living during the Russo-Turkish war, and one who saw him informed me that there was no hope of sweetening his temper or subduing his ferocity.—*New York Sun.*

Test for the Purity of Water.

A simple and convenient test for water is as follows: Fill a perfectly clean quart bottle half full of water; cork and shake it, remove the cork and see if any odor can be detected at the mouth of the bottle. Cork the bottle and place it in a warm place for a few hours or set into a pan of hot water for an hour. Shake, uncork and again test by smell. If an unpleasant or faint or musty odor is perceptible, the water requires more minute investigation. The second simple test is, to evaporate a quart of water to dryness in a new tin pan or cup, and note the character of the residue and what happens when it is strongly heated in a metal spoon. If the sediment left after evaporation is small and on being burnt in a metal spoon gives rise only to such odor as comes from burning vegetable matter, the water is not greatly contaminated with sewage. But if the sediment is in considerable quantity and burns, giving off the peculiar odor of burning hair or other animal matter, then the water is foul. Either of these tests you can easily apply.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Living Cheerfully on Two Cents a Day.

Dr. T. R. Allison has been trying the experiment of living on meal and water for a month. His daily allowance was one pound of whole meal, made into a cake with distilled water. His account of his condition after a week is cheering. In the first few days he felt hungry, but about the fourth day this disappeared and he had no craving for other food. His brain was clear, his lung capacity had increased five inches, and both his sight and hearing had improved. He had lost seven pounds weight, but seems to regard this as rather an advantage. Altogether he feels thoroughly satisfied with his experiment. It is a very economical one, the wheat for seven days having cost only sixteen cents. This, he says, is living on almost two cents a day, and enjoying it.—*London Hospital.*

"What is a man-of-war?" said a teacher to his class. "A cruiser," was the prompt reply. "What makes it go?" "Its screw, sir." "Who go with it?" "Its crew, sir."—*Ocean.*

OMNIA VANITAS.

"What I write shall live forever," said the poet in his pride,
And he wrote with the blood of his bosom a song that straightway died.

"I will make my name immortal," said the artist with a sob.
With his soul for a brush he painted what the critics called a daub.

"My words shall startle nations" (the statesman's blood was stirred),
Then he from the rostrum thundered a speech that no one heard.

"The world shall wake with wonder at th conquests I shall make,"
And the soldier led his army to a fatal, black mistake.

"I'll overwhelm the scholars when I show how Nature acts,"
And the scientific doctor rehashed up ancient facts.

In time each strong desire shall strike upon some reef,
In time each high ambition shall surely come to grief.

—*Susie M. Best.*

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Handy things—Gloves.

A disagreeable vice—Advice.

Whooping 'em up—The coopers.

Down in the mouth--The palate.

Keeps his spirit level—The carpenter.

A strong attachment--The constables.

Death's door is locked with a skeleton key.

A ghost of a show—The living skeleton.

Don't get "short" if you want to get along.

Paying the piper—Settling the plumber's bill.

Beyond the pale of civilization--The barbaric bucket.

Since life is but a span why should a man want a four-in-hand?

A criminal may not court death, but in New York state he sparks it.

Don't be an amateur physic an. Don't even doctor your accounts.—*New York Sun.*

The fellow who beats the weighing machine, like the Arab, silently steals a weigh.

"Papa, why do they call a beaver hat a high hat?" "Because, my son, it costs $8."—*Bazar.*

There's nothing like leather, excepting, of course, the upper crust of the young wife's first pie.

If the Beer Trust keeps on growing it will soon be at lagerheads with the public.—*New York News.*

We are told of a chiropodist so expert that he claims to have extracted corns from a mistletoe.--*Bazar.*

Judging from the almost daily defalcations announced in the papers, this is the shortage.--*Boston Times.*

The man who discovers a granite quarry on his vacant building site has reason to rejoice that his lot is a hard one.--*Time.*

The Bowery tramp remarked, at the Tombs recently, that he never felt so much put out as when he was taken in.—*New York News.*

"Be sunny, girls, be sunny," says Ella Wheeler Wilcox. We don't see how they can, but still they daughter be.—*Los Angeles Tribune.*

Soarandflop (grandiloquently)—"Yes; it pays to do right. Honesty is the best policy after all." Frankley—"Why don't you have it renewed."—*Time.*

At the water-color exhibition.--"Who is that fellow over there looking so intently at Hack Hankinson's picture?" "That's Hankinson."--*New York Sun.*

Lady—"I don't think these pictures do me justice." Artist—"Well, madam, if you insist upon their being absolutely correct, I can put back the wrinkles."

The ice that we've tasted
May sometime return;
But the coal when once wasted—
Say, how can it burn?
—*Goodall's Sun.*

She was a modest and timid girl,
Retiring, weak and shy;
But she knew how to talk till your hair would curl,
On the whenceness of the why.
—*Merchant Traveler.*

"Gracious me!" said an old lady, "they're discovering new explosives all the time. I see in the paper that an officer was killed yesterday while discharging his duty."—*Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

A Nihilistic speech.--"I wish it would stop raining," remarked a St. Petersburg gentleman the other day, after a week's storm, and a detective promptly arrested him for referring to the Czar as "it."—*Harper's Bazar.*

A gentleman was met by a stranger who politely asked: "Would you be so kind as to lend me $20?" "My dear sir, I have not the honor of knowing you." "That is why I request you to give me an opportunity to extend my reputation for honesty."--*Chicago Globe.*

A Perfect Model of African Beauty.

Paradoxical as it may seem, writes the veracious Joe Howard, the prettiest model in New York is a colored girl who lives in Yonkers. She is a perfect type of Africa's golden sand, with a low forehead, jet black eyes, extended nostrils, thick lips, white teeth, but for all that, the most attractive in appearance, with a figure that is statuesquely superb. She stands straight as an arrow, is twenty years old, weighs 135 pounds, and is as full of life and blood as it is possible for human nature to be. During the months of October, November and thence on to May, she readily makes from $5 to $10 a day five days in the week.

Queen Maria of Portugal.

Queen Maria Pia of Portugal is one of the best dressed women in Europe, as she is also the possessor of some of the most beautiful jewels, her parures of rubies and diamonds being famous. Although her manner is somewhat reserved and cold, as compared with that of the King, who is most sincerely loved by his subjects, she has earned for herself the popular title of "Angel of Pity," on account of the prominent part she takes in the principal charities in the country. The working of some of these charitable enterprises is personally superintended by her Majesty, who devotes a certain portion of her leisure to studying the reports, and thus becomes acquainted with every detail of the various organizations.

The Emperor of Russia has distributed small tokens of gold to all those who were with him in the imperial train at the time of the railway accident near Borki, in memory of there miraculous escape. The keepsakes are miniature copies of a sacred picture which was found quite undamaged, after the accident, in the dining saloon of the train.

Mrs. Mosley, the wife of an English army officer, and a former American heiress, has been creating a sensation in Monte Carlo this season by her reckless play. Two weeks ago she lost $50,000 at a single sitting.

A Radical Cure for Epileptic Fits.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease which I warrant to cure the worst cases. So strong is my faith in its virtues that I will send free a sample bottle and valuable treatise to any sufferer who will give me his P. O. and Express address. Resp'y,
H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

The best cough medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere. 25c.

Rheumatism IS CURED BY St. Jacobs Oil AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. BALTO., MD. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO.

DIAMOND VERA-CURA FOR DYSPEPSIA.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND ALL Stomach Troubles Arising Therefrom.
Your Druggist or General Dealer will get Vera-Cura for you if not already in stock, or it will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cts. (5 boxes $1.00) in stamps. Sample sent on receipt of 2-cent stamp.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Baltimore, Md.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK.
Swift's Specific cured me of malignant Blood Poison after I had been treated in vain with old so-called remedies of Mercury and Potash. S. S. S. not only cured the Blood Poison, but relieved the Rheumatism which was caused by the poisonous minerals.
GEO. BOVELL, 242 3d Avenue, N. Y.
Nine years ago Scrofula attacked two of my children, and they were badly afflicted with the disease, which resisted the treatment of my family physician. I was persuaded to use Swift's Specific by seeing an account of cures in my county paper. The improvement was apparent from the first few doses, and in a short time my children were cured, and are still sound and well. JOHN WILLIAMS, Lexington, Va.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is entirely a vegetable remedy, and is the only medicine which permanently cures Scrofula, Blood Humors, Cancer and Contagious Blood Poison. Send for Books on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY-FEVER. CATARRH COLD IN HEAD. ELY'S CREAM BALM. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

What Scott's Emulsion Has Done!
Over 25 Pounds Gain in Ten Weeks.
Experience of a Prominent Citizen.
THE CALIFORNIA SOCIETY FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF VICE. SAN FRANCISCO, July 7th, 1886.
I took a severe cold upon my chest and lungs and did not give it proper attention; it developed into bronchitis, and in the fall of the same year I was threatened with consumption. Physicians ordered me to a more congenial climate, and I came to San Francisco. Soon after my arrival I commenced taking Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites regularly three times a day. In ten weeks my avoirdupois went from 155 to 180 pounds and over; the cough meantime ceased. C. R. BENNETT.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GOSSAMER OVERSLEEVES PROTECT THE DRESS FROM SOILING. JUST WHAT YOU WANT to wash dishes with. Saves 20 times its cost yearly. Sample pair mailed, 25c. J. P. CLOWES, Reedsville, Pa.

PATENTS.—15 years' experience. Send sketch or model for report as to patentability. *Circular free.* W. A. REDMONA, Lock Box 28, Wash., D. C.

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy. Oval Box, 34; round, 14 Pills.

$20 Picket Fence Machine for $10. Freight paid. *Guaranteed.* Hundreds in use. Circulars *free.* S. H. Garrett, Mansfield, O.

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PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

Blue is the fashionable color of the hour.

Marten and mink furs are again in fashion.

White and silver is a favorite combination.

The Empress of Austria is attended by a woman physician.

The State University of Oregon has 150 women students.

Gray and purple are again worn as half-mourning colors.

Rough woolens are the fancy of the hour with Parisiennes.

Bonnets are now worn by the squaws of the Cheyenne tribe.

The shortest veil now admissible completely covers the face.

In Paris Japanese crape is the favorite new stuff for tea gowns.

Two ladies have been elected bank directors in Atlanta, Ga.

Ribbon striped nets and gauzes are again on the dry goods counters.

Solid twilled serges, soft and fine, will be long favorites for spring gowns.

It is no uncommon thing to see ladies smoking in the restaurants of Italy.

The Czarina of Russia prefers English books to those of any other language.

The most ornamental new hat pin is a moss-rose of enamel in natural colors.

Double-breasted vests of manilla linen are among the threats of next summer.

The second patent issued to a woman was to Mary Brush in 1815 for a corset.

The Empress Victoria, wife of William II., ignores the use of powder and make-up.

The handsomest new spring muffers are in combinations of black and steel gray.

Miss Amelia B. Edwards, the author, has traveled over pretty much all of the globe.

White astrakhan is the favorite fur for long dressy evening and carriage wraps.

Thick repped ribbon is used for the sashes of black Henrietta accordion gowns.

Dr. McCosh, of Princeton College, says that the best novels are written by women.

For many years only lady teachers have been employed in the schools in Macon, Ga.

Mrs. James T. Fields, widow of the well-known Boston publisher, is a Spiritualist.

Mrs. Otis M. Downing, of Mattapoisett, Mass., asserts that she made 799 pies last year.

A new feature of dressy short wraps is the full velvet sleeve gathered to a deep fur cuff.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to be in better health now than she has been for years.

Ribbon striped woolen dress stuffs for spring are seen in the sample books of leading houses.

A few muffs of velvet or dress materia have a broad band of duck's breast down the middle.

Velvet with bengaline or else brocade and fur is the favorite stuff for visiting toilets this winter.

For an all-around serviceable full dress gown nothing approaches a good black real lace one.

White violets are the favored flower just now with ladies who are laying aside mourning dresses.

A foreign fancy of the minute is to turn under the hand of the long glove, leaving the fingers bare.

The Sara Crewe frock is as fashionable for little girls as the little Lord Fauntleroy suit is for boys.

There is a movement of adhesion among brunettes to the Mexican gold combs just now brought out.

There are about 210 recently graduated English ladies who are entitled to write the letters B. A. after their names.

The Duchess of Marlborough, it is said, has developed a passion for orchids even greater than that of her husband.

The aspirations of women for a share in government have been gratified in England as conspicuously as in America.

A very pleasant and "genteel" way of making pin money has been found in the new feminine fad for wood carving.

The late Mrs. Jay Gould brought her husband a fortune of $90,000. She left in her own right property worth $1,500,000.

Great Britain has 152 women who are Masters and Bachelors of Arts and 21 who are Doctors and Bachelors of Science.

The Princess of Wales rarely pays over six dollars for a bonnet. One of her housemaids would not dare to be so economical.

The Comtesse de Paris is said by a London society paper to drive about in the neighborhood of her English home smoking a short clay pipe.

A Kentucky woman has invented a chewing-gum "quid holder," to "keep it moist and ready for use" when the gum is not in process of mastication.

Gray hair for women is becoming such a rage in Paris that locks which until lately would have been dyed a golden brown are now bleached white.

A London fashion journal says that there is in New York a fashionable boarding school where young women are taught to enter and get out of a carriage.

Many of the fashionable women of Paris are wearing huge hats of white kid on which are black feathers in reckless profusion. The effect is startling.

New York has a restaurant that sort of reverses things. An establishment fronting Central Park has a sign: "Ladies' Restaurant; Reserved Seats for Gentlemen."

Now is the Time

To purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. At no other season is the bitter taste in the mouth more prominent, the breath so offensive, the drowsy dizziness so frequent, or that extreme tired feeling so prevalent. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to build up the system, purify the blood, cure biliousness and headache, overcome that tired feeling and create a good appetite. Try it this spring.

"I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and consider it the best blood medicine I have ever taken." MRS. A. P. LEIGHTON, Portland, Me.

"I wish to enroll my name as one of those who have derived health from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For many years I have taken it, especially in the early spring, when I am troubled with dizziness, dullness, unpleasant taste in my mouth in the morning. It removes this bad taste, relieves my headache and makes me feel greatly refreshed. The two bottles I have used this spring have been worth a dollar a dose. I advise all my friends to take it." JOHN BINNS, 663 43d Street, town of Lake, Chicago, Ill.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar | 100 Doses One Dollar

A DELIGHTED YOUNG WOMAN.

Look at my face and my hands—not a pimple,
Such as you saw there some time ago.
See my fresh cheeks, and I'm getting a dimple,
I don't look at all like I used to, I know.

My face was all blotches—complexion like tallow;
No wonder they thought me and called me a fright;
No one need have pimples and skin gray and sallow,
If she'll take what I took, ev'ry morn, noon, and night.

I asked the delighted young woman what she referred to, and she answered, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It *is* the best beautifier in the world, because it purifies and enriches the blood, and pure rich blood gives good health, and good health—beauty.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is guaranteed to cure all Blood, Skin and Scalp Diseases, as Blotches, Eruptions, Salt-rheum, Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded.

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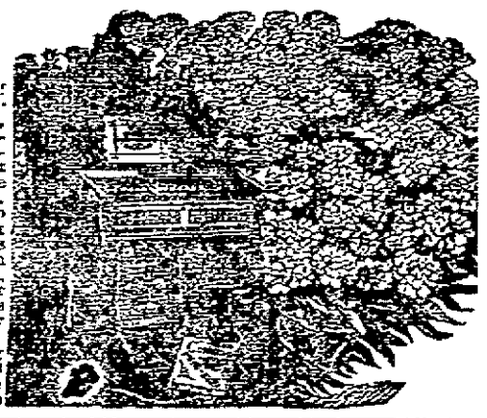
CATARRH IN THE HEAD, no matter how bad or of how long standing, is permanently cured by DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. 50 cents, by druggists.

THIS MEANS YOU
This Beautiful $125.00 Organ Positively Given Away.



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A WET HEN

The man who has invested from three to five dollars in a Rubber Coat, and at his first half hour's experience in a storm finds to his sorrow that it is hardly a better protection than a mosquito netting, not only feels chagrined at being so badly taken in, but also feels if he does not look exactly like

We offer the man who wants service (not style) a garment that will keep him dry in the hardest storm. It is called "TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER," a name familiar to every Cow-boy all over the land. With them the only perfect Wind and Waterproof Coat is "Tower's Fish Brand Slicker," and take no other. If your storekeeper

Ask for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER does not have the FISH BRAND, send for descriptive catalogue. A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

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Rare Chance for Settlers.
The Railroad System of Texas having developed so as to bring within easy access of good interior and seaboard markets the lands granted to the
HOUSTON & TEXAS CENT'L RY. CO.
It has been determined to offer to settlers the
Renowned Agricult'l Lands
Located along the line of the Fort Worth & Denver City R. R., beginning with Wilbarger County, comprising
200,000 ACRES
In farms of 160 acres and upward. These lands were located by the Company among the earliest, with especial care as to soil, timber and water. They are adapted to the growth of cotton, corn, oats, wheat, barley, rye, vegetables, orchards and gardens and the various domestic grasses.
Situated in the elevated and healthy region known as the Southern Panhandle of Texas, they possess a *genial climate,* favorable to man and beast, where outdoor work can be carried on the year round, and are in marked contrast with regions of early and late frosts or of destructive "blizzards."
Population is fast pouring in, and local government is already established, with schools, churches, &c.
TERMS OF SALE: One-fifth cash, balance in four equal yearly payments, with interest on deferred payments.
For further information as to these and lands in adjacent counties, apply to
J. S. NAPIER, Vernon, Texas,
(who is prepared to show to purchasers); or to
C. C. GIBBS, Land Ag't, Houston, Tex.

ORATORS say Piso's Cure for Consumption is THE BEST for keeping the voice clear. 25 cents.

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SEND FOR Publications with Maps describing the best Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands now open to Settlers. Sent free. Address
CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

ASTHMA CURED
German Asthma Cure never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all others fail. A trial convinces the most skeptical. Price 50c. and $1.00, of Druggists or by mail. Sample FREE for stamp. DR. R. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. So strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send two bottles free, together with a valuable treatise on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

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DO YOU SEE THIS.
I WANT to hear *only* from sensible men and women that are tired of *bogus, deceptive, Non-Sensical* advertisements, offering much for nothing. That are willing to do *easy, honest* work for *liberal* pay. (Not peddling) Address FRANKLIN PUTNAM, 483 Canal St., N.Y.

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It gives English Words with the German Equivalents and Pronunciation and German Words with English Definitions. Sent postpaid on receipt of $1.
READ WHAT THIS MAN SAYS:
SALEM, MASS., May 31, 1883.
Book Pub. House, 134 Leonard St.:
The German Dictionary is received and I am much pleased with it. I did not expect to find such clear print in so cheap a book. Please send a copy to ——, and inclosed find $1 for same. M. M. HASKELL.
Address
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IF YOU WISH A GOOD REVOLVER purchase one of the celebrated SMITH & WESSON arms. The finest small arms ever manufactured and the first choice of all experts. Manufactured in calibres 32, 38 and 44-100. Single or double action, Safety Hammerless and Target models. Constructed entirely of best quality wrought steel, carefully inspected for workmanship and stock, they are unrivaled for finish, durability and accuracy. Do not be deceived by cheap malleable cast-iron imitations which are often sold for the genuine article and are not only unreliable, but dangerous. The SMITH & WESSON Revolvers are all stamped upon the barrels with firm's name, address and dates of patents and are guaranteed perfect in every detail. Insist upon having the genuine article, and if your dealer cannot supply you an order sent to address below will receive prompt and careful attention. Descriptive catalogue and prices furnished upon application. SMITH & WESSON,
Mention this paper. Springfield, Mass.

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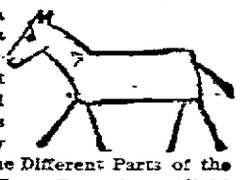

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, post paid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.
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If you know how to properly care for them. For 25 cents in stamps you can procure a 100-PAGE BOOK giving the experience of a practical Poultry Raiser—not an amateur, but a man working for dollars and cent—during a period of 25 years. It teaches you how to Detect and Cure Diseases; to Feed for Eggs and also for Fattening; which Fowls to Save for Breeding Purposes; and everything, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for 25c. BOOK PUB HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City.

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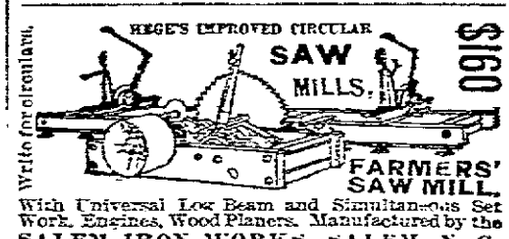

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JONES HE PAYS THE FREIGHT. 5 Ton Wagon Scales, Iron Levers Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for $60. Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to stricture. Sold by Druggists. Prepared only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Trade Mark.
I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.
We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
$1.00. Sold by Druggists.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Queen Maria of Portugal.

Queen Maria Pia of Portugal is one of the best dressed women in Europe, as she is also the possessor of some of the most beautiful jewels, her parures of rubies and diamonds being famous. Although her manner is somewhat reserved and cold, as compared with that of the King, who is most sincerely loved by his subjects, she has earned for herself the popular title of "Angel of Pity," on account of the prominent part she takes in the principal charities in the country. The working of some of these charitable enterprises is personally superintended by her Majesty, who devotes a certain portion of her leisure to studying the reports, and thus becomes acquainted with every detail of the various organizations.

The Emperor of Russia has distributed small tokens of gold to all those who were with him in the imperial train at the time of the railway accident near Borki, in memory of there miraculous escape. The keepsakes are miniature copies of a sacred picture which was found quite undamaged, after the accident, in the dining saloon of the train.

Mrs. Mosley, the wife of an English army officer, and a former American heiress, has been creating a sensation in Monte Carlo this season by her reckless play. Two weeks ago she lost $50,000 at a single sitting.

A Radical Cure for Epileptic Fits.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease which I warrant to cure the worst cases. So strong is my faith in its virtues that I will send free a sample bottle and valuable treatise to any sufferer who will give me his P. O. and Express address. Resp'y,
H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

The best cough medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere, 25c.

Rheumatism IS CURED BY St. Jacobs Oil AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. • BALTO. MD. • THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO.

DIAMOND VERA-CURA FOR DYSPEPSIA.
A POSITIVE CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND ALL Stomach Troubles Arising Therefrom.
Your Druggist or General Dealer will get Vera-Cura for you if not already in stock, or it will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cts. (5 boxes $1.00) in stamps. Sample sent on receipt of 2-cent stamp.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Baltimore, Md.

S.S.S. TRADE MARK

Swift's Specific cured me of malignant Blood Poison after I had been treated in vain with old so-called remedies of Mercury and Potash. S. S. S. not only cured the Blood Poison, but relieved the Rheumatism which was caused by the poisonous minerals.
GEO. BOVELL, 2422 3d Avenue, N. Y.

Nine years ago Scrofula attacked two of my children, and they were badly afflicted with the disease, which resisted the treatment of my family physician. I was persuaded to use Swift's Specific by seeing an account of cures in my county paper. The improvement was apparent from the first few doses, and in a short time my children were cured, and are still sound and well. JOHN WILLIAMS, Lexington, Va.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is entirely a vegetable remedy, and is the only medicine which permanently cures Scrofula, Blood Humors, Cancer and Contagious Blood Poison. Send for Books on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

CATARRH COLD IN HEAD. ELY'S CREAM BALM.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

What Scott's Emulsion Has Done!

Over 25 Pounds Gain in Ten Weeks. Experience of a Prominent Citizen.

THE CALIFORNIA SOCIETY FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF VICE.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 7th, 1886.

I took a severe cold upon my chest and lungs and did not give it proper attention; it developed into bronchitis, and in the fall of the same year I was threatened with consumption. Physicians ordered me to a more congenial climate, and I came to San Francisco. Soon after my arrival I commenced taking Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites regularly three times a day. In ten weeks my avoirdupois went from 155 to 180 pounds and over; the cough meantime ceased. C. R. BENNETT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GOSSAMER OVERSLEEVES PROTECTS THE DRESS FROM SOILING. JUST WHAT YOU WANT to wash dishes with. Saves 20 times its cost yearly. Sample pair mailed, 25c. J. P. CLOWES, Reedsville, Pa.

PATENTS.—16 years' experience. Send sketch or model for report as to patentability. *Circular free.* W. A. REDMOND, Lock Box 259, Wash., D. C.

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy. Oval Box, 34; round, 14 Pills.

$20 Picket Fence Machine for **$10.** Freight paid. *Guaranteed.* Hundreds in use. Circulars *free.* S. H. Garrett, Mansfield, O.

GOLD Live at home and make more money working for us than at anything else in the world. Either sex. Costly outfit FREE. Terms FREE. Address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

HOW TO KEEP EGGS perfectly fresh. Terms and ref. T. G. Ashmead, Williamson, Wayne Co. N Y

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

Blue is the fashionable color of the hour.

Marten and mink furs are again in fashion.

White and silver is a favorite combination.

The Empress of Austria is attended by a woman physician.

The State University of Oregon has 150 women students.

Gray and purple are again worn as half-mourning colors.

Rough woolens are the fancy of the hour with Parisiennes.

Bonnets are now worn by the squaws of the Cheyenne tribe.

The shortest veil now admissible completely covers the face.

In Paris Japanese crape is the favorite new stuff for tea gowns.

Two ladies have been elected bank directors in Atlanta, Ga.

Ribbon striped nets and gauzes are again on the dry goods counters.

Solid twilled serges, soft and fine, will be long favorites for spring gowns.

It is no uncommon thing to see ladies smoking in the restaurants of Italy.

The Czarina of Russia prefers English books to those of any other language.

The most ornamental new hat pin is a moss-rose of enamel in natural colors.

Double-breasted vests of manilla linen are among the threats of next summer.

The second patent issued to a woman was to Mary Brush in 1815 for a corset.

The Empress Victoria, wife of William II., ignores the use of powder and make-up.

The handsomest new spring mufflers are in combinations of black and steel gray.

Miss Amelia B. Edwards, the author, has traveled over pretty much all of the globe.

White astrakhan is the favorite fur for long dressy evening and carriage wraps.

Thick repped ribbon is used for the sashes of black Henrietta accordion gowns.

Dr. McCosh, of Princeton College, says that the best novels are written by women.

For many years only lady teachers have been employed in the schools in Macon, Ga.

Mrs. James T. Fields, widow of the well-known Boston publisher, is a Spiritualist.

Mrs. Otis M. Downing, of Mattapoisett, Mass., asserts that she made 799 pies last year.

A new feature of dressy short wraps is the full velvet sleeve gathered to a deep fur cuff.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to be in better health now than she has been for years.

Ribbon striped woolen dress stuffs for spring are seen in the sample books of leading houses.

A few muffs of velvet or dress materia have a broad band of duck's breast down the middle.

Velvet with bengaline or else brocade and fur is the favorite stuff for visiting toilets this winter.

For an all-around serviceable full dress gown nothing approaches a good black real lace one.

White violets are the favored flower just now with ladies who are laying aside mourning dresses.

A foreign fancy of the minute is to turn under the hand of the long glove, leaving the fingers bare.

The Sara Crewe frock is as fashionable for little girls as the little Lord Fauntleroy suit is for boys.

There is a movement of adhesion among brunettes to the Mexican gold combs just now brought out.

There are about 210 recently graduated English ladies who are entitled to write the letters B. A. after their names.

The Duchess of Marlborough, it is said, has developed a passion for orchids even greater than that of her husband.

The aspirations of women for a share in government have been gratified in England as conspicuously as in America.

A very pleasant and "genteel" way of making pin money has been found in the new feminine fad for wood carving.

The late Mrs. Jay Gould brought her husband a fortune of $90,000. She left in her own right property worth $1,500,000.

Great Britain has 152 women who are Masters and Bachelors of Arts and 21 who are Doctors and Bachelors of Science.

The Princess of Wales rarely pays over six dollars for a bonnet. One of her housemaids would not dare to be so economical.

The Comtesse de Paris is said by a London society paper to drive about in the neighborhood of her English home smoking a short clay pipe.

A Kentucky woman has invented a chewing-gum "quid holder," to "keep it moist and ready for use" when the gum is not in process of mastication.

Gray hair for women is becoming such a rage in Paris that locks which until lately would have been dyed a golden brown are now bleached white.

A London fashion journal says that there is in New York a fashionable boarding school where young women are taught to enter and get out of a carriage.

Many of the fashionable women of Paris are wearing huge hats of white kid on which are black feathers in reckless profusion. The effect is startling.

New York has a restaurant that sort of reverses things. An establishment fronting Central Park has a sign: "Ladies' Restaurant; Reserved Seats for Gentlemen."

Now is the Time

To purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. At no other season is the bitter taste in the mouth more prominent, the breath so offensive, the drowsy dizziness so frequent, or that extreme tired feeling so prevalent. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine to build up the system, purify the blood, cure biliousness and headache, overcome that tired feeling and create a good appetite. Try it this spring.

"I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and consider it the best blood medicine I have ever taken." MRS. A. P. LEIGHTON, Portland, Me.

"I wish to enroll my name as one of those who have derived health from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For many years I have taken it, especially in the early spring, when I am troubled with dizziness, dullness, unpleasant taste in my mouth in the morning. It removes this bad taste, relieves my headache and makes me feel greatly refreshed. The two bottles I have used this spring have been worth a dollar a dose. I advise all my friends to take it." JOHN BINNS, 663 43d Street, town of Lake, Chicago, Ill.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

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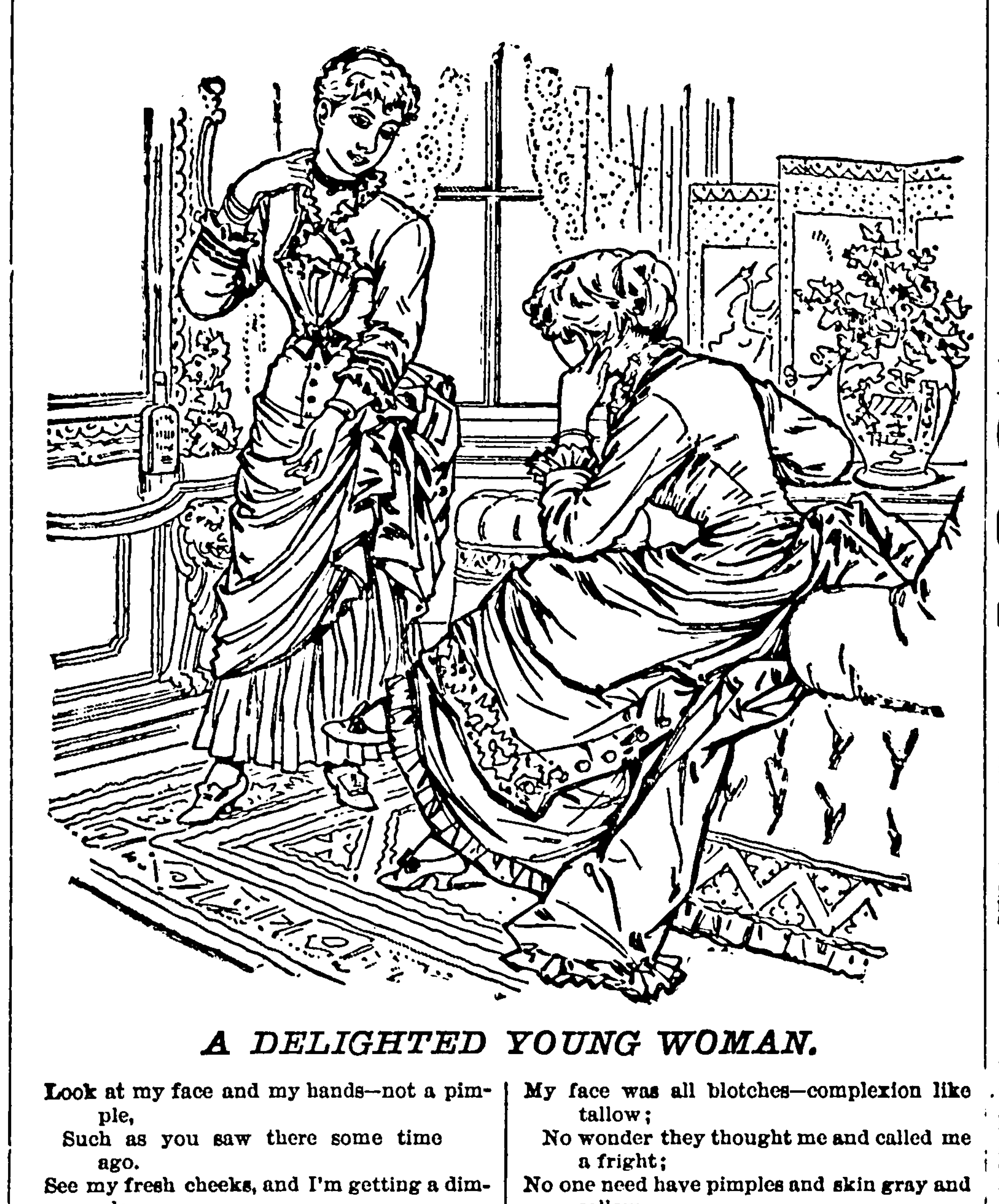

A DELIGHTED YOUNG WOMAN.

Look at my face and my hands—not a pimple,
Such as you saw there some time ago.
See my fresh cheeks, and I'm getting a dimple,
I don't look at all like I used to, I know.

My face was all blotches—complexion like tallow;
No wonder they thought me and called me a fright;
No one need have pimples and skin gray and sallow,
If she'll take what I took, ev'ry morn, noon, and night.

I asked the delighted young woman what she referred to, and she answered, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It *is* the best beautifier in the world, because it purifies and enriches the blood, and pure rich blood gives good health, and good health—beauty.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is **guaranteed** to cure all Blood, Skin and Scalp Diseases, as Blotches, Eruptions, Salt-rheum, Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, **or money paid for it will be promptly refunded.**

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CATARRH IN THE HEAD, no matter how bad or of how long standing, is permanently cured by DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. 50 cents, by druggists.

THIS MEANS YOU

This Beautiful $125.00 Organ Positively Given Away.

To the first person sending us $1 for 25 packets of Seeds, 10 packets most beautiful Flower Seeds, 15 packets of the choicest Vegetable Seeds, Beans, Peas, Radish, Parsnip, Tomato, Cabbage, Onion, Turnip, Beet, Musk Melon, Cucumber, Celery, Pepper and Lettuce, one packet each. Remember, we make you a present of the Organ as you get the worth of your money in Seed. We do this to get every one reading this "Ad." to buy their Seeds of us. The one sending the first nearest guess as to the number of grains or kernels in a half pound of Coffee gets the Organ, which will be sent by freight, securely packed. May 1st, 1889. Write to-day. Send postal note, money order or registered letter. We will not compete with firms selling old trashy seeds at cut rates. We sell only the best at reasonable prices. Address plainly. IRVING H. SWINK, Seedsman, Blooming Glen, BUCKS CO., PENNA. Your choice any 10 packets and one guess, 50 cts. Send guess in separate piece of paper, size of postal card. Mention this paper.

A WET HEN

The man who has invested from three to five dollars in a Rubber Coat, and at his first half hour's experience in a storm finds to his sorrow that it is hardly a better protection than a mosquito netting, not only feels chagrined at being so badly taken in, but also feels if he does not look exactly like

We offer the man who wants service (not style) a garment that will keep him dry in the hardest storm. It is called TOWER'S FISH BRAND "SLICKER," a name familiar to every Cow-boy all over the land. With them the only perfect Wind and Waterproof Coat is "Tower's Fish Brand Slicker," and take no other.

Ask for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER. If your storekeeper does not have the FISH BRAND, send for descriptive catalogue. A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

CHOICE TEXAS LANDS

Rare Chance for Settlers.

The Railroad System of Texas having developed so as to bring within easy access of good interior and seaboard markets the lands granted to the

HOUSTON & TEXAS CENT'L RY. CO.

It has been determined to offer to settlers the

Renowned Agricult'l Lands

Located along the line of the Fort Worth & Denver City R. R., beginning with Wilbarger County, comprising

200,000 ACRES

In farms of 160 acres and upward. These lands were located by the Company among the earliest, with especial care as to soil, timber and water. They are adapted to the growth of cotton, corn, oats, wheat, barley, rye, vegetables, orchards and gardens and the various domestic grasses.

Situated in the elevated and healthy region known as the Southern Panhandle of Texas, they possess a *genial climate,* favorable to man and beast, where outdoor work can be carried on the year round, and are in marked contrast with regions of early and late frosts or of destructive "blizzards."

Population is fast pouring in, and local government is already established, with schools, churches, &c.

TERMS OF SALE: One-fifth cash, balance in four equal yearly payments, with interest on deferred payments.

For further information as to these and lands in adjacent counties, apply to

J. S. NAPIER, Vernon, Texas,
(who is prepared to show to purchasers); or to
C. C. GIBBS, Land Ag't, Houston, Tex.

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NORTHERN PACIFIC. LOW PRICE RAILROAD LANDS & FREE Government LANDS.
MILLIONS of ACRES of each in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.
SEND FOR Publications with Maps describing the best Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands now open to Settlers. **Sent free.** Address
CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

ASTHMA CURED
German Asthma Cure never *fails to give immediate relief* in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all others fail. A *trial convinces the most skeptical.* Price 50c. and $1.00, of Druggists or by mail. Sample FREE for stamp. DR. R. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. So strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send two bottles free, together with a valuable treatise on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD. Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

DO YOU SEE THIS.
I WANT to hear only from sensible men and women that are tired of *bogus, deceptive, Non Sensical* advertisements, offering much for nothing. That are willing to do *easy, honest* work for *liberal* pay. (Not peddling) Address FRANKLIN PUTNAM, 483 Canal St., N. Y.

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All newspaper readers are constantly needing an Atlas for reference in order to intelligently understand the articles they are perusing. It is surprising how much information is thus stored away in the memory, and how soon one becomes familiar with the chief points concerning all the Nations of the World. Postpaid for 25 cents.
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SMITH & WESSON, Springfield, Mass.
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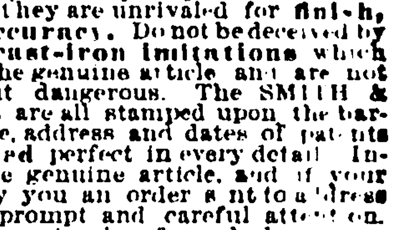

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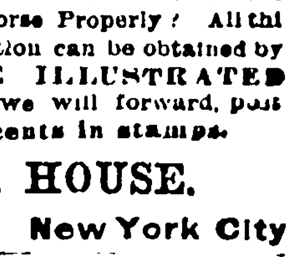

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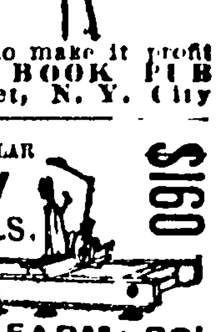

If you know how to properly care for them. For 25 cents in stamps you can procure a 100-PAGE BOOK giving the experience of a practical Poultry Raiser—not an amateur, but a man working for dollars and cents—during a period of 25 years. It teaches you how to Detect and Cure Diseases; to Feed for Eggs and also for Fattening; which Fowls to Save for Breeding Purposes; and everything, indeed, you should know on this subject to make it profitable. Sent postpaid for 25c. BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City

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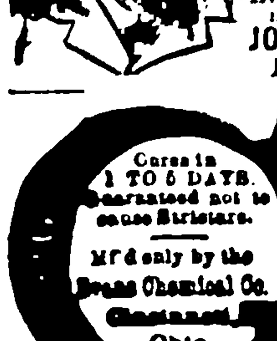

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Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.
We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction. D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
Trade Mark. $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 29, 1889.

Beware of a silent dog and still water. The impure blood flowing silently through the system is a dangerous enemy to helth. *Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla* is the great blood purifier. Cheapest in the market. Largest bottle. All druggists have it.

Mrs. John Lucas, president of the Women's Silk Culture Association, in a report to the Commissioner of Agriculture, said that with proper training the United States could, in a short time, not only to raise its own silk but much more, thus gaining at least $50,000,000 per annum.

EFFECTS OF MODERN LIFE.—Eminent authorities unanimously agree that the high pressure methods of modern life are rapidly making us a race of helpless invalids—subject to all manner of nervous affections, headache, insanity, dizziness, neuralgia, backache, hysteria, nervous troubles of the heart, stomach, kidneys, brain, etc. Ladies and gentlemen who are thus afflicted, or who are compelled to keep late hours do much mental or physical work, who worry or fret about business or domestic troubles, should remember that no other remedy in the world will so speedily cure these diseases, remove worry and the blues, induce tranquil sleep, relieve pain, and build up the brain and nervous system, as Dr. Miles' great discovery, the Restorative Nervine. It contains no opium or morphine. Trial bottles free at Dicks' drug store.

Mrs. Nellie Bailey, of Waukesha, I. T., took a walk with a young man, gave him a drink from a flask and when he regained his senses several days later she claimed him as her husband.

A WOMAN'S DISCOVERY.—"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C.—Get a free trial bottle at Dicks' drug store.

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Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Prepared by

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$1 per bottle Six for $5. By all druggists.

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John H. Nau

Littlestown, Pa., for your

TOMBSTONES

As my business has been greatly increased on account of my cheap and substantial work, I have been compelled to get additional hands who are skilled in fine work. I am at all times prepared to furnish the most beautiful

Monuments, Tombstones, Lintels, Door Sills at Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll and Frederick counties, Md., Adams and York counties, Pa. I Guarantee my PRICES and WORK to suit all persons making purchases from. A large stock of work constantly on hand. Call and examine and satisfy yourself. All orders promptly attended to. Work delivered free of charge. Yords, Frederick Street, Littlestown, Pa.

G. A. KLINGLE,

—FASHIONABLE—

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Shampooning and dyeing done in the finest styles. Razors honed and put in order at lowest rates Saloon next door to the ITEM office. Centre Square. NEW OXFORD, PA

Advertise in the ITEM to draw trade

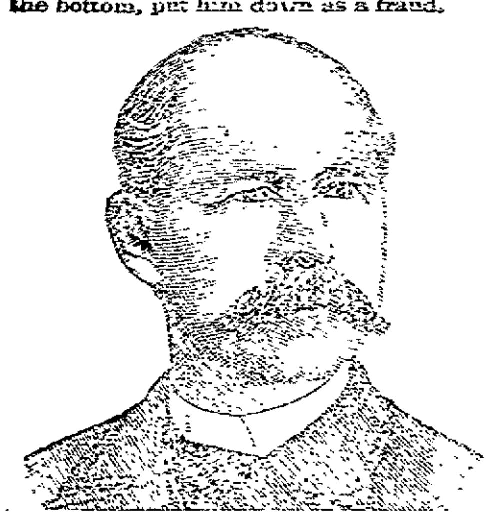
MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitted. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate*, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas Shoes without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR LADIES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.
If not sold by your dealer, write
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

FOR SALE BY

V. S. ROBINSON,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

To the General Public!

NEW DRUGSTORE

J. W. Barnitz,

having purchased the Drug Store formerly occupied by E. C. Cook, respectfully solicits the public patronage. An entire new stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Hair Brushes, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

such as are kept in a first-class drug store. All articles will be sold at reasonable prices.

The Celebrated New Oxford

ICE CREAM

THE undersigned wishes to announce to the public that he is giving his entire personal attention to the manufacturing of ICE CREAM, having an engine to run his machinery, and with his long and extended experience in the business, is now more fully prepared to furnish

Pic-Nics, Celebrations,

as well as

Retailers and Families,

at the shortest notice with the best of Ice Cream well packed in ice. Give him a call before ordering elsewhere and learn his

SPECIAL RATES.

He returns his thanks to his many patrons and kindly requesting them as well all others who may become his patrons to return cans and stands as soon as emptied. All Cream guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. BLUE FRONT, on Pitt street, near the R. R. Depot New Oxford, Adams county Pa.

DR. J. A. MEEHORN.

MARBLE YARD.

E. G. LOUGH,

Opposite the German Reformed Church,

NEW OXFORD, - - PENN'A

All kinds of Grave Work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles, and of the best material. Monuments made a specialty. Persons wishing anything in his line are invited to call and examine his samples before purchasing elsewhere. 2apr89-ly.

Auctioneering.

George L. Colestock

Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer Charges moderate and satisfaction guarantee P. O. Address, Table Rock, Adams county Pa

Subscribe for the ITEM, only $1.

BADLY DUPED

the person who thinks that it is the price that determines the quality of the article. Nothing can be further from the truth. The wheat that now sells for $1.05 per bushel is no better than that which sold at 85 cents but two months ago. Manipulation may put up the price—not the quality, and this rule applies to clothing as much as to wheat. For instance compare prices of

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE

MEN'S CLOTHING!

Choice of Suits in honest materials, well-trimmed, &c., $4.
Choice of different styles Men's good substantial strictly fast colors, $5.50.
Choice of 10 fine styles all-wool Cassimere, $7.75.
Choice of styles of Men's Dress Suits in best domestic and imported goods, in Corkscrew and Broad Wales, $11.50.
Choice of finest goods equal to custom work, made up in Cutaway and Sack Suits, $14.
Men's Overcoats, strong and durable, $3.
Men's Overcoats, satin-faced, in all-wool Chinchillas, $6.
Men's Fall Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors never sold before for less than $15—$11.

BOYS' CLOTHING!

Honest, well-made Short Pants, Suits in different color, shelted or pleated styles at lowest price.
Children's Cassimere Suits cut in belted styles that will wear like iron at a price within reach all $3.
Choice styles of Boy's long pants, Suits heavy weights and dark colors suitable for every day wear, $3.50.
Long Pants Suits in plaids, checks, stripes and dark mixtures, sizes from 14 to 18 years sold over for $7 and $8,—$5.50.
Boys' fine dress suits in fine Casimere, worsted diagonal, must be seen to be appreciated. $7.
Boys' school Overcoats in durable goods. $2.
Boys' Cassimere Overcoats substantially made and trimmed, $4.
Boys' silk-faced Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors, sizes from 14 to 18, $5.50.
Boys' satin-faced Overcoats in fine Kerseys, Meltons and Worsteds, $7.50.

HAT DEPARTMENT:

Full line of Youman's, Dunlap's and Miller shapes at prices never before heard of and certainly the most graceful and shapely Hats ever shown in Hanover.

ISAAC HERZ

P. B. C. H., Fountain Square, (Boadenheimer's Building, HANOVER, PA.

ARE

you desirous of saving money on your shoe bills? If so, you will do well to call at once at the well-known and popular new store of D. MYERS, where

YOU

will find a full and complete assortment of Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, selling at such low prices as will astonish you. Among these will be found all the latest styles. Only solid and durable goods are sold by me. If you are

MARRIED

and have a large family dependent upon you for support, that is all the more reason why you should economize, and this you can do best by buying your foot wear where you have the advantage of getting them at less than city prices. The question now for you to decide is, do you wish to economize and save money?

IF NOT,

Then we would advise you to stay away. If you you really wish to save on your Shoe purchases and at the same time wish to be perfectly suited in fit and beauty of finish, then come at once and join the throng that is constantly entering the popular shoe store of D. MYERS, on Broadway.

WHY

should it be necessary to say more upon the subject? A single trial will convince you of the truth of these facts, and once your esteem is obtained, you will become a regular patron. Yours, Respectfully.

D. MYERS,

At Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, Broadway, Hanover, Pa.

PIANOS & ORGANS!

We have always a large stock of first class instruments, such as

WEBER, DECKER BROS., NEW ENGLAND, FISCHER AND ESTEY PIANOS;

PALACE, LORING & BLAKE, ESTEY, SMITH'S AMERICAN, MASON & HAMLIN, WEAVER, COTAGE QUEEN, WILCOX & WHITE, BURDETTE, & NEW ENGLAND ORGANS.

We sell on easy terms at a low figure, on installments or for cash.

We also trade on old pianos and organs.

Pianos and organs for rent by the month or year.

Every instrument fully warranted as represented.

Give me a call.

MARIA L. FORRY & CO.,

Carlisle St., Hanover, Pa.

—GRAIN AND—

PRODUCE!

The undersigned, having leased the Brick Warehouse on Hanover street, New Oxford Pa., will buy and sell all kinds of Grain and Country Produce, such as

Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, &c., &c.

also the best brands of

Roller & Country Flour,

AND COARSE AND FINE SALT.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a trial. A liberal share of public patronage solicited. FREE DELIVERY anywhere in the borough. Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday noon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock, p. m. All orders left with me will receive prompt attention

mas7.] Z. H. CASHMAN.

GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c.,

AT NEW OXFORD.

The undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand on Pitt street, New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for

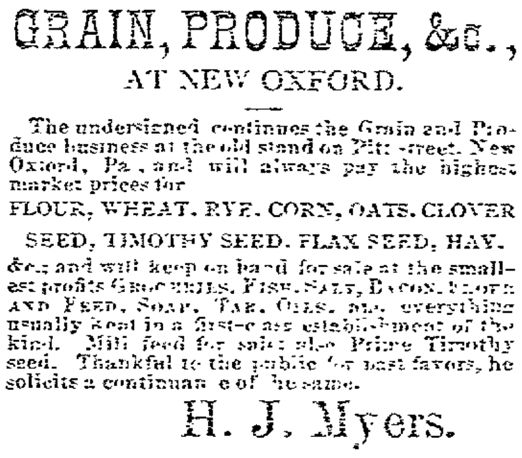
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, HAY,

&c., and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, CORN AND FEED, SOAP, TAR, OILS, etc., everything usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Mill feed for sale; also Prime Timothy seed. Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. Myers.

NEW OXFORD

COACH FACTORY



Jos. H. Lawrence.

NEW OXFORD. - - Pa.

MANUFACTURER OF

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

Every vehicle I manufacture is made throughout—woodwork, ironwork, painting and trimming—in my own shops, by competent mechanics, every one of whom has served a regular apprenticeship at his trade; I am thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular.

—REPAIRING—

of all kinds done promptly, at reasonable prices

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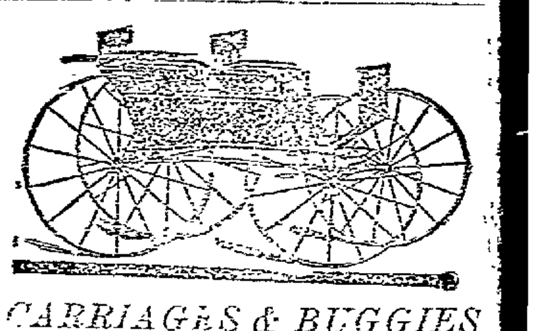
We do job work of all kinds cheap and at the shortest notice.



CARRIAGES & BUGGIES

BOND & CO.

(Successors to Weaver & Co.)

Manufacturers of

Light Carriages!

of every description.

Every vehicle turned out of our Works is made throughout,—wood work, ironing, trimming, painting, in our own shops, under our own supervision; and we are thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular.

Top and No Top Guggies, Jump Seats, for 2 and 4 passengers, Extension-Top Phaetons, Brewster Side-Bar Buggies Fancy Fox Buggies, 2 and 3 Spring Phaetons, Dayton Wagons, &c.

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing such as Painting, Smithing, Trimming, and Wood work. All work done in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Call and see our stock. BOND & CO., Corner of High and Bolton Sts., New Oxford, Pa.

FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY GROCERY

Cor. Centre Sq. and Hanover St., New Oxford, Pa.

—:(o):—

P. J. NOEL

having disposed of his liquors, will now give his whole attention to the Grocery business, promising the public a first-class stock of goods in his line at the lowest living prices. He will always have a full assortment of

GROCERIES, Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Spices, Teas, Salt, Cheese, Brushes, Soaps, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Crackers, Confections, and everything else to be found in a Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE also dealt in extensively, and sellers and buyers are invited to give his store their custom. Nothing left undone to please, and no trouble to show goods and prices. Remember the old stand, S. E. Cor. Centre Square. It is the place to get the worth of your money, not more.

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TEACHERS' NORMAL SCHOOL

ABBOTTSTOWN, PA.

The fifth session of the Teachers' Normal School will open at Abbottstown, Monday, April 15th, to continue ten consecutive weeks. It affords superior advantages for young men and women in acquiring a pratical education. Special attention given to teachers and those preparing to teach

For catalogue and information address

J. F. THOMAN, Principal.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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The New Oxford Item.

NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 29, 1889.

Beware of a silent dog and still water. The impure blood flowing silently through the system is a dangerous enemy to helth.

Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier. Cheapest in the market. Largest bottle. All druggists have it.

Mrs. John Lucas, president of the Women's Silk Culture Association, in a report to the Commissioner of Agriculture, said that with proper training the United States could, in a short time, not only to raise its own silk but much more, thus gaining at least $50,000,000 per annum.

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Littlestown, Pa., for your

TOMBSTONES

As my business has been greatly increased on account of my cheap and substantial work, I have been compelled to get additional hands who are skilled in fine work. I am at all times prepared to furnish the most beautiful

Monuments, Tombstones, Lintels, Door Sills at Bargains.

My work extends all through Carroll and Frederick counties, Md., Adams and York counties, Pa. I Guarantee my PRICES and WORK to suit all persons making purchases from. A large stock of work constantly on hand. Call and examine and satisfy yourself. All orders promptly attended to. Work delivered free of charge. Yorde, Frederick Street, Littlestown, Pa.

G. A. KLINGLE,

—FASHIONABLE—

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Shampooning and dyeing done in the finest styles. Razors honed and put in order at lowest rates Saloon next door to the ITEM office. Centre Square, NEW OXFORD, PA

Advertise in the ITEM to draw trade

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MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitted. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate, N. Y.*, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas Shoes without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR LADIES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.
If not sold by your dealer, write
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

FOR SALE BY

V. S. ROBINSON,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

To the General Public!

NEW DRUGSTORE

J. W. Barnitz,

having purchased the Drug Store formerly occupied by E. G. Cook, respectfully solicits the public patronage. An entire new stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Hair Brushes, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

such as are kept in a first-class drug store. All articles will be sold at reasonable prices.

The Celebrated New Oxford

ICE CREAM

THE undersigned wishes to announce to the public that he is giving his entire personal attention to the manufacturing of ICE CREAM, having an engine to run his machinery, and with his long and extensed experience in the business, is now more fully prepared to furnish

Pic-Nics, Celebrations,

as well as

Retailers and Families,

at the shortest notice with the best of Ice Cream well packed in ice. Give him a call before ordering elsewhere and learn his

SPECIAL RATES.

He returns his thanks to his many patrons and kindly requesting them as well all others who may become his patrons to return cans and stands as soon as emptied. All Cream guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. BLUE FRONT, on Pitt street, near the R. R. Depot New Oxford, Adams county Pa.

DR. H. A. MELLHORN'S

MARBLE YARD.

E. G. LOUGH,

Opposite the German Reformed Church,

NEW OXFORD, - - PENN'A

All kinds of Grave Work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles, and of the best material. Monuments made a specialty Persons wishing anything in his line are invited to call and examine his samples before purchasing elsewhere. 28apr80-1y

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George L. Colestock

Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer Charges moderate and satisfaction guarantee P. O. Address, Table Rock, Adams county Pa

Subscribe for the ITEM, only $1.

BADLY DUPED

the person who thinks that it is the price that determines the quality of the article. Nothing can be further from the truth. The wheat that now sells for $1.05 per bushel is no better than that which sold at 85 cents but two months ago. Manipulation may put up the price—not the quality, and this rule applies to clothing as much as to wheat. For instance compare prices of

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE

MEN'S CLOTHING!

Choice of Suits in honest materials, well-trimmed, &c., $4.

Choice of different styles Men's good substantial strictly fast colors, $5.50.

Choice of 10 fine styles all-wool Cassimere, $7.75

Choice of styles of Men's Dress Suits in best domestic and imported goods, in Corkscrew and Broad Wales, $11.50.

Choice of finest goods equal to custom work, made up in Cutaway and Sack Suits, $14.

Men's Overcoats, strong and durable, $3.

Men's Overcoats, satin-faced, in all-wool Chinchillas, $6.

Men's Fall Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors never sold before for less than $15—$11.

BOYS' CLOTHING!

Honest, well-made Short Pants, Suits in different color, belted or pleated styles at lowest price.

Children's Cassimere Suits cut in belted styles that will wear like iron at a price within reach of all $3.

Choice styles of Boy's long pants, Suits heavy weights and dark colors suitable for every day wear, $3.50.

Long Pants Suits in plaids, checks, stripes and dark mixtures, sizes from 14 to 18 years sold over for $7 and $8,—$5.50.

Boys' fine dress suits in fine Casimere, worsted diagonal, must be seen to be appreciated. $7.

Boys' school Overcoats in durable goods, $2.

Boys' Cassimere Overcoats substantially made and trimmed, $4.

Boys' silk-faced Overcoats in light, dark or medium colors, sizes from 14 to 18, $5.50.

Boys' satin faced Overcoats in fine Kerseys, Meltons and Worsteds, $7.50.

HAT DEPARTMENT!

Full line of Youman's, Dunlap's and Miller shapes at prices never before heard of and certainly the most graceful and shapely Hats ever shown in Hanover.

ISAAC HERZ

P. B. C. H., Fountain Square, (Boadenheimer's Building, HANOVER, PA.

ARE

you desirous of saving money on your shoe bills? If so, you will do well to call at once at the well-known and popular new store of D. MYERS, where

YOU

will find a full and complete assortment of Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, selling at such low prices as will astonish you. Among these will be found all the latest styles. Only solid and durable goods are sold by me. If you are

MARRIED

and have a large family dependent upon you for support, that is all the more reason why you should economize, and this you can do best by buying your foot wear where you have the advantage of getting them at less than city prices. The question now for you to decide is, do you wish to economize and save money?

IF NOT,

Then we would advise you to stay away. If you you really wish to save on your Shoe purchases and at the same time wish to be perfectly suited in fit and beauty of finish then come at once and join the throng that is constantly entering the popular shoe store of D. MYERS, on Broadway.

WHY

should it be necessary to say more upon the subject? A single trial will convince you of the truth of these facts, and once your esteem is obtained, you will become a regular patron. Yours, Respectfully,

D. MYERS,

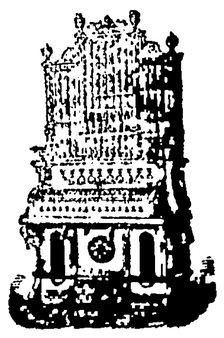
At Andrew Dellone & Bro.'s Old Stand, Broadway, Hanover, Pa.

PIANOS & ORGANS!

We have always a large stock of first-class instruments, such as

WEBER, DECKER BROS., NEW ENGLAND, FISCHER AND ESTEY PIANOS;

PALACE, LORING & BLAKE, ESTEY, SMITH'S AMERICAN, MASON & HAMLIN, WEAVER, COTAGE QUEEN, WILCOX & WHITE, BURDETTE, & NEW ENGLAND ORGANS



We sell on easy terms at a low figure, on installments or for cash.

We also trade on old pianos and organs.

Pianos and organs for rent by the month or year.

Every instrument fully warranted as represented.

Give me a call.

MARIA L. FORRY & CO.,

Carlisle St., Hanover, Pa.

—GRAIN AND—

PRODUCE!

The undersigned, having leased the Brick Warehouse on Hanover street, New Oxford Pa., will buy and sell all kinds of Grain and Country Produce, such as

Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, &c., &c.;

also the best brands of

Roller & Country Flour,

AND COARSE AND FINE SALT.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a trial. A liberal share of public patronage solicited. FREE DELIVERY anywhere in the borough. Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday noon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock, p. m. All orders left with me will receive prompt attention

ma87.] Z. H. CASHMAN.

GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c.,

AT NEW OXFORD.

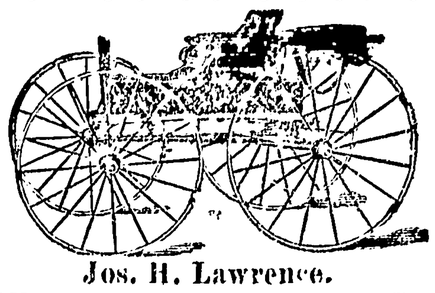
The undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand on Pitt street, New Oxford, Pa, and will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, HAY, &c.; and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED, SOAP, TAR, OILS, and everything usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Mill feed for sale; also Prime Timothy seed. Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. Myers.

NEW OXFORD

COACH FACTORY



Jos. H. Lawrence.

NEW OXFORD, - - Pa.

MANUFACTURER OF

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

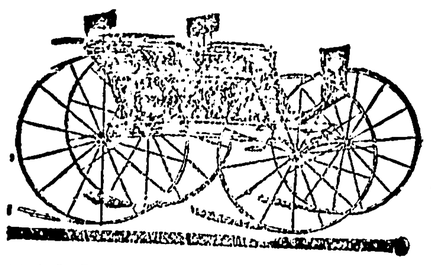
Every vehicle I manufacture is made throughout—woodwork, ironwork, painting and trimming—in my own shops, by competent mechanics, every one of whom has served a regular apprenticeship at his trade; I am thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular.

REPAIRING

of all kinds done promptly, at reasonable prices

12ma86tf Jos. H. LAWRENCE.

We do job work of all kinds cheap and at the shortest notice.



CARRIAGES & BUGGIES

BOND & CO.

(Successors to Weaver & Co.)

Manufacturers of

Light Carriages!

of every description.

Every vehicle turned out of our Works is made throughout,—wood work, ironing, trimming, painting, in our own shops, under our own supervision; and we are thus enabled to guarantee full satisfaction in every particular.

Top and No Top Buggies, Jump Seats, for 4 and 4 passengers, Extension-Top Phaetons, Brewster Side-Bar Buggies Piano Box Buggies, 2 and 3 Spring Phaetons, Dayton Wagons, &c.

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing such as Painting, Smithing, Trimming, and Wood work. All work done in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Call and see our stock. BOND & CO., Corner of High and Bolton Sts., New Oxford, Pa.

FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY GROCERY

Cor. Centre Sq. and Hanover St., New Oxford, Pa.

—:(o):—

P. J. NOEL

having disposed of his liquors, will now give his whole attention to the Grocery business, promising the public a first-class stock of goods in his line at the lowest living prices. He will always have a full assortment of

GROCERIES, Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Spices, Teas, Salt, Cheese, Brushes, Soaps, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Crackers, Confections, and everything else to be found in a Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE also dealt in extensively by buyers and sellers and buyers are invited to give his store their custom. Nothing left undone to please, and no trouble to show goods and prices. Remember the old stand, S. E. Cor. Centre Square. It is the place to get the worth of your money, not more.

13june79. WALK IN!

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The fifth session of the Teachers' Normal School will open at Abbottstown, Monday, April 15th, to continue ten consecutive weeks. It affords superior advantages for young men and women in acquiring a practical education. Special attention given to teachers and those preparing to teach

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J. W. THOMAN, Principal.